# HYDROLOGY SECTION REPORT GUICHON CREEK

#### INTRODUCTION

In response to a request (memorandum of April 8, 1987) from D. Lovdahl, Licensing Section, water supply runoff estimates were made for the purpose of assessing current and proposed water licenses in the Guichon Creek basin. A regional study, previously done for the Nicola River basin, was updated and runoff estimates were made for various frequencies for Mamit Lake, the diversions from Guichon, Chartrand and Winslow Creek and the proposed diversion from Melba-Walloper Creek.

This report describes only the procedure used in updating the regional study for the Nicola basin (memorandum of February 15, 1984; File No. S2107). Only a brief description is given of the previous study, without the details of the graphical plot used or hydrologic zone definitions. The original basin diagram is included with the general locations of the study tributary basins added (Figure 1). The regional runoff-elevation curve was reproduced and updated with relevant plots (Figure 2). A map figure of the proposed Melba-Walloper diversion layout is also provided (Figure 3).

#### NICOLA RIVER BASIN

The majority of runoff in the Nicola River basin (80%) results from spring snowmelt. The remainder (20%) is caused by spring and fall westerly Pacific

frontal rainstorms. The approximate location of the problem basins are shown in Figure 1 which is a copy of the whole Nicola basin from the 1984 Study. On it are outlined three hydrologic zones. The northeastern part of the Guichon Creek basin which contains the proposed Melba-Walloper Creek diversion lies in the moderate runoff East Nicola zone while the greater portion of the Guichon Creek lies in the low runoff Middle Nicola zone.

#### REGIONAL STUDY UPDATE

The procedure used in this study is based on the 1984 Nicola Study for estimating volume runoff which consisted of a regional study of natural flow headwater tributaries in the Nicola River and immediately surrounding watersheds (Figure 1). Selected hydrometric station records were adjusted to a common study period in calculating long-term average runoff. The 1967-86 record of Salmon River above Salmon Lake (O8LEO75) was used as a reference. The regional runoff-elevation curves of the Nicola study were redrawn in Figure 2 but without the individual points from which they were derived. However, two records, Guichon Creek above Tunkwa Lake Diversion (O8LGO56) and Salmon River (O8LEO75), representing the two hydrologic zones being considered in this study, were plotted as index points. These plots confirmed the points used to draw the runoff-elevation curves in the 1984 Nicola Study.

Other hydrometric data not used in the 1984 Study were considered in this study for the drainage area covering the Melba-Walloper creek diversion proposal as outlined in Figure 3. There are two discontinued (1966-70) seasonal records which sample this area, Melba Creek above Walloper Lake (08LG052) and Walloper Creek above Walloper Lake (08LG053). Since the May-July period contains 70 to 80% of the annual runoff total, the two records for this period were adjusted to long-term (by comparing with the Salmon River station May-July period) and plotted along with the comparable time period records of the index stations on Guichon Creek and Salmon River.

Seasonal runoff curves, pro-rated from the annual curves, were also drawn for comparison. The relative plotting positions of the problem basin records with respect to the index stations (Walloper Creek plots slightly lower) supports the representativeness of the East Nicola annual runoff curve for estimating the problem basin runoff.

Low flow annual frequencies were updated for the reference stations of Guichon Creek (O8LG056) and Salmon River (O8LE075) for the East Nicola and Middle Nicola runoff zones, respectively. Ratios of recurrence intervals to mean year were used to pro-rate the mean-year estimates based on the runoff-elevation curves. Also, these stations were used to establish percentage of monthly to annual runoff to enable making monthly estimates.

## TRIBUTARY RUNOFF ESTIMATES

The annual runoff-elevation curves defined by the 1984 Nicola Study and confirmed above were used to make runoff estimates presented in Table 1 for Mamit Lake inflow, the Guichon, Chartrand and Winslow Creek diversions and the proposed Melba-Walloper Creek ditch diversion. The first four estimates are based on the Middle Nicola curve while the latter (and a small portion for lower Walloper Creek) was based on the East Nicola curve. Since the Melba and Walloper Creek seasonal data plot lower than the seasonal East Nicola curve these estimates may be up to 30% high (difference between the Walloper Creek point and the curve value). Only the high tributary area contributing to runoff (area above elevation of zero runoff as defined in Table 1) in each watershed was used with the unit runoff from the appropriate curve to estimate annual volume runoff.

The above basin estimates can be used individually to evaluate licensed diversions that affect each basin. The residual runoff can then be combined with the Mamit Lake inflow estimate to determine the water supply for Guichon Creek under a variety of water use and drought scenarios.

In Table 2 are given monthly percentage distributions of annual runoff for the two hydrologic zones. These distributions should be applied before a water balance analysis of supply and demand since monthly water use patterns are based on different criteria.

## CONCLUSIONS

Tributary runoff estimates for various recurrence intervals were made for the purpose of evaluating current and proposed water license diversions in the Guichon Creek basin. Regional runoff-elevation curves from a previous Nicola River Study were reviewed with current annual data and formerly unused short-term seasonal data.

The estimates based on the Middle Nicola regional curve for Mamit Lake inflow and the Guichon, Chartrand and Winslow Creek diversions are reliable but the estimate for the proposed Melba-Walloper Creek diversion is uncertain (may be 30% too high) due to inadequate records and the close proximity of the approximate hydrologic zone boundary to the problem basin. If more accurate runoff estimates for the proposed diversion are required the Melba and Walloper Creek gauges O8LG052 and O8LG053 should be re-established with continuous operation recorders for a two or three year period.

Senior Hydrologic Engineer

Hydrology Section

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387-9474

TABLE 1
TRIBUTARY ANNUAL RUNOFF ESTIMATES

		1	MEDIAN ELEVATION ABOVE EZR	DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE EZR	UNIT RUNOFF FROM R-E CURVE	ANNUAL VOLUME RUNOFF (dam <sup>3</sup> )				
SITE	DRAINAGE AREA					RECURRENCE INTERVAL (years)				ars) <sup>†</sup>
• 5114	(km <sup>2</sup> )	(m)	(m)	(km <sup>2</sup> )	(mm)	MEAN	5	10	20	50
Mamit Lake Inflow excluding drainage areas above diversions from: - Guichon Creek - Chartrand Creek - Winslow Creek	647	956 1 067 1 100 1 140 1 180 1 219	1 340 1 350 1 355 1 360 1 370 1 390	647 612 596 576 540 490	57 58 59 61 64	34 800 34 570 33 980 32 940 31 360	22 120 - -	- 17 670 - -	- - 14 490 -	- - - 11 600
Guichon Creek above Tunkwa Lake Diversion	71.0	1 173 1 219	1 380 1 390	71 • 0 68 • 0	62 64	4 402 4 352	2 820 -	2 290 -	1 940 	- 1 610
Chartrand Creek above Diversion	34.6	1 250	1 490	34.6	86	2 976	1 900	1 550	1 310	1 100
Winslow Creek above Diversion	5.88	1 340	1 510	5.88	91	535	342	278	235	198
Proposed Melba-Walloper Creek Diversion	27.7	1 340	1 490	27•7	180	4 986	3 740	3 090	2 490	1 890
Lower Walloper Creek between Proposed Ditch and Mouth	3.10	1 304	1 360	3.10	123	381	286	236	. 191	145

<sup>\*</sup>EZR, elevation of zero runoff, is that elevation in a watershed at which precipitation equals potential evapotranspiration with insignificant contribution to surface runoff on an annual basis. Based on previous studies it varies between 1 067 m (3,500 feet) and 1 219 m (4,000 feet) in this region from mean-year to drought conditions. Equal increments of 40 m are arbitrarily defined here for progressively more severe droughts.

+Recurrence Interval Ratios: R.I. year mean year

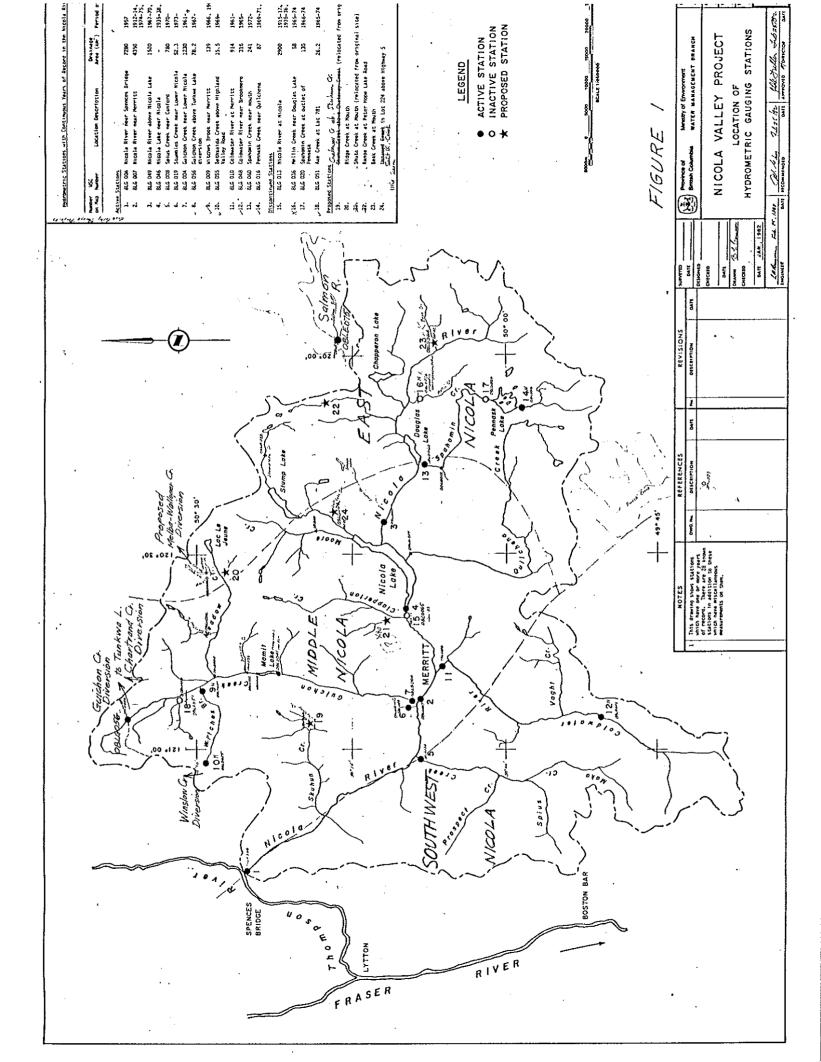
R.1. (years)	Gulchon Cr. (08LG056)	Salmon R. (08LE075)			
mean	" 1 ₌00	1 • 00			
5	0.64	0.75			
10	0.52	0.62			
20.	0.44	0.50			
50	0.37	0.38			

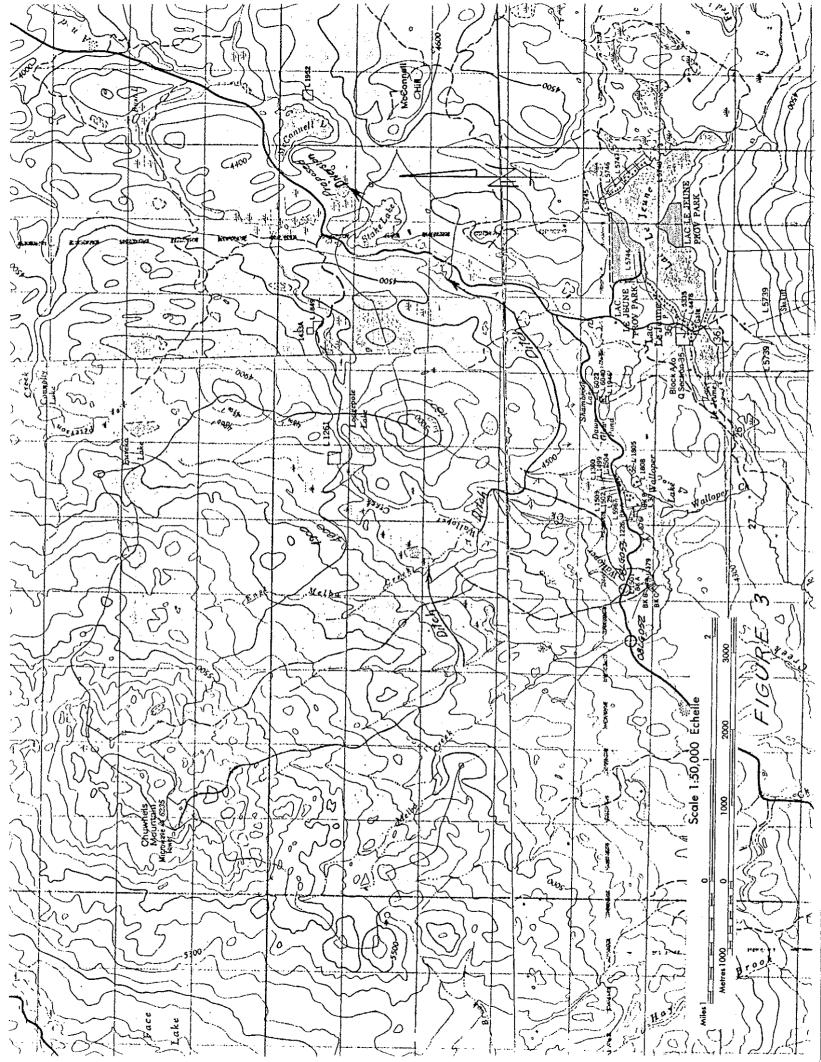
TABLE 2

MONTHLY PERCENTAGE OF ANNUAL RUNOFF

HYDROLOGIC ZONE	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ост	NOV	DEC	YEAR
Middle'Nicola (Guichon, Chartrand and Winslow Creek)	2.07	2•47	3•25	7.74	36.6	25.0	8•74	4.09	2.86	2.69	2.58	1•91	100.00
East Nicola (Melba Creek and Walloper Creek	1.14	1.30	1.61	4•28	36.5	36.5	7•32	3.24	2.54	2.14	1.94	1.49	100.00

Middle Nicola is based on Guichon Creek above Tunkwa Lake Diversion (08LG056). East Nicola is based on Salmon River above Salmon Lake (08LE075).







To:

Ministry of Environment and Parks MEMORANDUM

Mr. D. Lovdahl, Head
Licensing Section
Policy, Evaluation and Operations
Water Management Branch
Ministry of Environment and Parks
765 Broughton Street
BUILDINGS
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Date: May 14, 1987

Our File: S2109

# Re: Guichon Creek Hydrology Study

In response to your April 8, 1987 memorandum request on the above, enclosed please find a copy of the Hydrology Section Report of May 12, 1987 by W. Obedkoff.

C.H. Coulson, Head Hydrology Section Water Management Branch 387-9481

Attach.

W. Obedkoff