

Canada - British Columbia
Floodplain Mapping Agreement

Floodplain Mapping - Kettle and Granby Rivers

DESIGN BRIEF



Granby River - The Flood of 1983



Acres International Limited

December 1991

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1 Introduction

This Design Brief and associated Floodplain Maps for the Kettle and Granby Rivers were prepared under the Canada-British Columbia Floodplain Mapping Agreement by Acres International Limited. The floodplain delineation study was conducted from August 1991 to January 1992, and encompassed a channel length of 52 km in the Kettle River basin located in the Kootenay region of British Columbia (see **Figure 1-1**). This Design Brief describes the data and analyses undertaken and summarizes the study findings.

Principal contacts within the Victoria offices of B.C. Environment, Lands and Parks, Water Management Division for the study were Mr. P.J. Woods, Head, Floodplain Delineation Section and Mr. R.W. Nichols, Senior Hydraulic Engineer. The Water Management Division contact in the Regional Office in Penticton was Mr. B.J. Symonds, Head, Engineering Section. Valuable assistance and guidance were provided to the study by these staff members, and their contributions are gratefully acknowledged.

The floodplain delineation study for the Kettle and Granby Rivers comprised the following principal tasks:

- completion of a hydrology study to assess flooding characteristics and estimate design flows for the study reaches;
- calibration of a computer backwater model (HEC-2) to estimate flood profiles, using cross-sectional data and topographic maps provided by B.C. Environment, Lands and Parks as input data;
- determination of 200- and 20-year flood levels for the study reaches, using the calibrated computer model;
- delineation of land areas with elevations lower than the 200-year flood levels plus freeboard as the "200-year floodplain", using topographic maps provided by B.C. Environment, Lands and Parks; and
- preparation of this Design Brief and associated Floodplain Maps.

2 Drainage Basin

2.1 Description of the Basin

The Kettle and Granby River basins lie within the Monashee (Columbia) mountains. The Kettle River is bounded on the west and east by the Beaverdell and Midway ranges, respectively, and by the Kettle River Range to the south. The Granby River is bounded on the west and east by the Midway and Christina ranges respectively (see **Figure 2-1**). The terrain is generally very rugged with the mountain peaks rising to over 2000 m and ground slopes as high as 50%. Significant mountain peaks in the basin are Almond (2320 m), Faith (2280 m), Roderick Dhu (1830 m), Big White (2320 m) and Mount Tanner (2420 m).

The catchment area at the downstream end of the study reach is 9840 km². The principal city in the study reach is Grand Forks. Smaller communities in the study reach are Cascade, Billings, Gilpin and Christina Lake. The study reach lies within the Kootenay Boundary Regional District.

2.2 Hydrological Characteristics

The Granby River flows from north to south and enters the Kettle River at the city of Grand Forks. The Kettle River flows generally north to south and turns northeast after it enters Washington State. Just prior to the confluence with the Granby, the Kettle River returns to British Columbia and turns east to parallel the border. After Christina Creek, the Kettle River turns south and flows back into Washington State. The study reach starts where the Kettle River returns to British Columbia and ends where it flows back into Washington State.

The Kettle River has two main tributaries in the study reach, the Granby River and Christina Creek. The drainage area of the study reach varies, as indicated in **Table 2-1**. All streams in the area have relatively steep grades and medium to large cobbles in the stream beds. Typically, the overbank areas are heavily forested.

The mean daily temperature ranges from -6.1°C. in January to 19.6°C. in July¹, with recorded temperature extremes of -38.9°C. and 42.2°C. Of the total annual precipitation of 860 mm, approximately two-thirds occurs as rain and one-third as snow.² The 100-year 24-hour maximum precipitation, as documented in the

¹ "Canadian Climatic Normals, Volume 2, Temperature, 1951-1980," Atmospheric Environment Service, Environment Canada, 1982.

² "Canadian Climatic Normals, Volume 3, Precipitation, 1951-1980," Atmospheric Environment Service, Environment Canada, 1982.

**TABLE 2-1
DRAINAGE AREAS**

| Location | Drainage Area (km ²) |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| (a) Kettle River | 9840 |
| Upstream End of Study Reach (above Granby River) | 6750 |
| Downstream of Granby River Confluence | 8800 |
| At Cascade Falls (above Christina Creek) | 8960 |
| Kettle River Near Laurier (Gauge 08NN012) (downstream end of study reach) | 9840 |
| (b) Granby River at the Mouth (Gauge 08NN002) | 2050 |
| (c) Christina Creek | 520 |

Atmospheric Environment Service (AES) Rainfall Frequency Atlas for Canada³, is 45 mm.

There are five flow gauging stations in the study basin with usable records (see **Table 2-2**). The mean annual runoff recorded at the long term station on the Kettle River near Laurier (WSC 08NN012) is 82.0 m³/s. This is equivalent to a runoff depth of 263 mm, suggesting a runoff coefficient of 58%, which is normal for a heavily forested catchment. The annual flood peak occurs from late-April to mid-June. The annual runoff hydrograph is very much dominated by the spring freshet; on average, 76% of the annual flow is observed in April, May and June.

The snowmelt-dominated flow pattern observed for the Kettle River has also been observed from the flow record on Granby River and smaller basins like Hidden Creek to the east. This has important implications for the flood frequency analysis. It appears that throughout the basin the maximum annual flow is attributable to spring snowmelt supplemented by rainfall. No consideration needs to be given to rainfall-induced events at other times of the year.

While the annual flood peak is a snowmelt event, damaging floods usually require the occurrence of significant rainfall in addition to rapid snowmelt. These rains usually result from frontal systems moving in from the west coast which are subjected to significant orographic effects from the local topography. During the early summer, non-frontal "cold lows" occasionally pass through the area from the northwest, west or southwest, and sometimes produce significant amounts of rainfall before moving eastwards. Convective rainstorms typically occur in the summer months, but do not produce large floods, except on very small creeks.

2.3 Historical Floods

Over the years, the study area has been subjected to floods, some of which have caused significant damages. The following paragraphs describe the worst floods based on information obtained from newspaper files, discussions with long term residents of Grand Forks and, when available, Water Survey of Canada flow data.

³ "Rainfall Frequency Atlas for Canada", Hogg, W.D. and D.A. Carr, Atmospheric Environment Service, Environment Canada, 1985.

**TABLE 2-2
FLOW GAUGING STATIONS WITHIN THE
STUDY BASIN WITH USABLE RECORDS**

| Item | Station | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Kettle River Near Laurier | Kettle River at Cascade | Kettle River at Carson | Kettle River Near Ferry | Granby River at Grand Forks |
| Water Survey of Canada No. | 08NN012 | 08NN006 | 08NN005 | 08NN013 | 08NN002 |
| Drainage Area (km ²) | 9840 | 8960 | 6730 | 5750 | 2050 |
| Gauge Location | LAT 48-59-04N LONG 118-12-55W | 49-01-25N 118-12-30W | 49-00-00N 118-29-45W | 48-58-53N 118-45-55W | 49-02-39N 118-26-19W |
| Period of Record ¹ | 1930-date | 1916-34 | 1914-22 | 1929-date | 1926-31 1966-date |
| Type of Flow | Natural | Natural | Natural | Natural | Natural |
| Rating Curve | Stable at medium and high flows | N/A | N/A | N/A | Stable at medium and high flows |

1

"Historical Streamflow Summary to 1988, British Columbia", Inland Waters Directorate, Environment Canada, 1989.

May 1948

The flood of 1948 was widespread in southern British Columbia and is the flood of record for the Kettle River at Laurier. The recorded peak mean daily flow was 968 m³/s, which corresponds to a return period of about 200 years (see Section 4). The flood appears to have been caused by high snowmelt runoff exacerbated by a series of heavy thunderstorms.

Flooding in the city of Grand Forks reached its peak on May 24, shortly after the failure of an abandoned dam on the Granby River. Prior to the dam failure, the city had attempted to dynamite a log jam formed behind the dam. However, their efforts were not sufficient, and, according to a report in the Nelson Daily News, ". . . the weight of water snapped a pier in the old dam and sent a five-foot wall of water roaring down the valley." Two elderly ladies were injured, ". . . when the sidewalk on which they were walking was swept away by the raging waters." **Photographs 1 and 2** provide an indication of the extent and severity of the flooding that took place. Low-lying areas were inundated to depths of as much as 8 ft. In all, more than 50 homes were isolated from the business section of Grand Forks, with scores of shoppers unable to return to their homes. A taxicab became stranded and its driver had to be rescued by boat. One young child drowned in Fourth of July Creek.

May 1956

Only eight years after the disastrous 1948 flood, the City of Grand Forks was subjected to another major flood. The flood of 1956 is the second largest flood of record, with a peak mean daily flow of 858 m³/s as recorded at Laurier. The return period of this flood is about 30 years. The flood appears to have been caused by exceptionally warm weather occurring when the snowpack was fully ripened and the rivers already flowing high.

Flooding was extensive as is evident from **Photograph 3**. As in 1948, more than 50 homes were flooded. In addition, numerous farm buildings, two autocourts and thousands of hectares of farm land were under several feet of water. The Kettle River was reported to have risen from 12 to 18 ft above normal.

May 1983

In late May 1983, flooding occurred on both the Kettle and Granby Rivers. The Kettle River peaked at a mean daily flow of 807 m³/s, corresponding to a return period of just under 20 years. The Granby River peak flow was 329 m³/s, which corresponds to a return period of just over 10 years.

Some houses adjacent to the Granby River were threatened by the flood as is evident from **Photograph 4**. Significant flooding occurred in the Grand Forks City Park (see **Photograph 5**). However, flooding of this park appears to be a fairly common occurrence.

May 1986

Once again, late May extreme snowmelt conditions produced flooding on the Kettle and Granby Rivers in 1986. The peak mean daily flow observed on the Kettle River was $725 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$, while the observed peak on the Granby River was $309 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$. Both of these peaks were somewhat greater than five-year return period floods.

The Grand Forks City Park area was flooded once again during this event. The Cooper Bridge (Cross Section #53, Sheet 5) was closed for some time, since the Highways Department suspected structural damage from log jams (see **Photograph 6**).



PHOTOGRAPH 1 View of some of the flooding in Grand Forks, taken from Observation Mountain (May 1948)

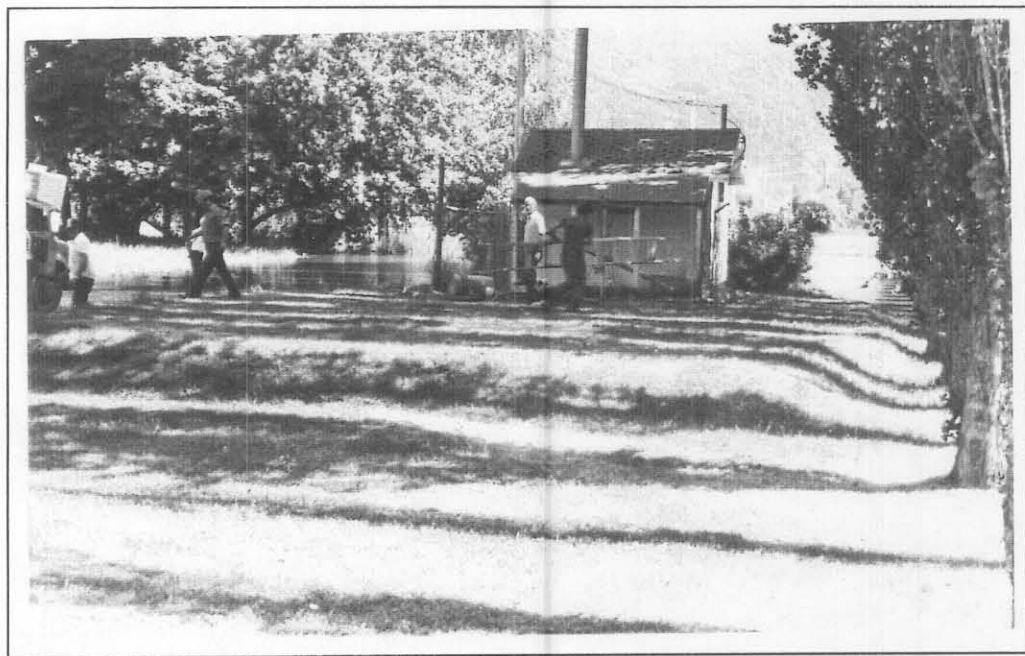


DAMAGE WHICH WILL RUN INTO thousands of dollars has been caused by flooding Granby and Kettle Rivers at Grand Forks where about 50 homes have been surrounded by water. This aerial photo of the scene of devastation, showing the Boundary city in the background, was taken for the Daily News from a plane by Art Stevens of Nelson.

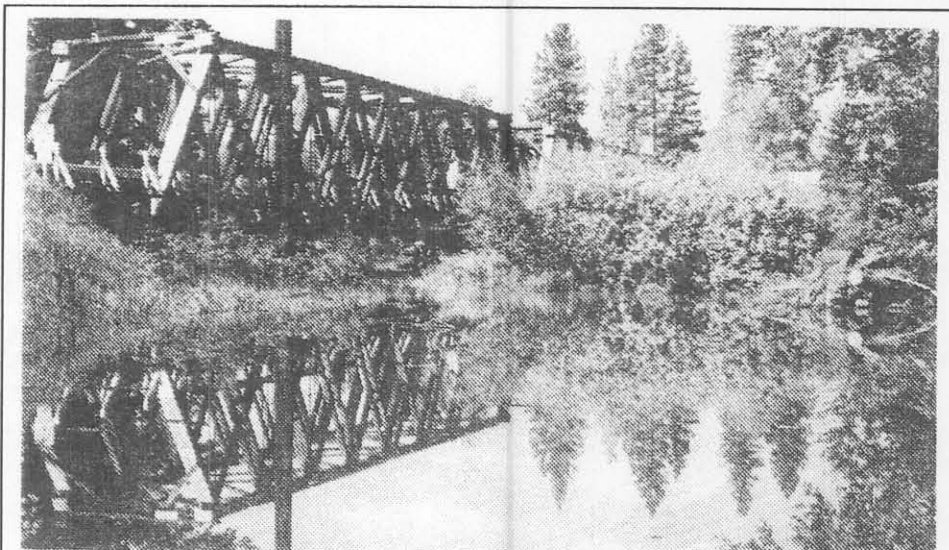
PHOTOGRAPH 3 Aerial view of flooding in Grand Forks (May 1956)



PHOTOGRAPH 4 Residence on the Granby River (May 1983)
(East side of Granby River between Cross-section #5
and #6, Sheet 7)



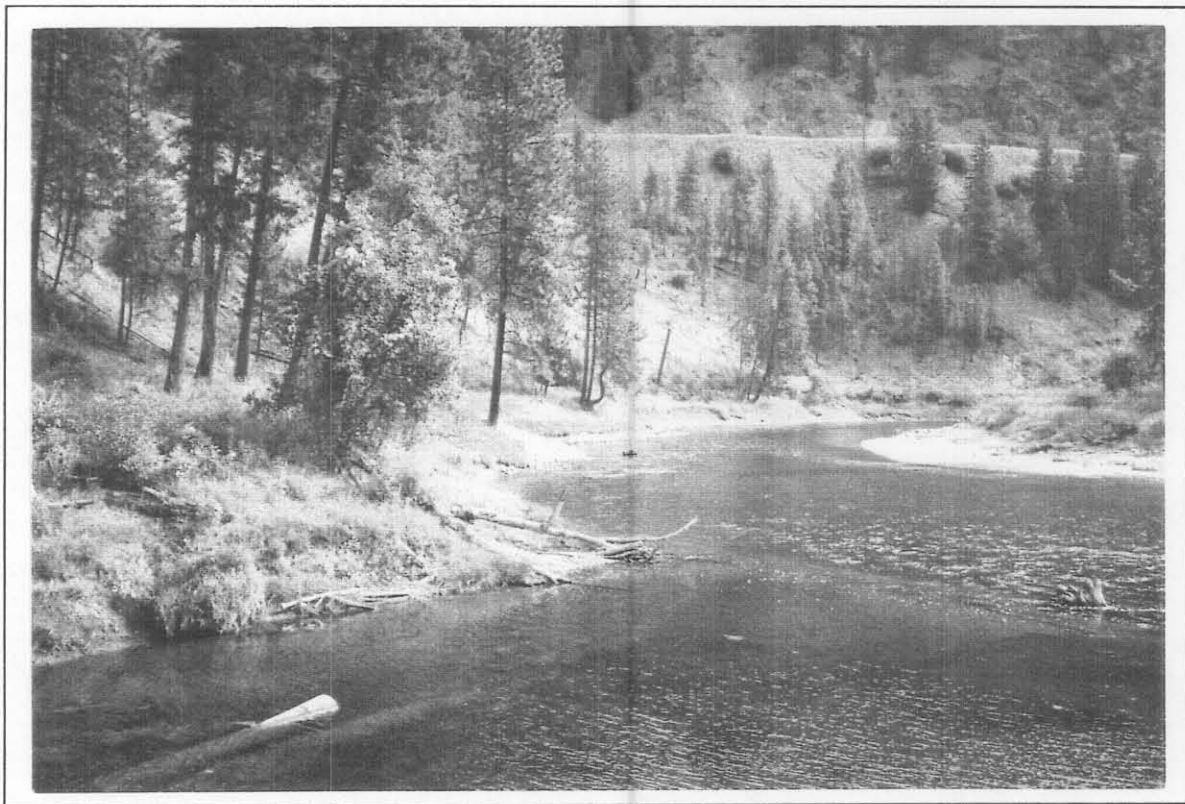
PHOTOGRAPH 5 Sewer lift station adjacent to Grand Forks City Park (May 1983)
(Viewed south to the Kettle River, between Cross-sections #43
and #44, Sheet 7)



The Cooper Bridge was closed last week after the Highways Department suspected the pilings suffered structural damage when logs jammed during the recent high water in the Kettle River. Highways must wait until the water recedes before the extent of the damage, or the length of the closure can be determined.

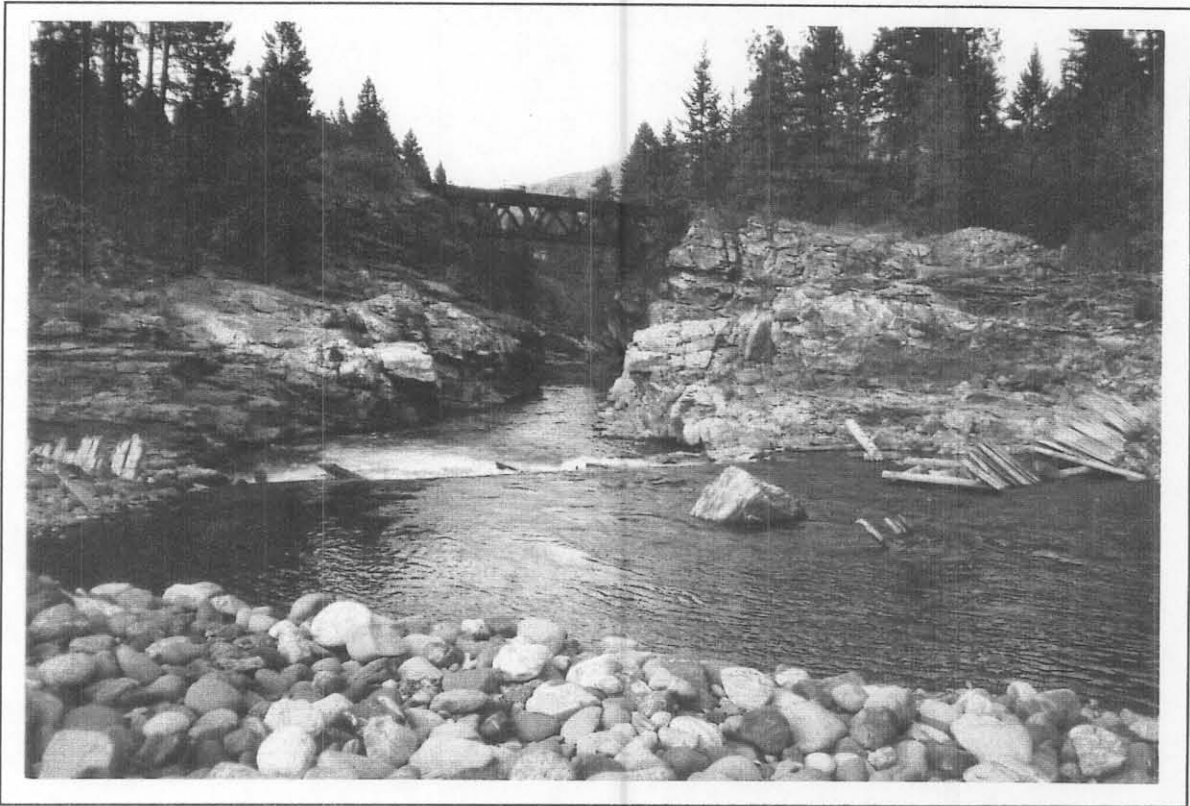
PHOTOGRAPH 6

Cooper Bridge damaged by log jamming during the flood (May 1986)
(Cross-section #53, Sheet 5)



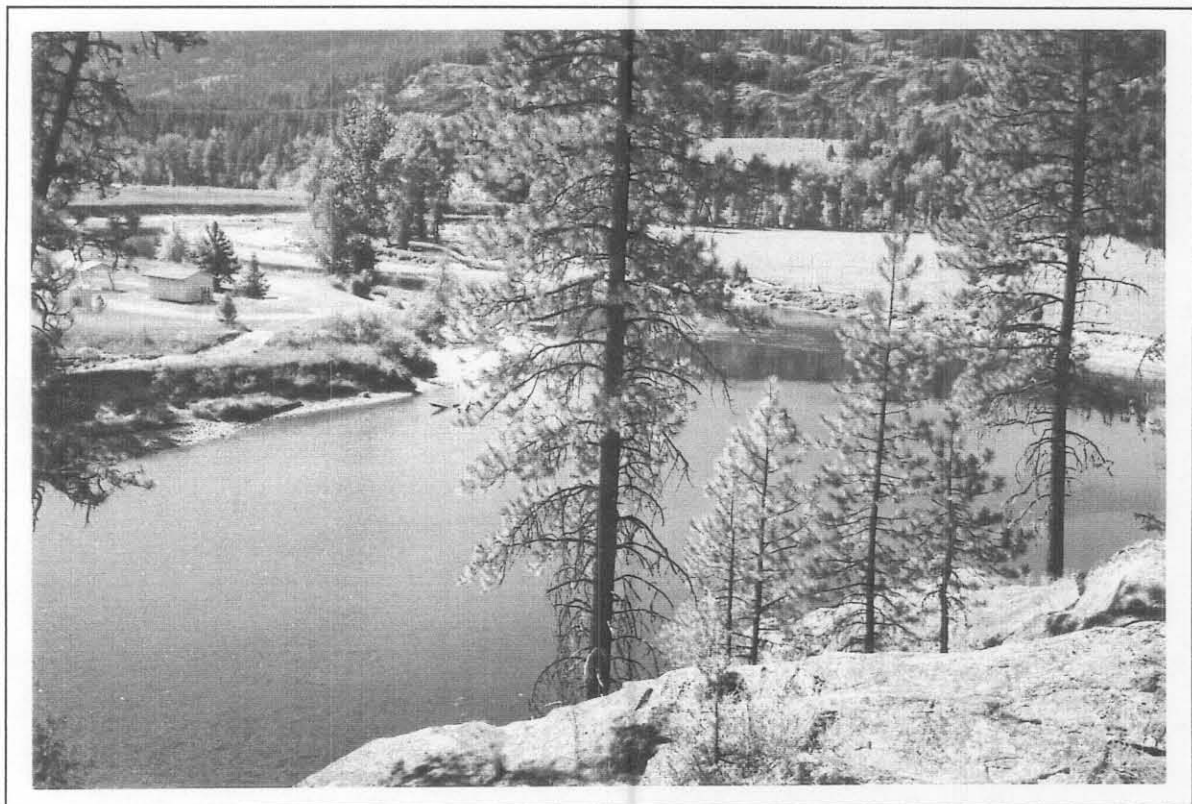
PHOTOGRAPH 7

Confluence of Christina Creek and Kettle River
(Viewed downstream towards Cross-section #13, Sheet 1)



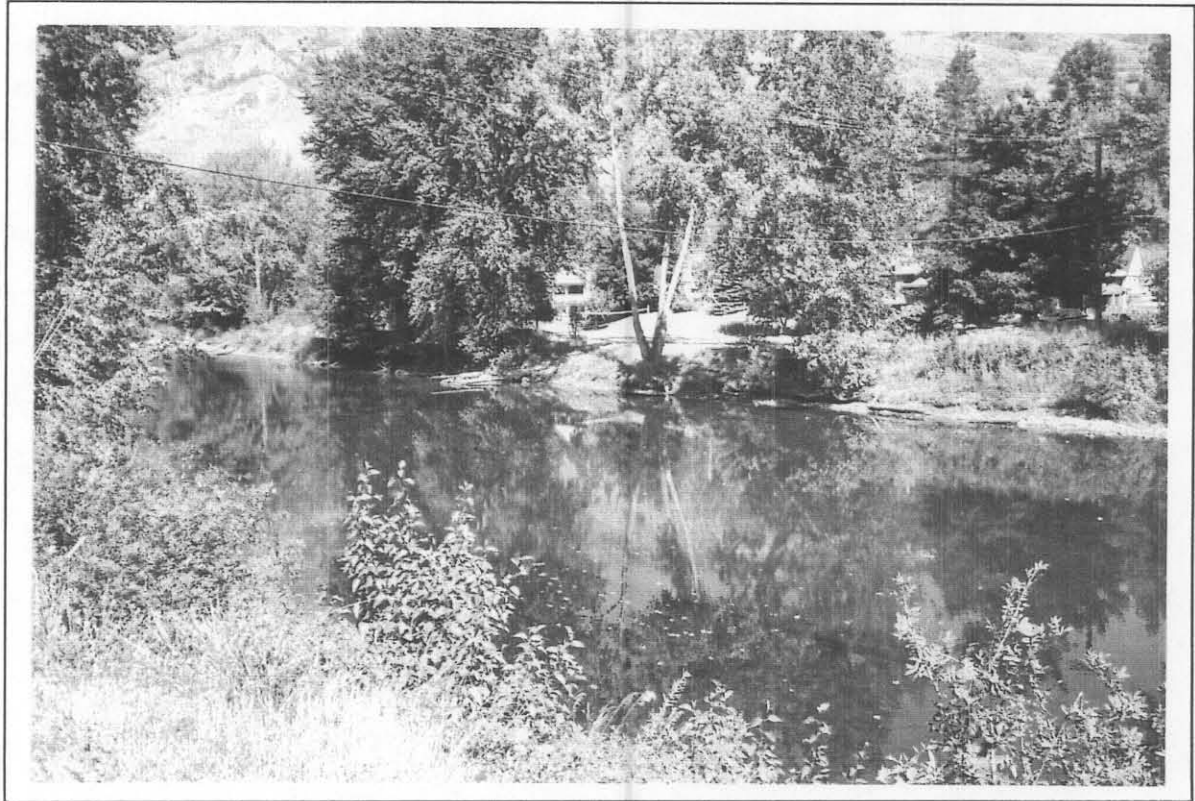
PHOTOGRAPH 8

Kettle River at the site of the abandoned Cascade Dam
(Viewed downstream; see Sheet 1)



PHOTOGRAPH 9

Upper reaches of the Granby River
(Viewed upstream towards Cross-section #22, Sheet 9)



PHOTOGRAPH 10

Lower reaches of the Granby River
(Viewed upstream towards Cross-section #45, Sheet 7)

3 Data Used for the Study

3.1 Data Sources

3.1.1 The Study Basin

Flood frequency analysis requires at least ten years of data at a site before a meaningful analysis may be undertaken. Over the years, Water Survey of Canada has operated a number of gauging stations in the Kettle River basin. The five stations with usable records and the key characteristics of these stations are presented in Table 2-2.

3.1.2 The Study Region

In 1989, B.C. Environment undertook a regional flood frequency analysis for the Kootenay (Nelson) region.¹ In that study, no regional curves or regional equations were developed for estimating peak flows for ungauged basins, due to the diverse characteristics of the gauged basins and the influence of this diversity on flood characteristics. The plots of unit mean annual flood (mean annual flood divided by drainage area) versus drainage area presented in the B.C. Environment report showed significant scatter on a sub-region basis, with a general trend of increasing unit flood peaks with drainage area. Such a trend is not normally expected, as small basins typically generate higher unit flood peaks than do larger basins. This demonstrates that other factors (e.g. basin elevation, orientation, natural storage) exert a significant influence on the flood characteristics of Kootenay region watersheds.

3.2 Field Investigations

During the course of the study, two reconnaissance trips to the Grand Forks area were undertaken by the principal investigator. The dates of the trips were September 9 to 11 and November 26 to 28, 1991. On the first trip, a reconnaissance of the accessible study reaches was undertaken to estimate the hydraulic roughness of the overbank portions of the river and to make note of any features that would be relevant to the hydraulic analysis of floods. Some representative photographs were taken of the river along the study reaches (see **Photographs 7 to 10**). Discussions were held with Mr. Brian Symonds (Head, Engineering Section, Water Management Division) in Penticton; he provided background material on the study basin and past flooding problems. Discussions were also held with Mr. Brent Tipple of the Water Survey of Canada in Nelson, concerning flood records and rating curves for stations in the area. Newspaper archives in Nelson and Castlegar were examined for accounts of historical

¹ "Guide to Peak Flow Estimation for Ungauged Watersheds in the Kootenay (Nelson Region)," Recksten, D.E. and Barr, L.J., B.C. Ministry of Environment, Water Management Branch, 1989

floods in the study area. Interviews were held with several long-term residents of the area concerning floods. The assistance of the following individuals is gratefully acknowledged:

| | | |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| Mr. Sam Dutoff | - | Proprietor, Esso Station |
| Mr. Leo Paulosky | - | B.C. Environment, Lands and Parks |
| Mr. John Churnoff | - | Resident |
| Mr. Barry Alcock | - | B.C. Environment, Lands and Parks |
| Mr. Art Hoefsloot | - | Surveyor |
| Mr. Ken McKinnon | - | Superintendent, City of Grand Forks |

During the second field trip, uncertainties in the draft floodplain maps were reconciled. Further discussions were held with Mr. Symonds concerning flooding in the town of Grand Forks.

4 Flood Frequency Studies

The mountainous terrain of the Kettle region makes conventional regional hydrology analysis difficult, as demonstrated in the B.C. Environment regional hydrology study for the Kootenay (Nelson) region. Accordingly, the present study relied on the results of flood frequency analyses of the gauges in the study basin. This essentially complies with the recommended approach of the B.C. Environment regional study.

The study required water levels to be computed using the HEC-2 computer model for the following flow conditions:

- 200-year Instantaneous Flow
- 200-year Mean Daily Flow
- 20-year Instantaneous Flow
- 20-year Mean Daily Flow

It is evident from Figure 2-1 and Table 2-1 that the catchment area varies appreciably along the study reach. It was therefore necessary to derive the four desired flood flows at points along the study reach. The following sections of this report document the procedure used to estimate flood flows at four points in the study reach.

4.1 Flood Frequency Analysis and Results

Flood frequency analyses were undertaken at three locations:

- Kettle River near Laurier
- Kettle River at Cascade
- Granby River at Grand Forks

Analyses were undertaken where possible using both instantaneous and daily peak flow data. Supplementary analyses were undertaken for the two long-term stations excluding unusually low peak flows recorded in March 1931 on the Granby River and June 1930 on the Kettle River, as discussed below.

The Acres computer program used for the analysis, designated FDR, is based on Environment Canada's frequency analysis program "FDRPFFA". It incorporates slight modifications to the output format and the addition of graphics capabilities. The numerical results of FDR are identical to those of FDRPFFA. The program attempts to fit six different statistical distributions to the flood data:

- Gumbel (Extreme Value Type I)
- Pearson Type III

- Three-Parameter Lognormal
- Log Pearson Type III
- Two-Parameter Lognormal
- Normal Distribution

For this study only the first three distributions were considered as candidates for analysis as specified in the "Specifications for Engineering Studies, Floodplain Mapping Program". The computer program output was reviewed and the most appropriate distribution for the data was selected. For many flood frequency analyses conducted in Canada, the sample sizes under consideration are too small to make a confident choice of distribution. However, there is often enough evidence to reject some of the choices, and the differences among the remaining candidates are quite small on many occasions.

The detailed results of the flood frequency analyses for the present study are presented in **Appendix A**. The following discussion relates to the choice of distribution for each case.

(a) Kettle River near Laurier (Instantaneous)

Initial analyses using recorded flood peaks yielded reasonable results, but estimated flood peaks for most return periods were found to be slightly lower than those obtained from the daily flow series. Upon review, it was noted that the data point corresponding to 1948 (the flood of record) was missing, although there was a recorded daily flood peak. The instantaneous flood peak for this year was estimated at 1000 m³/s, based on the ratio of instantaneous to daily flood peaks for the highest four floods for which both were available. The ratio used in this case was 1.034. This estimated value for 1948 was then added to the instantaneous flood peak series and the data set reanalysed. Of the three candidate distributions, only the Gumbel distribution did not provide a reasonable fit to the data, as indicated by the frequency plots and statistical indicators documented in Appendix A. The Pearson Type III and the Three Parameter Log Normal provided essentially identical results, whereas the Gumbel distribution yielded higher flood estimates.

(b) Kettle River near Laurier (Daily)

The results are very similar to those for the instantaneous flows. The rejection of an outlier (year 1930) was studied and this outlier was rejected for the analysis. The Gumbel distribution provided a poor fit and the other two distributions provided reasonable fits with identical results for the 200-year flood.

(c) **Granby River at Grand Forks (Daily)**

The flow record for Granby River is significantly shorter than that of the Kettle River, which accounted for poorer results in the analysis. There was no result for the Three Parameter Log Normal distribution and the other two provided poor fits. The rejection of an outlier (year 1931) resulted in a slightly better fit for the Pearson Type III distribution.

(d) **Kettle River at Cascade (Daily)**

The flow record for the Kettle River at Cascade was short but the frequency analysis yielded fairly good results. However, because of the short record and the small difference between the observed flows at Cascade and Laurier, it was decided that recorded flows at Laurier could adequately represent flows at Cascade. No reduction in design flows upstream of Christina Creek will be necessary for this reason.

The Pearson Type III distribution provided adequate fits for all the data sets, and was adopted for use in this study. Frequency plots based on the Pearson Type III distribution are shown in **Figures 4-1, 4-2 and 4-3**. The calculated flows corresponding to various return periods are presented in **Table 4-1**.

4.2 Derivation of Design Flows

The values for the Kettle River at Laurier given in Table 4-1 indicated that instantaneous flood peaks are substantially equal to daily flood peaks, with differences attributable to minor factors. As discussed in Section 4.1(d), the Kettle River at Laurier flows can be used to represent conditions from Cascade to the confluence of the Granby River. That is, no flow reduction was required upstream of Christina Creek.

Comparison of daily flood values between Kettle River at Carson (WSC 08NN005) and Kettle River at Cascade (WSC 08NN006) indicated that flows at Carson were consistently about 58% of flows at Cascade. Therefore, it was decided to estimate design flows for the Kettle River from the town of Grand Forks to the upstream end of the study reach at Carson by multiplying design flows at Cascade by 0.60.

For the Granby River at Grand Forks, no instantaneous flood peak data were available. The instantaneous/daily flood peak ratio versus drainage area relationship for three nearby gauges was therefore investigated (see **Figure 4-4**). This investigation led to the decision to use a value of 1.17 for the instantaneous/daily flood peak ratio corresponding to the drainage area of 2050 km² for the Granby River at Grand Forks.

**TABLE 4-1
CALCULATED FLOOD PEAKS¹**

| RETURN PERIOD (Years) | STATION | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|
| | KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER | | GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS |
| | INST m ³ /s | DAILY ² m ³ /s | DAILY ³ m ³ /s |
| 10 | 797 | 765 | 326 |
| 20 | 853 | 821 | 344 |
| 50 | 918 | 887 | 363 |
| 100 | 963 | 932 | 375 |
| 200 | 1006 | 974 | 385 |

¹ Flood peaks for all return periods indicated were estimated using the Pearson Type III distribution.

² The data point representing the 1930 daily flood peak was omitted from the daily flood peak analysis as an outlier.

³ The data point representing 1931 daily flood peak was omitted from daily flood peak analyses as an outlier.

The values derived for the design flows to be used in the floodplain mapping analysis are presented in **Table 4-2**. **Figures 4-5** and **4-6** show the rating curves for the Kettle River near Laurier and the Granby River at Grand Forks, respectively, together with the derived design flows and maximum recorded flows.

**TABLE 4-2
DESIGN FLOWS FOR STUDY REACHES**

| Location | Q ₂₀₀ | | Q ₂₀ | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Inst. | Daily | Inst. | Daily |
| | m ³ /s | m ³ /s | m ³ /s | m ³ /s |
| (1) Kettle River Main Stem | | | | |
| (i) Granby River to u/s end of study reach | 604 | 584 | 512 | 493 |
| (ii) Christina Creek to just d/s of Granby River | 1006 | 974 | 853 | 821 |
| (iii) Laurier gauge to just d/s of Christina Creek | 1006 | 974 | 853 | 821 |
| (2) Granby River | 450 | 385 | 402 | 344 |

5 Hydraulic Analyses

5.1 River Backwater Modelling

In the floodplain mapping study for the Kettle and Granby Rivers, the hydraulic backwater analysis was undertaken using the most recent version of HEC-2¹. The model was originally developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, and it has been widely used in North America and elsewhere. Starting with a known flow and water level, the model proceeds upstream (subcritical flow) or downstream (supercritical flow), calculating the unknown water levels using the Standard Step Method.

The use of the Standard Step Method assumes the following:

- flow is steady
- flow is gradually varied
- flow is one-dimensional
- river channels have small slopes, say less than 10%.

The model accounts for energy losses due to friction (Manning's "n"), flow contraction and expansion, and bridge losses of various types.

5.2 Data Requirements

The following types of data are required for a typical HEC-2 water surface profile study for a natural river under flood flow conditions:

- detailed river channel cross-sections, which are extended to include the floodplain area based on topographic base mapping data;
- estimates of the lengths of the flow paths between cross-sections (left overbank, right overbank and channel);
- estimates of Manning's "n" for the different parts of the cross-sections (often three values are sufficient: left overbank, right overbank and channel);
- when the flow width changes appreciably, values of expansion and contraction coefficient (the HEC-2 manual provides guidance on the choice of these coefficients);

¹ "HEC-2 Water Surface Profiles, Users Manual", Hydrologic Engineering Centre, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Davis, California, 1982.

- detailed descriptions of bridges within the reach of interest; and
- the flow values to be modelled and the starting elevation for the most downstream cross-section (for a subcritical run).

A total of 108 detailed river cross-sections were provided by B.C. Environment, Lands and Parks in HEC-2 ready format. Of these, 81 were on the Kettle River and 27 on the Granby River. The locations of the cross-sections were shown on the provided topographic maps (1:5,000 scale, 1-m contour interval). The cross-sections essentially covered the "within-banks" portion of the river; they were extended manually to include the overbank portions using topographic information obtained from the maps. Lengths of the flow paths between cross-sections were estimated using the same maps. Data for a total of eight bridges, provided by B.C. Environment, Lands and Parks, were also input to the model.

5.3 Model Calibration

Prior to using HEC-2 to model the floods of interest, it is important to calibrate the model with at least one recorded flood event. A successful calibration adds confidence to the water surface profiles estimated for other flows. The calibration exercise assists in achieving several important objectives:

- elimination of errors in the basic data files;
- proper representation of flow through the bridges; and
- estimation of Manning's 'n' for the channel portion² of the cross-sections.

The Manning's "n" values for the overbank portions of the cross-sections were available from the field reconnaissance. The within-banks values were estimated as part of the calibration exercise. Expansion and contraction coefficients were estimated using guidance provided in the HEC-2 manual.

In June 1991, the Survey Branch of B.C. Environment, Lands and Parks, undertook a water level and high water mark survey for the study reach. The survey was carried out over a period of two days. Water levels and high water marks were observed for a total of 33 cross-sections. The survey notes indicated that the high water marks were not always well defined (the peak of the freshet had occurred about one month earlier) and they suggested that the recorded water levels would be more relevant for calibration purposes.

² Since calibration events rarely involve overbank flow, it is usually necessary to estimate "n" values for the overbank areas using general guidelines only.

After removing errors from the data files and ensuring that proper representation of the flow was occurring throughout the study reaches, and particularly through bridges, the HEC-2 model was calibrated for the observed water levels of June 1991 as recorded by the surveyors. The first step was to establish the channel values of Manning's "n" that provided the best possible match between observed and calculated water levels. The range in Manning's "n" was 0.030 to 0.050. On the Granby River, the values increased generally upstream, as would be expected. The mean absolute difference between observed and calculated water levels was 0.10 m for the Kettle River and 0.09 m for the Granby River.

Using the model parameters as determined above, and the 1991 freshet peak flows, the HEC-2 model was run and the calculated water levels compared to the recorded high water marks. The results for the Granby River were reasonable, with a mean absolute difference of 0.13 m. However, the results for the Kettle River indicated that the model significantly overestimated the water levels by an average of 0.8 m. To obtain a reasonable match between the calculated and observed water levels, Manning's "n" had to be reduced in some reaches to as low as 0.02 — much lower than would be expected given channel characteristics. Discussions were then held with USGS staff, who operate the Kettle River at Laurier gauge. They confirmed that the spring freshet peak flow occurred on 22 May 1991; however, there was a secondary peak at the end of May which was about 2 ft (0.6 m) lower than that of May 22. If this secondary peak produced the high water marks that were identified by the surveyors, this would account for much of the discrepancy. After discussion with B.C. Environment staff, it was agreed that the calibration obtained using the observed water levels was acceptable and would form the basis for the production runs.

Figures 5-1 and 5-2 show the observed and calculated water levels for the calibration data, illustrating the generally satisfactory agreement between them. If the "n" values had been adjusted downwards to yield closer agreement with the high water mark data, the calculated water levels in Figure 5-1 would fall consistently below the observed levels.

5.4 Production Runs

Once the HEC-2 model was satisfactorily calibrated for the study reaches, it was ready for calculation of the flood profiles of interest:

- 200-year instantaneous
- 200-year daily
- 20-year instantaneous
- 20-year daily

The required flows for each of the above runs are presented in Table 4-2. The starting water level at the downstream end of the study reach was obtained using the rating curve for the Kettle River at Laurier gauging station. Upstream of the Cascade rapids, the starting level was calculated using the slope-area method, and for the Granby River the starting level was the appropriate calculated Kettle River level at the confluence.

Several adjustments were made to the model prior to accepting the results as being truly representative of the hydraulic conditions that would actually occur. In areas where the floodplain is very wide and flat, the model indicated a significant portion of the flow occurring on the floodplain. In reality, the water would primarily be ponded in these areas, with little flow being conveyed. The cross-sections used in the model were adjusted to reflect this likelihood.

The results of the analyses indicated that none of the bridges would be overtopped in the 200-year flood. It should be noted that these calculations assumed that no debris would choke the openings under the bridges. The presence of sufficient material to cause a partial blockage would cause higher water levels in the areas immediately upstream of the affected bridges. The flow profile computed for the 200-year daily discharge case is presented in Figure 5-2.

5.5 Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity analysis is intended to determine the sensitivity of the computed water levels to changes in the two most important parameters that were estimated: the design discharge and the hydraulic roughness (Manning's "n").

5.5.1 Sensitivity to Discharge

The design flows adopted for the study were based on some single-site flood frequency analyses and a limited amount of regionalization of the results. Potential sources of error include:

- flow measurement at the gauges used to estimate the rating curves, leading in turn to errors in peak flow estimates;
- choice of frequency distribution;
- fitting of the frequency distribution to the data; and
- regionalization of the results.

The 200-year daily discharge flood profiles were re-run with changes in discharge at all points of -10%, +10% and +20%. Table 5-1 shows the resulting mean change in water level. The data show that, for a 20% increase

in discharge, the mean water level increase is within the 0.6 m freeboard allowance used in calculating flood levels for floodplain delineation purposes.

5.5.2 Sensitivity to Manning's "n"

The Manning's "n" values for the overbank portions of the cross-sections were based on observation and tables of "n" values for different types of vegetation. The channel values were derived in the calibration. Some uncertainty exists in these estimates.

The 200-year daily discharge flood profile was re-run with changes in Manning's "n" of -10%, +10% and +20%. Table 5-1 shows the resulting mean change in water level. The results show that sensitivity to changes in Manning's "n" is comparable to sensitivity to changes in discharge.

5.6 Floodplain Mapping

The Terms of Reference for the present study called for the 200-year floodplain to be delineated as the maximum of:

- (a) 200-year instantaneous water level plus 0.3 m freeboard
- (b) 200-year daily water level plus 0.6 m freeboard

It was found that the 200-year daily level +0.6 m dominated over the entire study reach. The calculated 200-year and 20-year flood levels, including freeboard, are presented in **Appendix B**; the 200-year floodplain limits, including freeboard, are delineated on the mylar base maps of the study area.

The following points should be noted regarding the manner in which the floodplain was delineated:

- (a) In areas where dykes exist, whether the dyke was estimated to be capable of containing the flow or not, the floodplain was delineated as if the dyke was not present. However, dykes were assumed to be capable of restricting conveyance of flows to the dyked channel. This is in accordance with Ministry policy (see Note 4 on the floodplain maps).
- (b) Strictly defining floodplain limits on the basis of hydraulic calculations without considering topographic limitations can produce floodplain maps that are impractical to administer, based on B.C. Environment, Lands and Parks' experience in the Flood Damage Reduction Program. For example, a gentle rise in the middle of a floodplain could lead to the definition of a low-lying "island" in the floodplain that should, for practical purposes, be included in the

floodplain. Similarly, a "backslope" area may be nominally excluded from the hydraulically defined floodplain, but it may be subject to flooding from a tributary that was not explicitly included in the hydraulic analysis. In keeping with B.C. Environment's practice, these considerations led to the definition of the floodplain limit in some areas based on engineering judgement, together with the results of the hydraulic analysis. In all areas, however, the water levels estimated from the hydraulic analyses are defined on the isograms shown on the maps.

- (c) The hydraulic interaction between the Kettle River and Christina Lake is of interest. It had been reported by local observers that on occasion reverse flow occurs between the Kettle River and Christina Lake. This possibility is borne out by the hydraulic analyses. The occurrence of reverse flow will require a high stage in the Kettle River and will depend on the relative timing of the floods in the Kettle River and into Christina Lake. The floodplain limits for Christina Creek have been delineated on the maps by interpolating between the Christina Lake flood level³ and that for the Kettle River.

³ The designated flood level (including freeboard) for Christina Lake is 448.2 m. See "A Design Brief on the Floodplain Mapping Study, Christina Lake, An Overview of the Studies Undertaken to Produce Floodplain Mapping for Christina Lake", R.W. Nichols, Senior Hydraulic Engineer, Special Projects Section, November 1990. This report provides details regarding calculation of the Christina Lake flood levels.

**TABLE 5-1
RESULTS OF SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS**

| ITEM | (a) Kettle River | (b) Granby River | (c) Combined |
|-------------------------|---|------------------|--------------|
| | Mean Increase in Water Level ¹ (m) | | |
| A. DISCHARGE | | | |
| -10% | -0.24 | -0.15 | -0.22 |
| +10% | 0.23 | 0.13 | 0.21 |
| +20% | 0.44 | 0.27 | 0.40 |
| B. MANNING'S "n" | | | |
| -10% | -0.22 | -0.14 | -0.20 |
| +10% | 0.21 | 0.13 | 0.19 |
| +20% | 0.40 | 0.26 | 0.37 |

¹ Compared to 200-year daily discharge run.

6 Recommendations

The maps (Drawings 90-34, Sheets 1 to 9) that were prepared together with this Design Brief depict the 200-year floodplain limits for the study reaches, based on technical standards established by B.C. Environment, Lands and Parks. It is recommended that these maps be designated under the terms of the joint Canada-British Columbia Floodplain Mapping Agreement.

Hydraulic calculations to define the floodplain limits have been undertaken in a careful and rigorous manner. However, some uncertainties do exist. For example, should bridge openings or narrow constrictions in the channel become clogged with debris, the water level immediately upstream of such blockages may surcharge to greater values than those indicated by the hydraulic analyses. The assumption of open channel flow conditions is in accordance with B.C. Environment, Lands and Parks practice.

The floodplain maps have been prepared based on the physical conditions as they existed in 1991. If any significant changes occur (e.g. construction of new bridges, filling in of floodplains to accommodate new development), the local authorities should report such changes to B.C. Environment, Lands and Parks, who are charged with the responsibility of monitoring the maps.

Figures



BRITISH
COLUMBIA

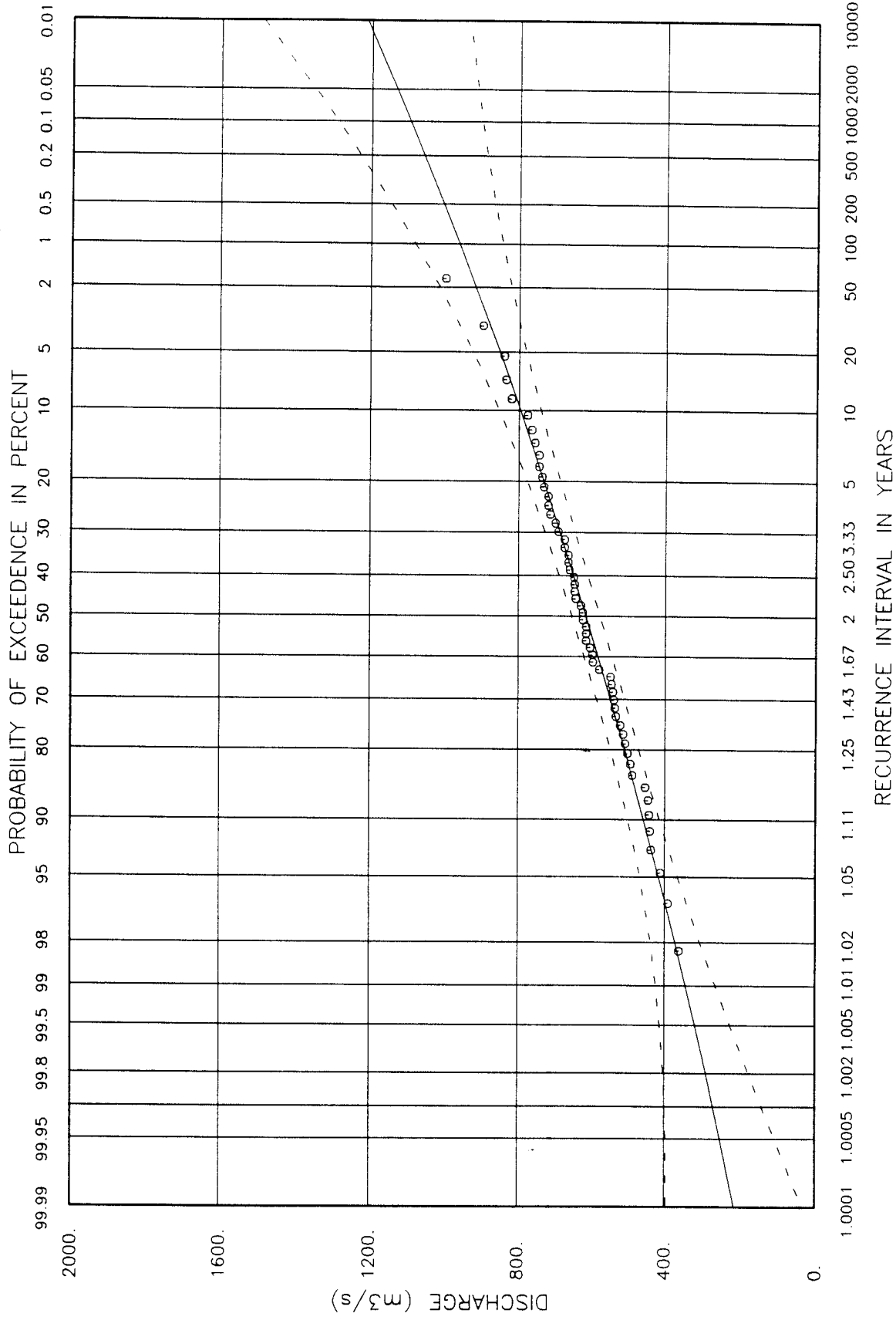
LOCATION OF
KETTLE AND GRANBY RIVERS
BASIN

FIG.1-1

FLOOD PLAIN MAPPING PROGRAM - KETTLE AND GRANBY RIVERS
LOCATION MAP



File: P:\00002



PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS

B.C. ENVIRONMENT
FLOODPLAIN MAPPING PROGRAM - KETTLE AND GRANBY RIVERS
KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM INSTANTANEOUS DISCHARGE

FIG 4-1



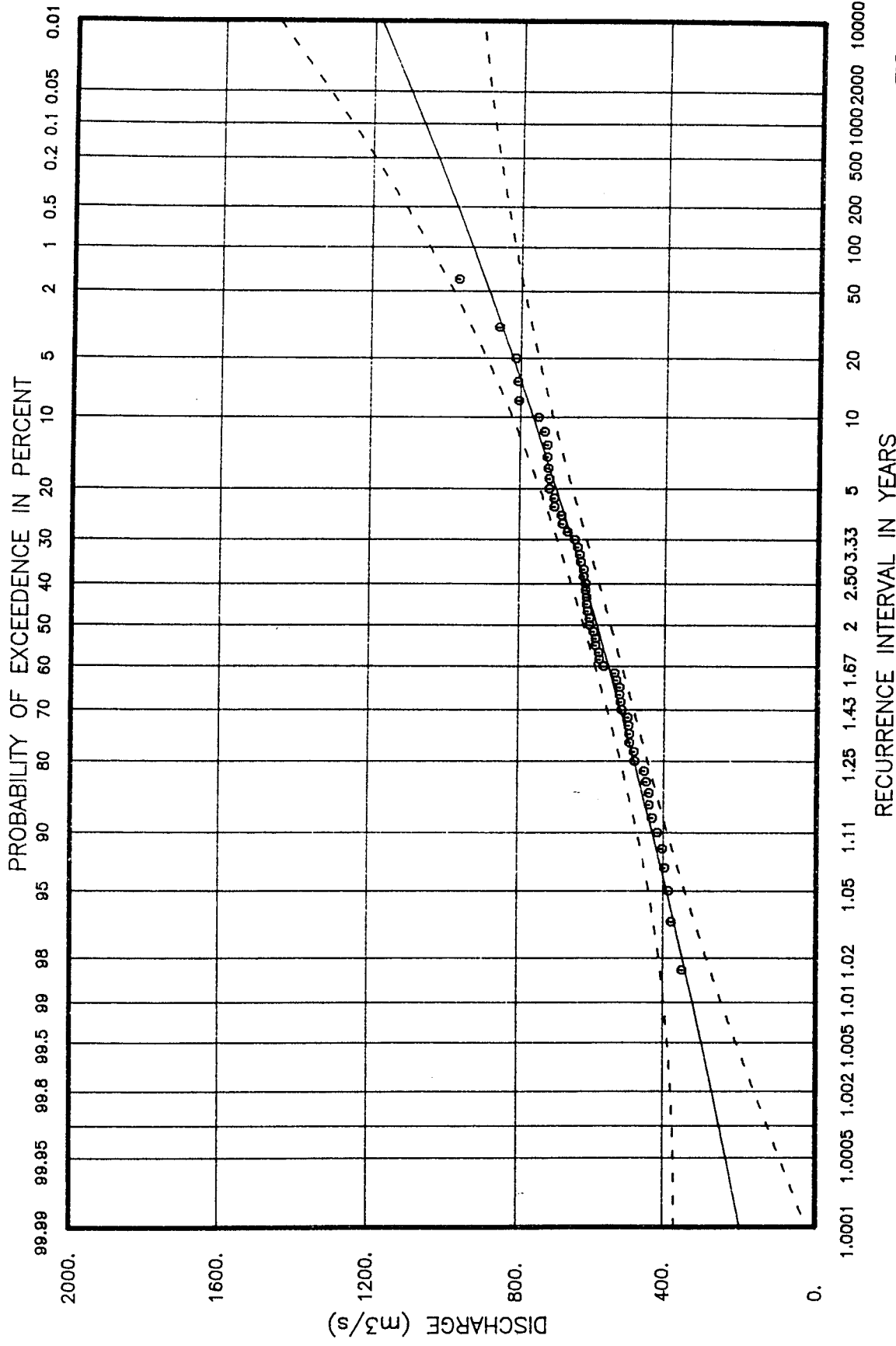


FIG 4-2



B.C. ENVIRONMENT
 FLOODPLAIN MAPPING PROGRAM - KETTLE AND GRANBY RIVERS
 FLOOD FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION - STATION 08NN012 - DAILY PEAK FLOWS

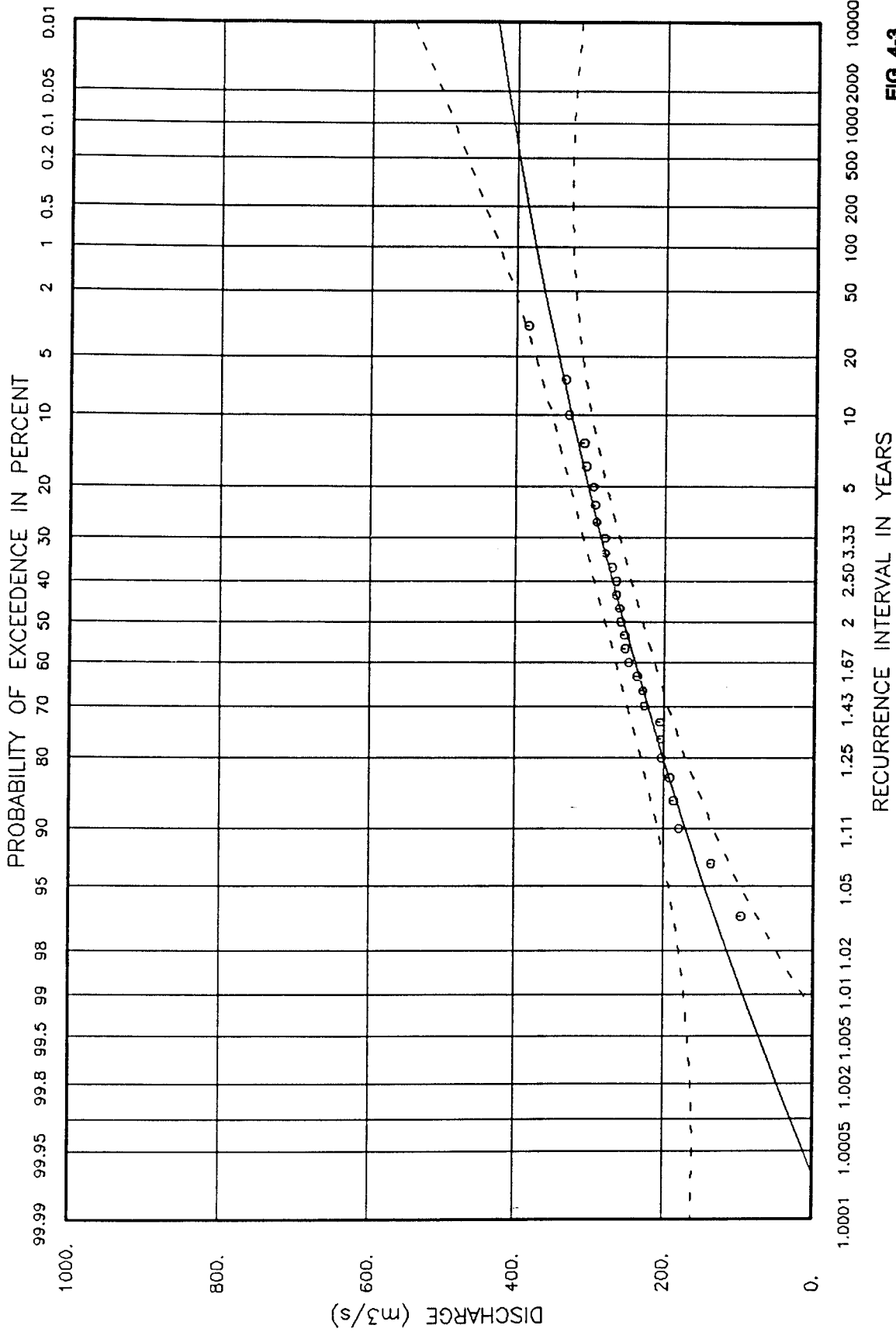
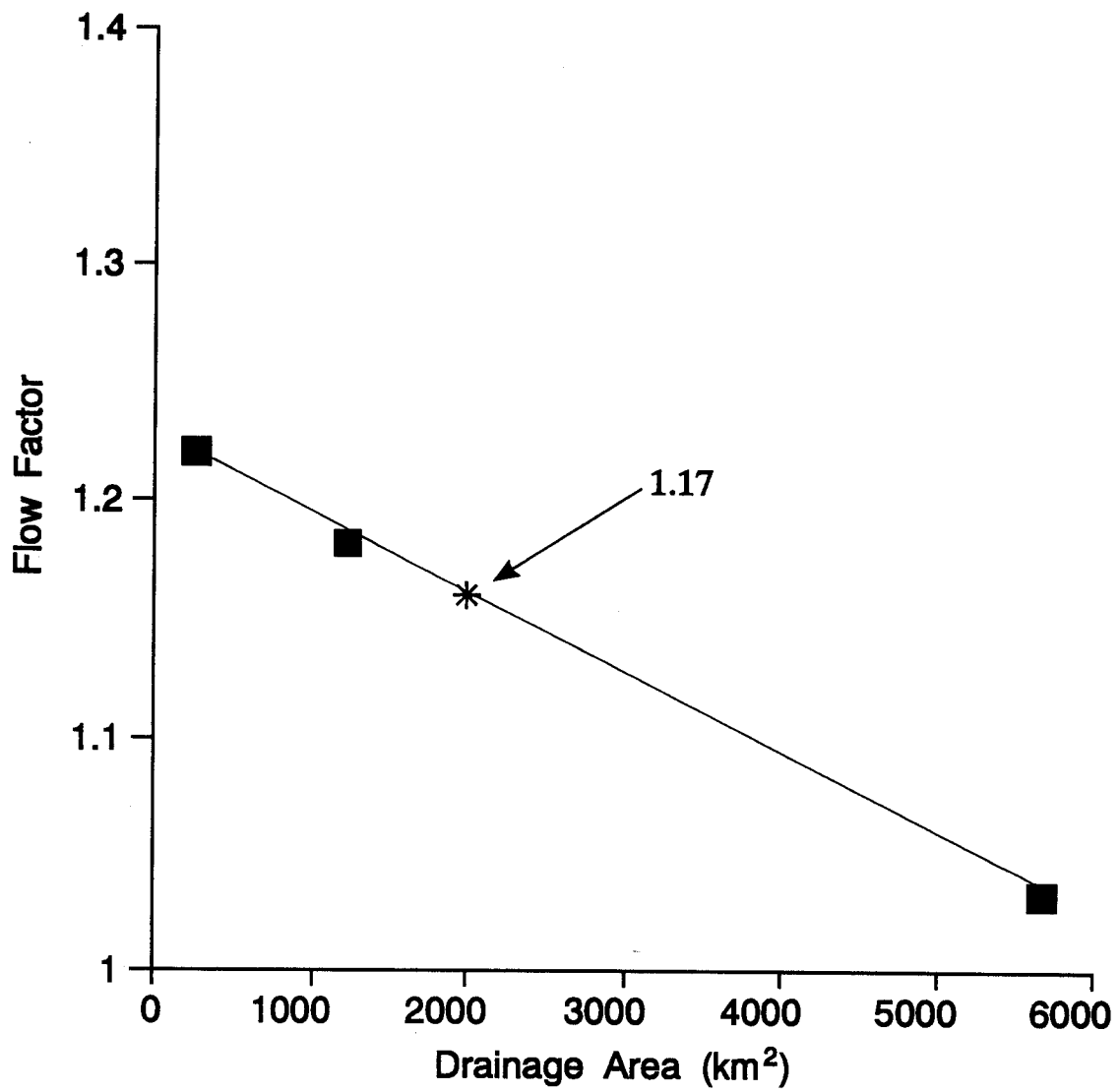


FIG 4-3

B.C. ENVIRONMENT
 FLOODPLAIN MAPPING PROGRAM - KETTLE AND GRANBY RIVERS
 FLOOD FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION - STATION 08NN002 - DAILY PEAK FLOWS





$$\text{Flow Factor} = \frac{\text{Instantaneous Peak}}{\text{Daily Peak Flow}}$$

FIG 4-4
 B.C. ENVIRONMENT
 FLOODPLAIN MAPPING PROGRAM - KETTLE AND GRANBY RIVERS
 INSTANTANEOUS FLOOD PEAK RATIO VERSUS DRAINAGE AREA



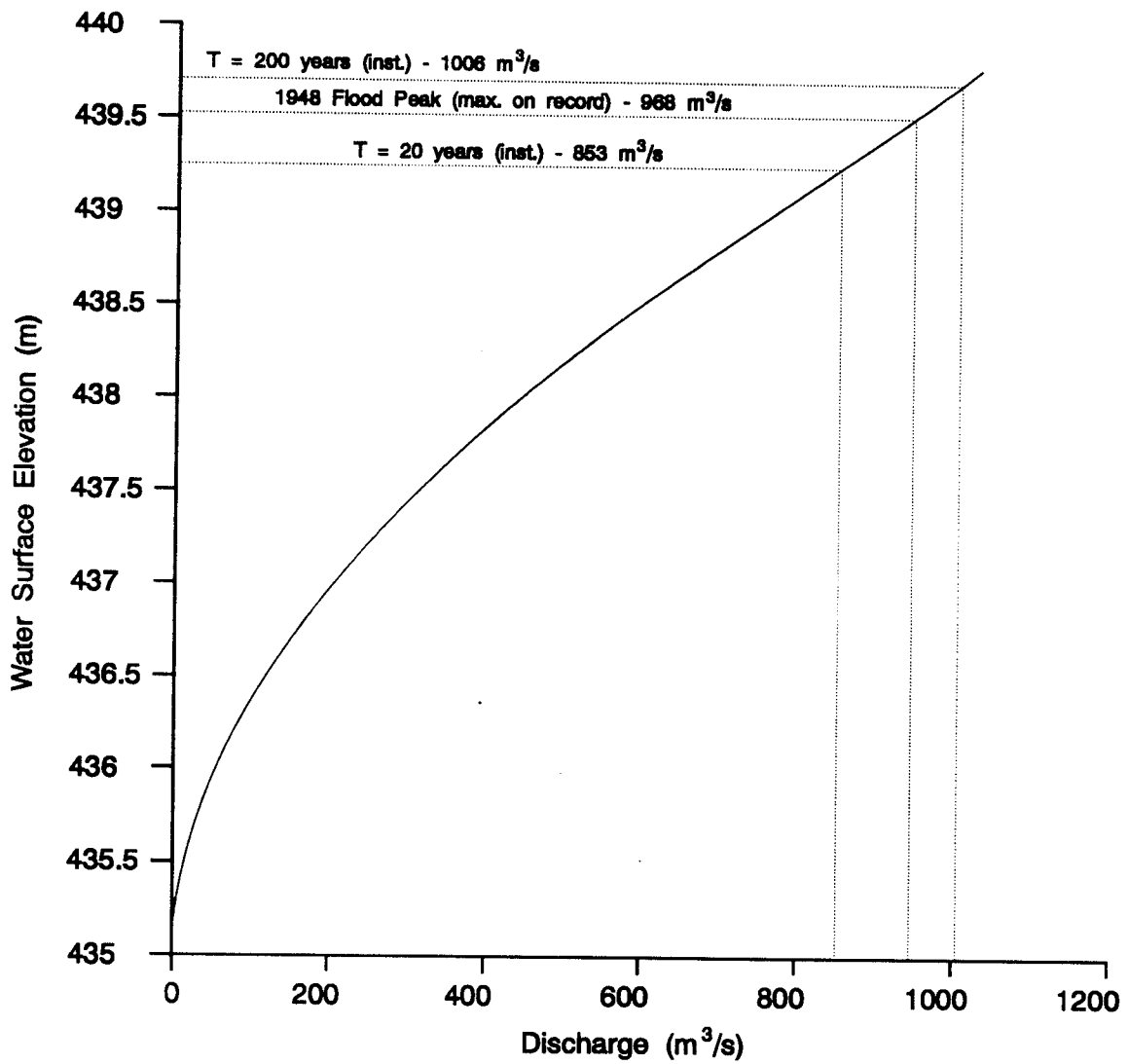
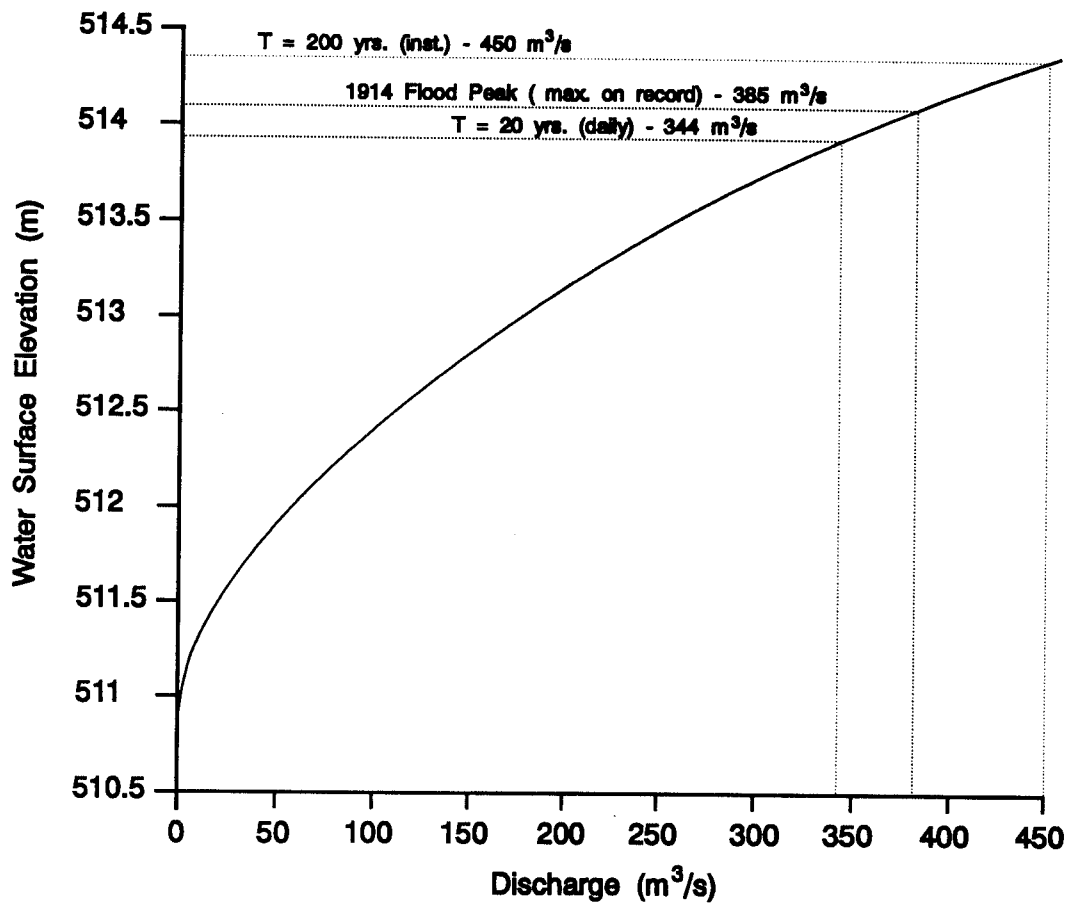


FIG 4-5
 B.C. ENVIRONMENT
 FLOODPLAIN MAPPING PROGRAM - KETTLE AND GRANBY RIVERS
 RATING CURVE - STATION 08NN012



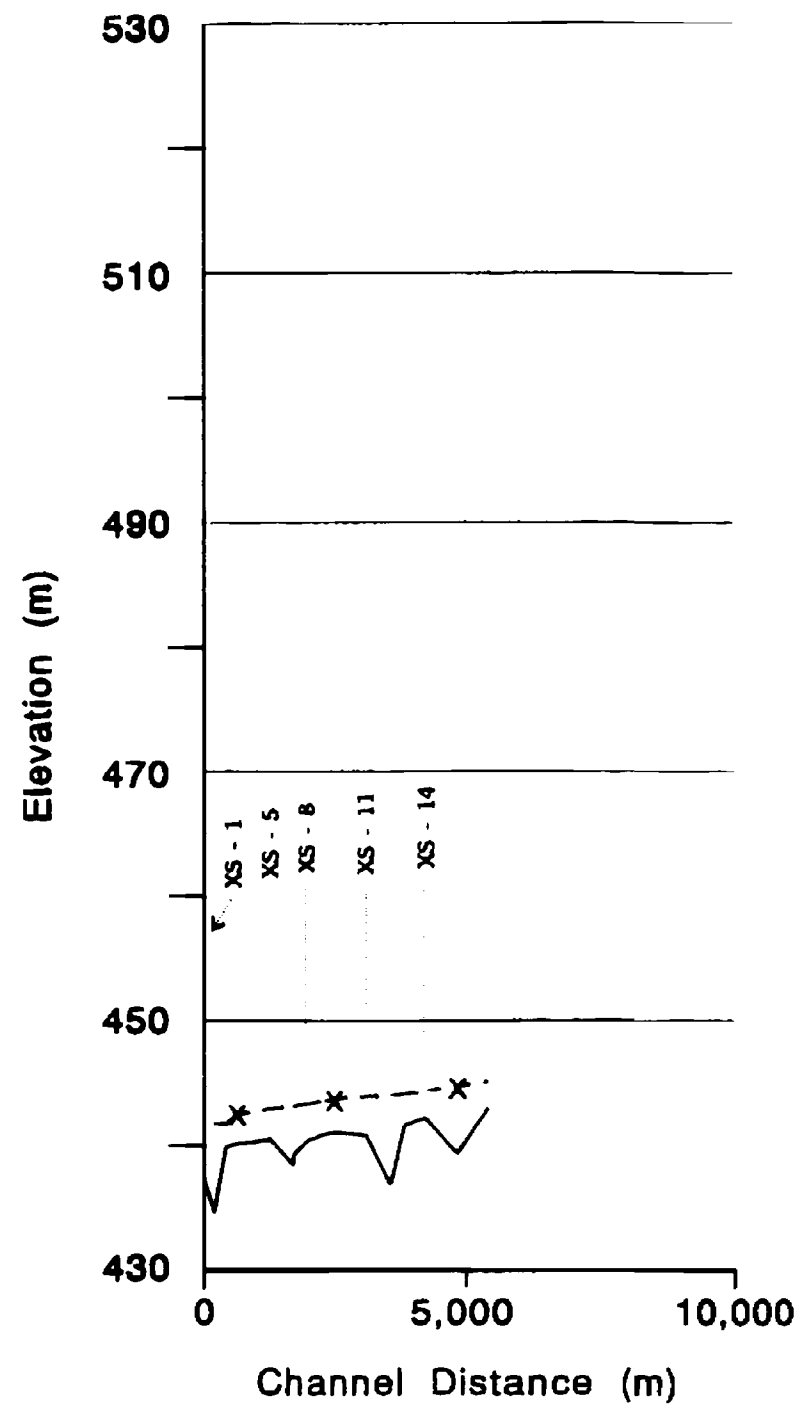


B.C. ENVIRONMENT
 FLOODPLAIN MAPPING PROGRAM - KETTLE AND GRANBY RIVERS
 RATING CURVE - STATION 08NN002

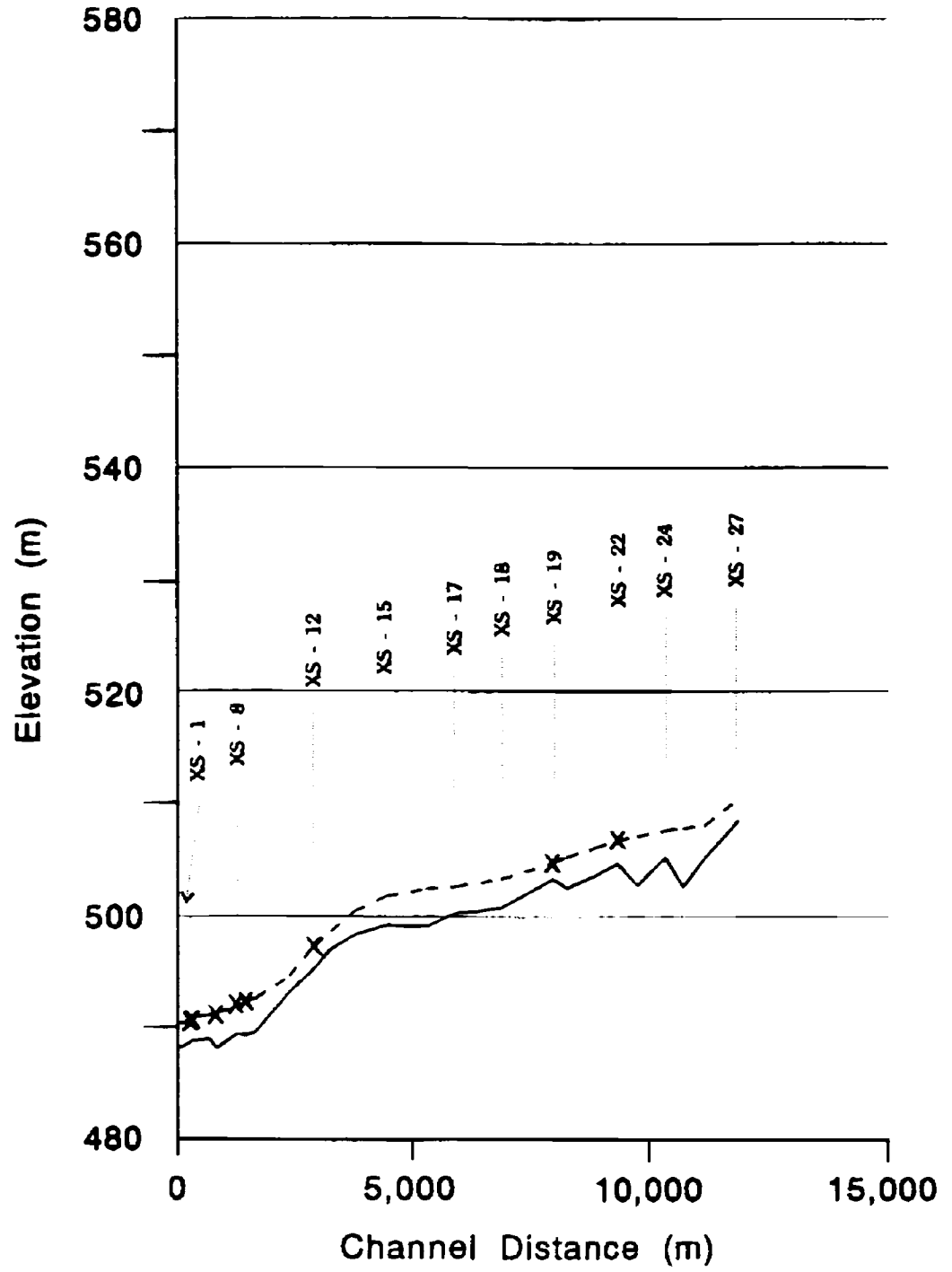
FIG 4-6



Kettle River East



Granby River

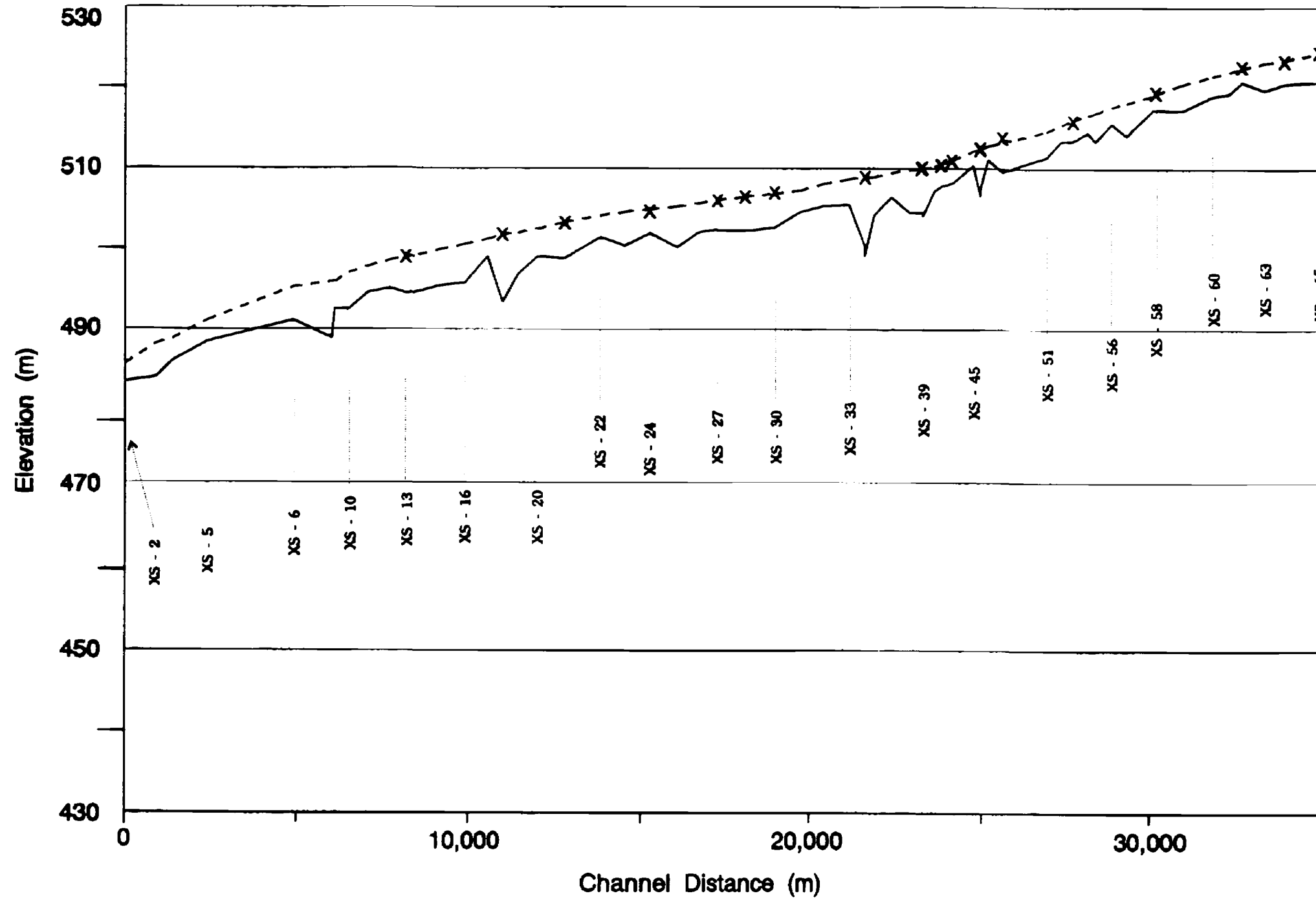


LEGEND

- Thalweg Elevation
- - - Computed Elevation
- x Recorded Elevation

Fig. 5-1

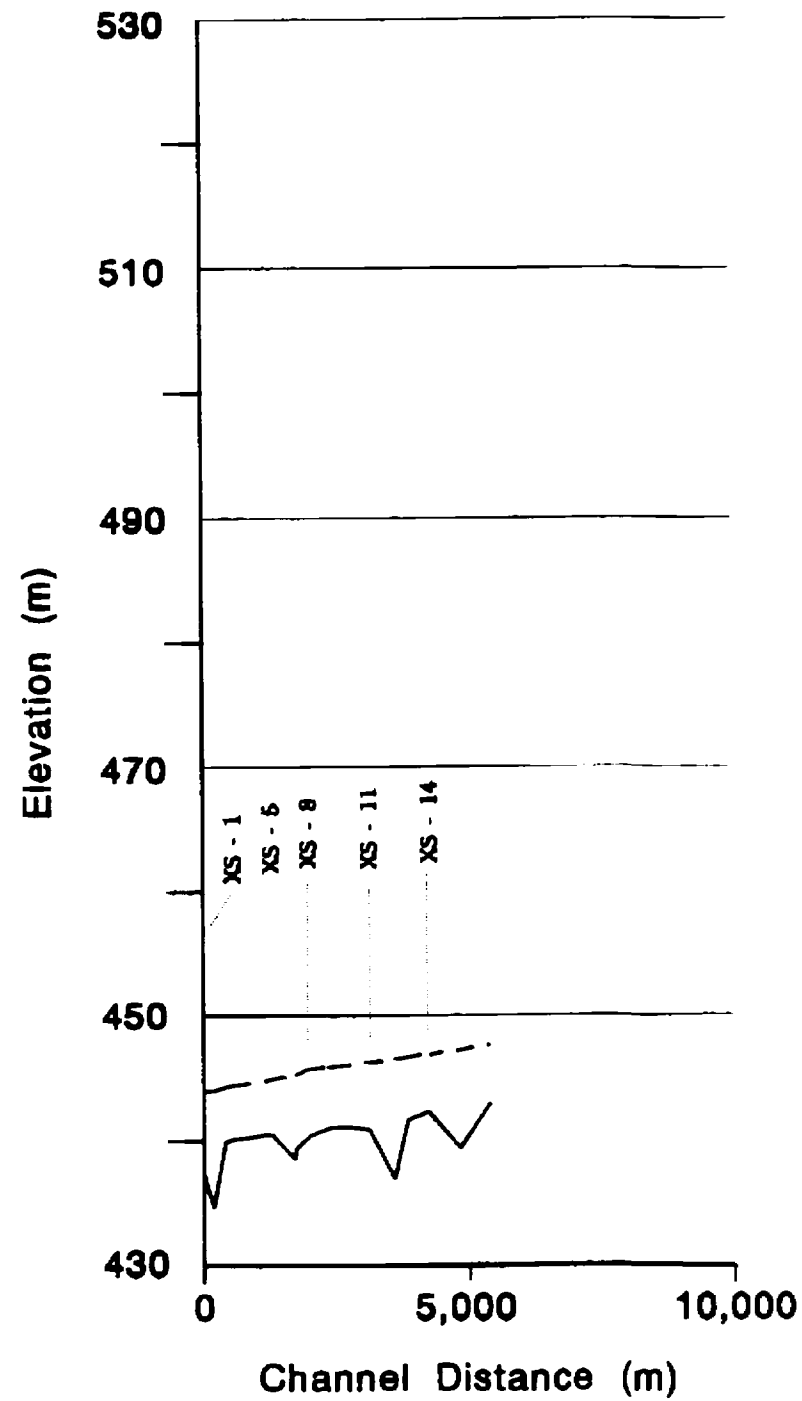
Kettle River West



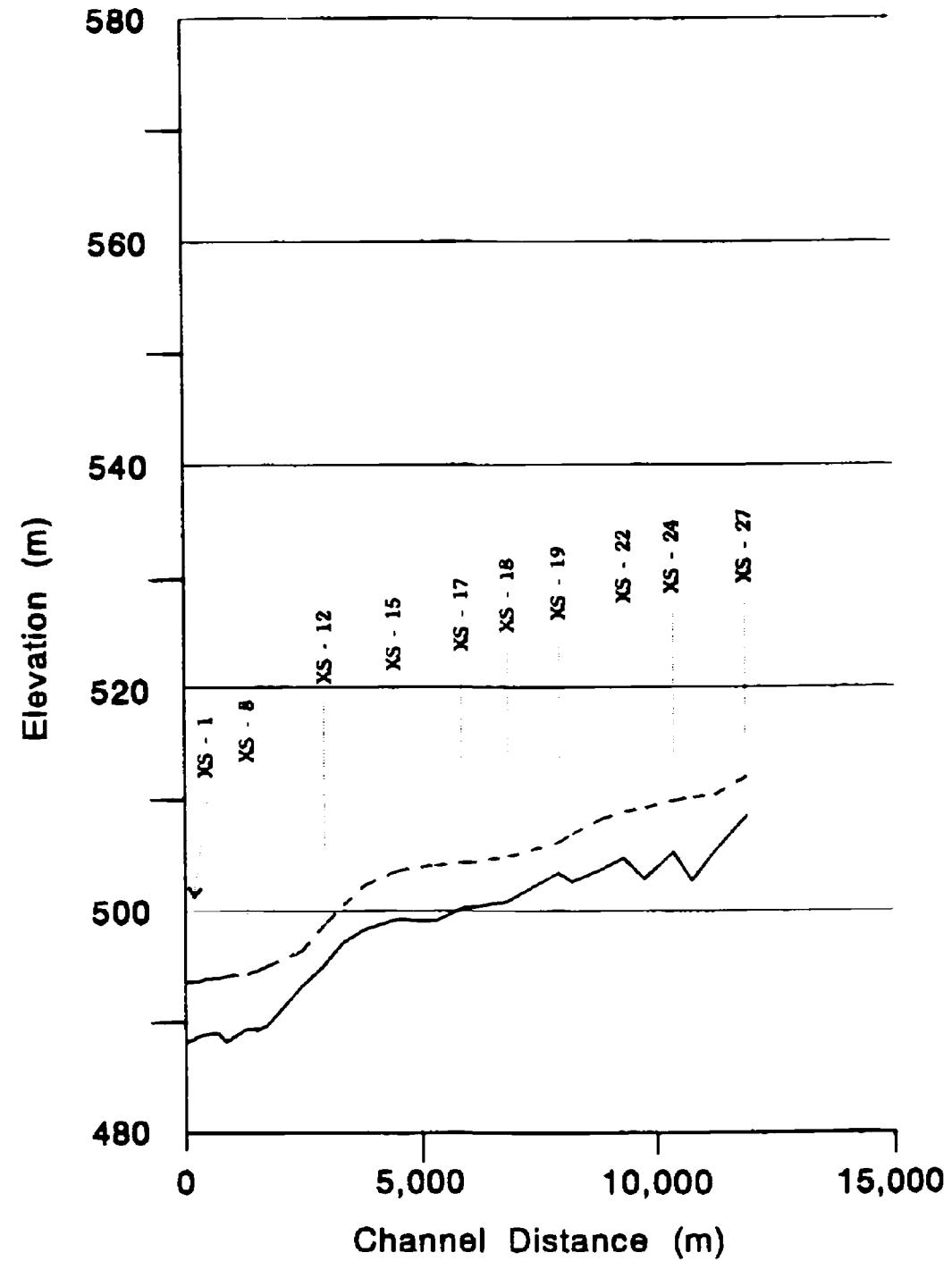
LEGEND

- Thalweg Elevation
- - - Computed Elevation
- X Recorded Elevation

Kettle River East



Granby River

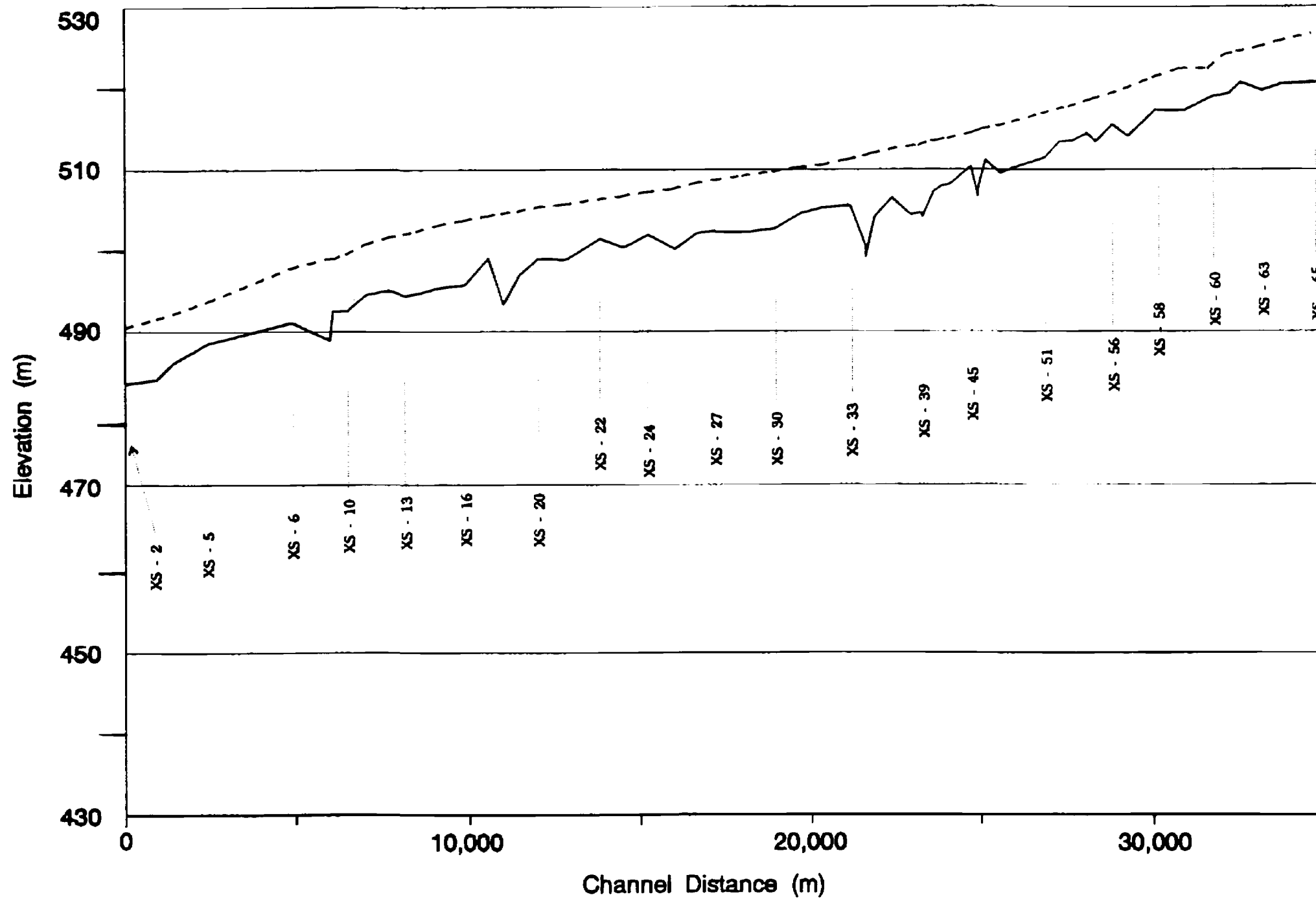


LEGEND

- Thalweg Elevation
- - - 200-Year Daily Level



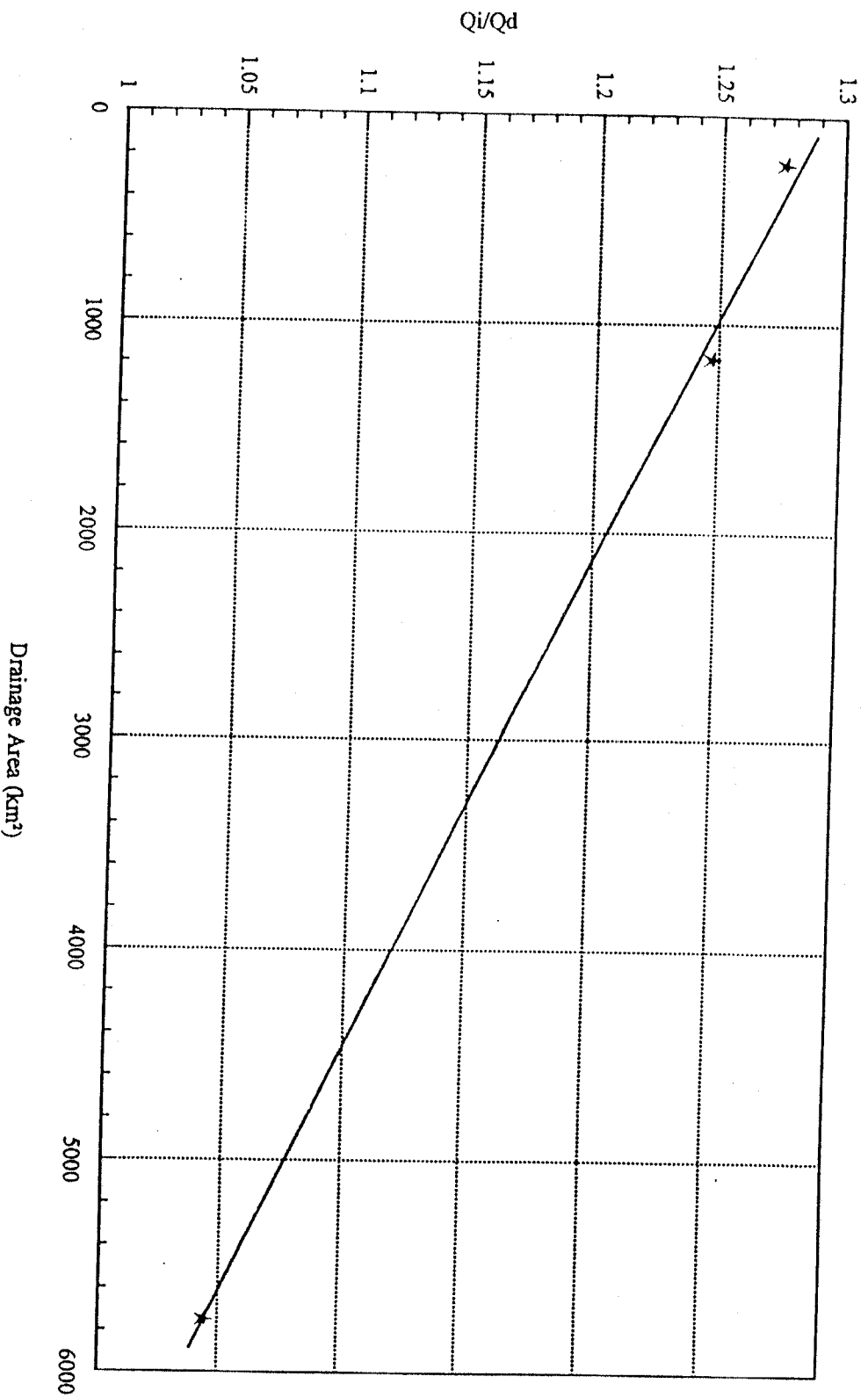
Kettle River West



LEGEND

- Thalweg Elevation
- - - 200-Year Daily Level

Appendix A
Flood Frequency Analysis



Kettle River Flood Study
 Q_i/Q_d vs. Drainage Area for $T=20$



**KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER
(DAILY - FULL DATA SET)**

| YEAR | DATA | ORDERED | RANK | PROBABILITY | RETURN PERIOD |
|------|------|---------|------|-------------|---------------|
| 1930 | 206. | 968. | 1 | .016 | 61.000 |
| 1931 | 396. | 858. | 2 | .033 | 30.500 |
| 1932 | 535. | 813. | 3 | .049 | 20.333 |
| 1933 | 648. | 807. | 4 | .066 | 15.250 |
| 1934 | 589. | 804. | 5 | .082 | 12.200 |
| 1935 | 521. | 750. | 6 | .098 | 10.167 |
| 1936 | 530. | 733. | 7 | .115 | 8.714 |
| 1937 | 402. | 725. | 8 | .131 | 7.625 |
| 1938 | 606. | 725. | 9 | .148 | 6.778 |
| 1939 | 453. | 722. | 10 | .164 | 6.100 |
| 1940 | 479. | 719. | 11 | .180 | 5.545 |
| 1941 | 430. | 719. | 12 | .197 | 5.083 |
| 1942 | 733. | 705. | 13 | .213 | 4.692 |
| 1943 | 377. | 705. | 14 | .230 | 4.357 |
| 1944 | 348. | 685. | 15 | .246 | 4.067 |
| 1945 | 614. | 682. | 16 | .262 | 3.813 |
| 1946 | 623. | 668. | 17 | .279 | 3.588 |
| 1947 | 447. | 648. | 18 | .295 | 3.389 |
| 1948 | 968. | 640. | 19 | .311 | 3.211 |
| 1949 | 705. | 634. | 20 | .328 | 3.050 |
| 1950 | 566. | 631. | 21 | .344 | 2.905 |
| 1951 | 725. | 623. | 22 | .361 | 2.773 |
| 1952 | 682. | 623. | 23 | .377 | 2.652 |
| 1953 | 578. | 617. | 24 | .393 | 2.542 |
| 1954 | 750. | 617. | 25 | .410 | 2.440 |
| 1955 | 668. | 614. | 26 | .426 | 2.346 |
| 1956 | 858. | 614. | 27 | .443 | 2.259 |
| 1957 | 705. | 612. | 28 | .459 | 2.179 |
| 1958 | 614. | 606. | 29 | .475 | 2.103 |
| 1959 | 595. | 606. | 30 | .492 | 2.033 |
| 1960 | 521. | 595. | 31 | .508 | 1.968 |
| 1961 | 719. | 589. | 32 | .525 | 1.906 |
| 1962 | 439. | 589. | 33 | .541 | 1.848 |
| 1963 | 496. | 580. | 34 | .557 | 1.794 |
| 1964 | 606. | 578. | 35 | .574 | 1.743 |
| 1965 | 493. | 566. | 36 | .590 | 1.694 |
| 1966 | 385. | 535. | 37 | .607 | 1.649 |
| 1967 | 640. | 530. | 38 | .623 | 1.605 |
| 1968 | 589. | 521. | 39 | .639 | 1.564 |
| 1969 | 722. | 521. | 40 | .656 | 1.525 |
| 1970 | 416. | 518. | 41 | .672 | 1.488 |
| 1971 | 804. | 515. | 42 | .689 | 1.452 |
| 1972 | 813. | 498. | 43 | .705 | 1.419 |
| 1973 | 493. | 496. | 44 | .721 | 1.386 |
| 1974 | 719. | 493. | 45 | .738 | 1.356 |
| 1975 | 617. | 493. | 46 | .754 | 1.326 |
| 1976 | 634. | 481. | 47 | .770 | 1.298 |
| 1977 | 439. | 479. | 48 | .787 | 1.271 |
| 1978 | 515. | 453. | 49 | .803 | 1.245 |
| 1979 | 481. | 447. | 50 | .820 | 1.220 |
| 1980 | 685. | 439. | 51 | .836 | 1.196 |
| 1981 | 617. | 439. | 52 | .852 | 1.173 |
| 1982 | 623. | 430. | 53 | .869 | 1.151 |
| 1983 | 807. | 416. | 54 | .885 | 1.130 |
| 1984 | 631. | 402. | 55 | .902 | 1.109 |

KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

| YEAR | DATA | ORDERED | RANK | PROBABILITY | RETURN PERIOD |
|------|------|---------|------|-------------|---------------|
| 1985 | 580. | 396. | 56 | .918 | 1.089 |
| 1986 | 725. | 385. | 57 | .934 | 1.070 |
| 1987 | 612. | 377. | 58 | .951 | 1.052 |
| 1988 | 518. | 348. | 59 | .967 | 1.034 |
| 1989 | 498. | 206. | 60 | .984 | 1.017 |

STATISTICS OF DATA SERIES

SAMPLE SIZE = 60

MEAN = 586.5 MIN. = 206.0 MAX. = 968.0

S.D. = 139.6 C.S. = .0526 C.K. = 3.4066

STATISTICS OF OF LOGS OF DATA SERIES

MEAN = 6.3433 MIN. = 5.3279 MAX. = 6.8752

S.D. = .2600 C.S. = -1.0143 C.K. = 5.6671

NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

MEAN = 586.467

S.D. = 139.629

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 301.842 | 226.509 | 151.176 | 16.546 |
| 1.050 | 409.502 | 353.461 | 297.419 | 7.888 |
| 1.250 | 511.137 | 468.976 | 426.815 | 4.473 |
| 2.000 | 622.697 | 586.465 | 550.233 | 3.074 |
| 5.000 | 746.118 | 703.957 | 661.797 | 2.980 |
| 10.000 | 814.331 | 765.432 | 716.533 | 3.178 |
| 20.000 | 871.768 | 816.185 | 760.602 | 3.388 |
| 50.000 | 937.185 | 873.290 | 809.396 | 3.640 |
| 100.000 | 981.112 | 911.353 | 841.593 | 3.808 |
| 200.000 | 1021.477 | 946.183 | 870.889 | 3.959 |
| 500.000 | 1070.556 | 988.389 | 906.222 | 4.136 |
| 1000.000 | 1105.068 | 1017.993 | 930.917 | 4.256 |
| 10000.000 | 1207.704 | 1105.764 | 1003.823 | 4.587 |

LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

MEAN = 6.343

S.D. = .260

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 334.700 | 290.888 | 252.811 | 6.980 |
| 1.050 | 409.009 | 368.473 | 331.955 | 5.192 |
| 1.250 | 494.238 | 456.916 | 422.412 | 3.906 |
| 2.000 | 608.369 | 568.673 | 531.566 | 3.357 |
| 5.000 | 765.581 | 707.769 | 654.322 | 3.906 |
| 10.000 | 869.286 | 793.620 | 724.541 | 4.531 |
| 20.000 | 967.427 | 872.293 | 786.514 | 5.150 |
| 50.000 | 1092.769 | 970.174 | 861.333 | 5.920 |
| 100.000 | 1185.925 | 1041.442 | 914.561 | 6.464 |
| 200.000 | 1278.513 | 1111.236 | 965.845 | 6.976 |
| 500.000 | 1400.879 | 1202.106 | 1031.537 | 7.613 |
| 1000.000 | 1493.875 | 1270.242 | 1080.087 | 8.068 |
| 10000.000 | 1808.537 | 1495.811 | 1237.161 | 9.445 |

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

ALPHA = 3.673

BETA = 1445.470

GAMMA = -4722.135

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 342.166 | 233.414 | 124.663 | 5410.544 |
| 1.050 | 415.801 | 355.665 | 295.528 | 2991.866 |
| 1.250 | 510.422 | 468.635 | 426.847 | 2078.988 |
| 2.000 | 624.383 | 585.241 | 546.098 | 1947.386 |
| 5.000 | 746.554 | 703.584 | 660.614 | 2137.830 |
| 10.000 | 817.193 | 766.199 | 715.205 | 2537.024 |
| 20.000 | 881.121 | 818.255 | 755.388 | 3127.683 |
| 50.000 | 959.590 | 877.218 | 794.847 | 4098.076 |
| 100.000 | 1015.642 | 916.751 | 817.859 | 4919.973 |
| 200.000 | 1069.463 | 953.089 | 836.716 | 5789.727 |
| 500.000 | 1137.817 | 997.331 | 856.845 | 6989.345 |
| 1000.000 | 1187.767 | 1028.500 | 869.232 | 7923.749 |
| 10000.000 | 1345.371 | 1121.575 | 897.779 | 11134.127 |

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

NO MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD SOLUTION FOR PEARSON III

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

ALPHA = -.132
 BETA = 3.888
 GAMMA = 6.856

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 351.658 | 227.507 | 147.187 | 21.666 |
| 1.050 | 418.635 | 345.883 | 285.775 | 9.497 |
| 1.250 | 516.627 | 467.702 | 423.409 | 4.950 |
| 2.000 | 641.982 | 593.490 | 548.661 | 3.907 |
| 5.000 | 749.544 | 708.922 | 670.501 | 2.772 |
| 10.000 | 809.280 | 761.740 | 716.992 | 3.012 |
| 20.000 | 871.656 | 800.457 | 735.073 | 4.239 |
| 50.000 | 952.255 | 838.297 | 737.977 | 6.341 |
| 100.000 | 1009.642 | 860.057 | 732.635 | 7.978 |
| 200.000 | 1063.674 | 877.549 | 723.993 | 9.570 |
| 500.000 | 1130.085 | 895.716 | 709.953 | 11.563 |
| 1000.000 | 1176.671 | 906.551 | 698.440 | 12.975 |
| 10000.000 | 1310.055 | 930.212 | 660.502 | 17.035 |

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

ALPHA = -.079
 BETA = 10.223
 GAMMA = 7.154

MEAN = 6.343
 S.D. = .253
 C.S. = -.626

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 336.007 | 254.832 | 193.268 | 13.758 |
| 1.050 | 414.722 | 357.275 | 307.785 | 7.418 |
| 1.250 | 507.989 | 464.842 | 425.361 | 4.416 |
| 2.000 | 625.085 | 583.735 | 545.120 | 3.405 |
| 5.000 | 752.484 | 706.401 | 663.141 | 3.144 |
| 10.000 | 821.591 | 769.954 | 721.563 | 3.229 |
| 20.000 | 881.980 | 821.249 | 764.700 | 3.549 |
| 50.000 | 955.572 | 877.066 | 805.009 | 4.265 |
| 100.000 | 1008.380 | 912.859 | 826.386 | 4.951 |
| 200.000 | 1059.301 | 944.459 | 842.068 | 5.709 |
| 500.000 | 1124.124 | 981.107 | 856.286 | 6.770 |
| 1000.000 | 1171.479 | 1005.650 | 863.295 | 7.594 |
| 10000.000 | 1319.813 | 1072.269 | 871.154 | 10.334 |

THREE PARAMETER LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

A = -7377.252
M = 8.982
S = .018

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 370.996 | 233.380 | 146.810 | 23.061 |
| 1.050 | 421.209 | 355.665 | 300.320 | 8.415 |
| 1.250 | 512.328 | 468.642 | 428.680 | 4.434 |
| 2.000 | 625.717 | 585.241 | 547.384 | 3.327 |
| 5.000 | 747.903 | 703.577 | 661.878 | 3.040 |
| 10.000 | 818.894 | 766.193 | 716.883 | 3.309 |
| 20.000 | 883.586 | 818.253 | 757.750 | 3.822 |
| 50.000 | 963.748 | 877.226 | 798.473 | 4.680 |
| 100.000 | 1021.587 | 916.770 | 822.707 | 5.386 |
| 200.000 | 1077.616 | 953.122 | 843.010 | 6.108 |
| 500.000 | 1149.512 | 997.385 | 865.390 | 7.063 |
| 1000.000 | 1202.600 | 1028.571 | 879.726 | 7.777 |
| 10000.000 | 1373.353 | 1121.720 | 916.192 | 10.069 |

THREE PARAMETER LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

A = -8673.362
M = 9.133
S = .015

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 370.970 | 232.448 | 145.651 | 23.256 |
| 1.050 | 421.195 | 355.377 | 299.843 | 8.454 |
| 1.250 | 512.485 | 468.706 | 428.666 | 4.443 |
| 2.000 | 625.894 | 585.430 | 547.582 | 3.325 |
| 5.000 | 747.883 | 703.648 | 662.030 | 3.033 |
| 10.000 | 818.627 | 766.103 | 716.949 | 3.299 |
| 20.000 | 883.017 | 817.978 | 757.730 | 3.806 |
| 50.000 | 962.716 | 876.687 | 798.346 | 4.657 |
| 100.000 | 1020.169 | 916.020 | 822.504 | 5.357 |
| 200.000 | 1075.783 | 952.156 | 842.735 | 6.073 |
| 500.000 | 1147.094 | 996.125 | 865.025 | 7.021 |
| 1000.000 | 1199.712 | 1027.085 | 879.298 | 7.729 |
| 10000.000 | 1368.750 | 1119.462 | 915.577 | 10.002 |

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

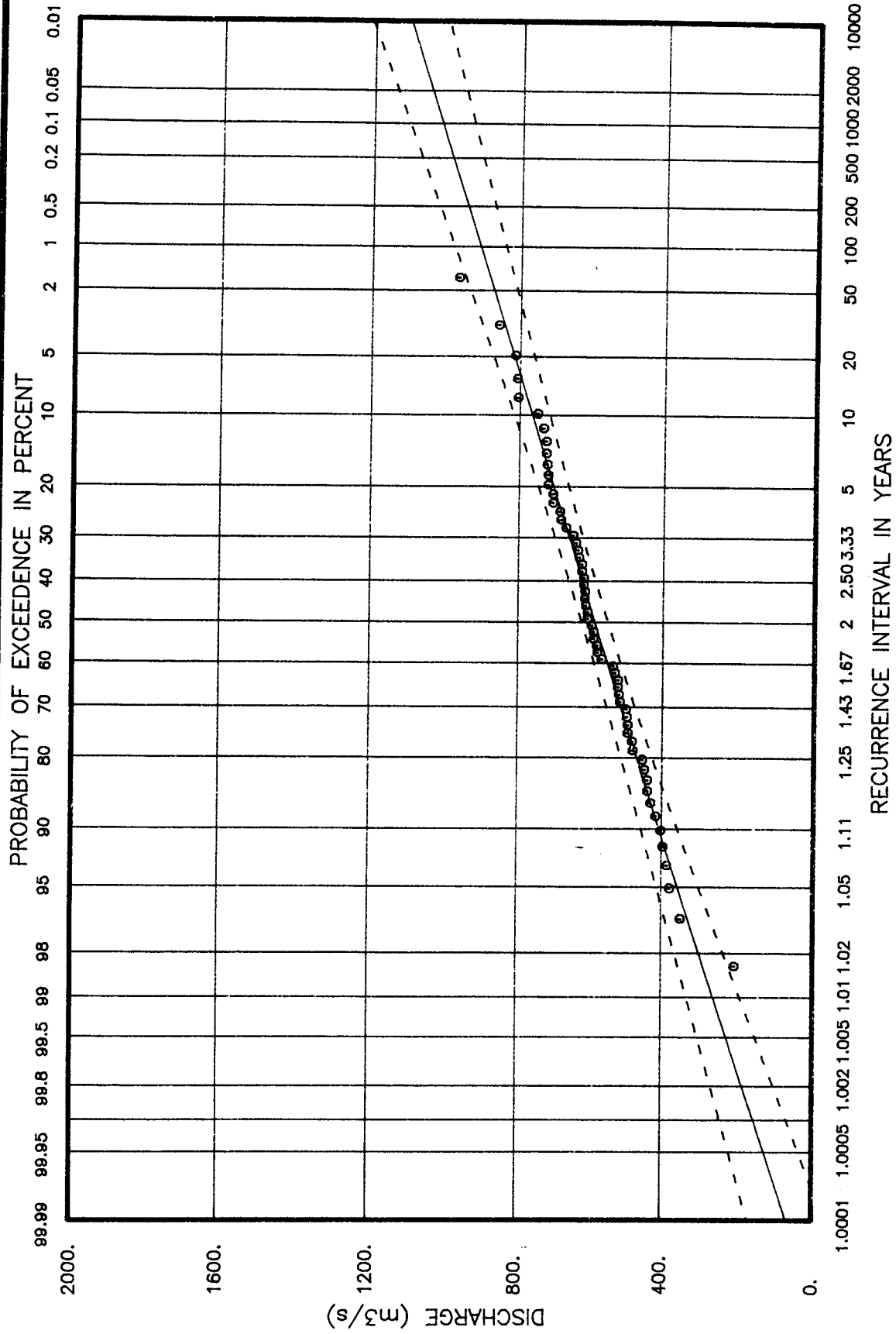
A = .009
 U = 523.634

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 397.794 | 341.998 | 286.203 | 8.117 |
| 1.050 | 445.389 | 402.421 | 359.454 | 5.312 |
| 1.250 | 504.345 | 471.823 | 439.300 | 3.429 |
| 2.000 | 596.842 | 563.537 | 530.232 | 2.940 |
| 5.000 | 742.997 | 686.936 | 630.875 | 4.060 |
| 10.000 | 844.329 | 768.637 | 692.944 | 4.899 |
| 20.000 | 942.602 | 847.006 | 751.410 | 5.615 |
| 50.000 | 1070.519 | 948.447 | 826.376 | 6.403 |
| 100.000 | 1166.654 | 1024.463 | 882.273 | 6.905 |
| 200.000 | 1262.578 | 1100.202 | 937.826 | 7.343 |
| 500.000 | 1389.269 | 1200.125 | 1010.980 | 7.841 |
| 1000.000 | 1485.090 | 1275.644 | 1066.197 | 8.169 |
| 10000.000 | 1803.489 | 1526.381 | 1249.273 | 9.032 |

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

A = .007
 U = 517.461

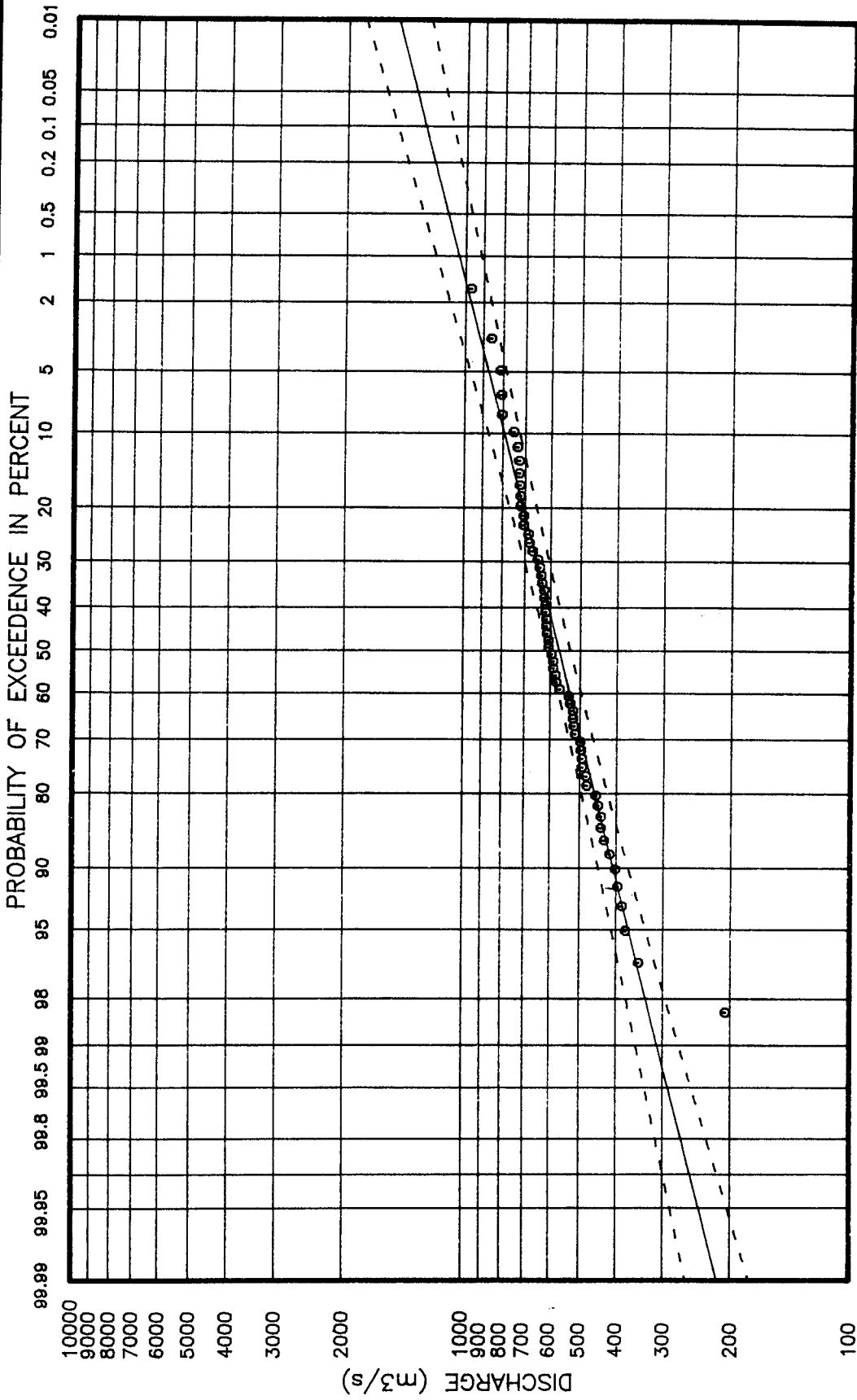
| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 335.635 | 285.299 | 234.963 | 8.778 |
| 1.050 | 403.541 | 362.530 | 321.518 | 5.628 |
| 1.250 | 487.379 | 451.237 | 415.096 | 3.985 |
| 2.000 | 610.865 | 568.464 | 526.063 | 3.711- |
| 5.000 | 791.263 | 726.190 | 661.117 | 4.458 |
| 10.000 | 914.095 | 830.618 | 747.141 | 5.000 |
| 20.000 | 1032.915 | 930.788 | 828.661 | 5.459 |
| 50.000 | 1187.452 | 1060.448 | 933.443 | 5.958 |
| 100.000 | 1303.568 | 1157.610 | 1011.651 | 6.273 |
| 200.000 | 1419.424 | 1254.417 | 1089.410 | 6.544 |
| 500.000 | 1572.441 | 1382.136 | 1191.830 | 6.850 |
| 1000.000 | 1688.175 | 1478.662 | 1269.149 | 7.049 |
| 10000.000 | 2072.762 | 1799.149 | 1525.536 | 7.566 |



KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

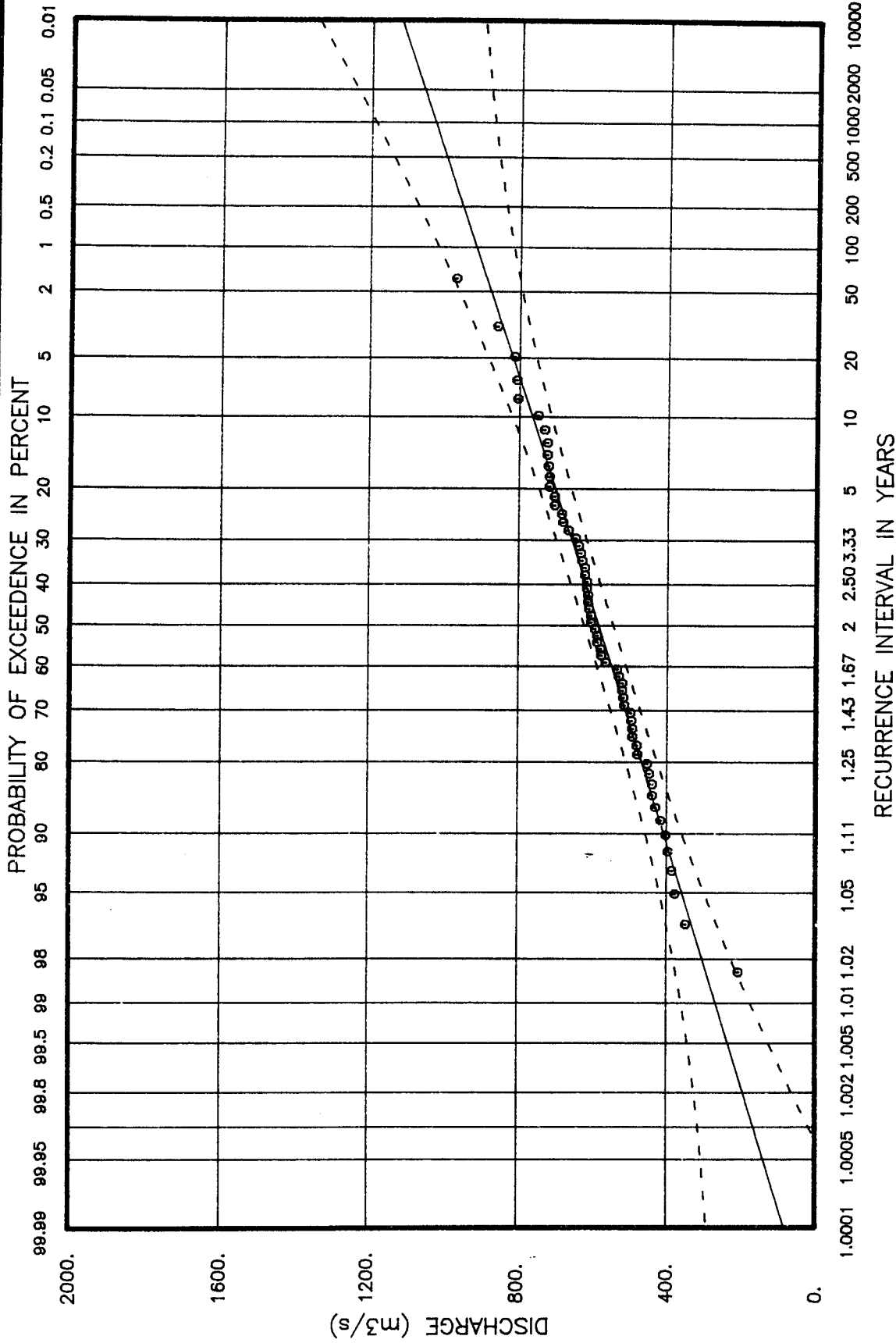




KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

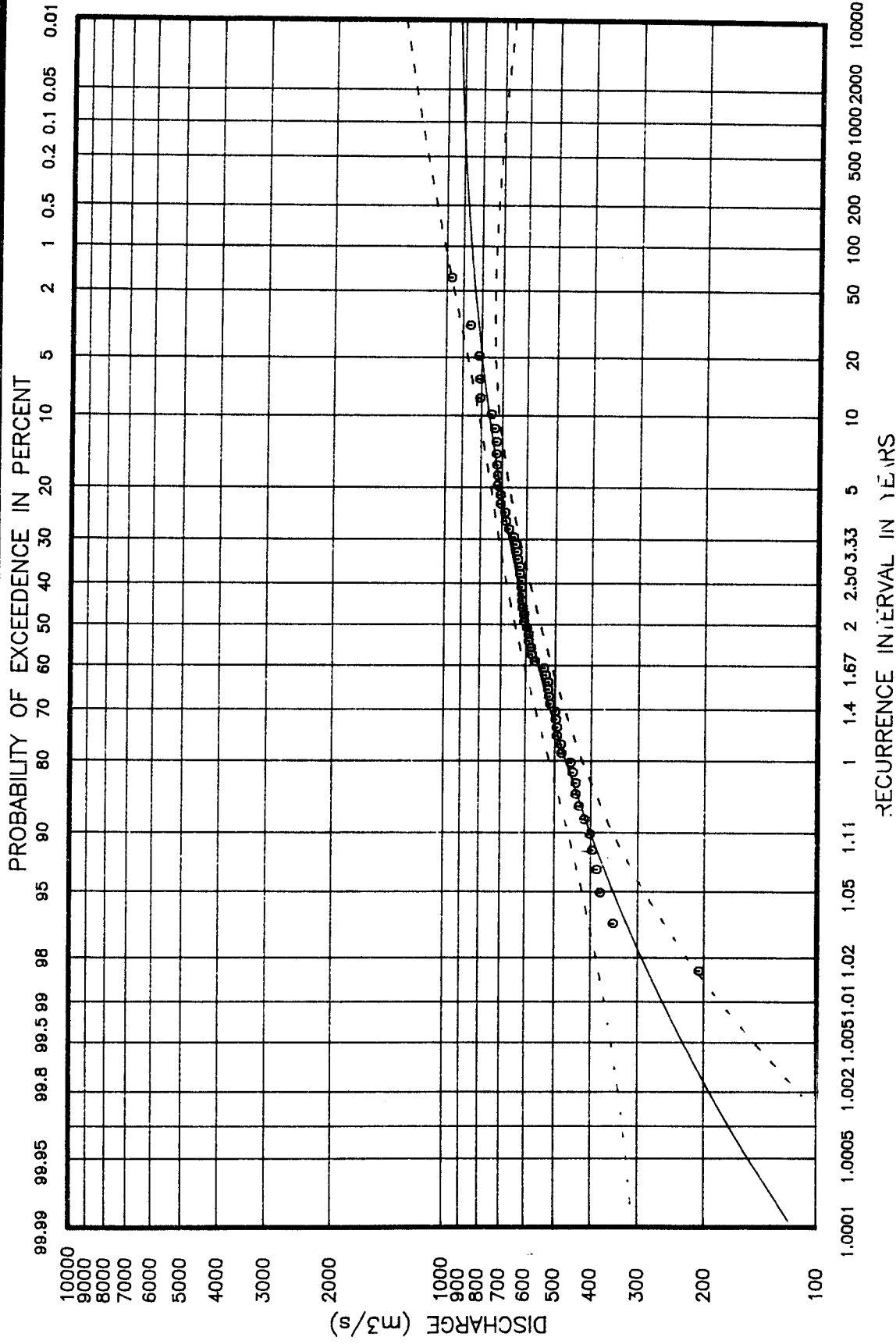




KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS

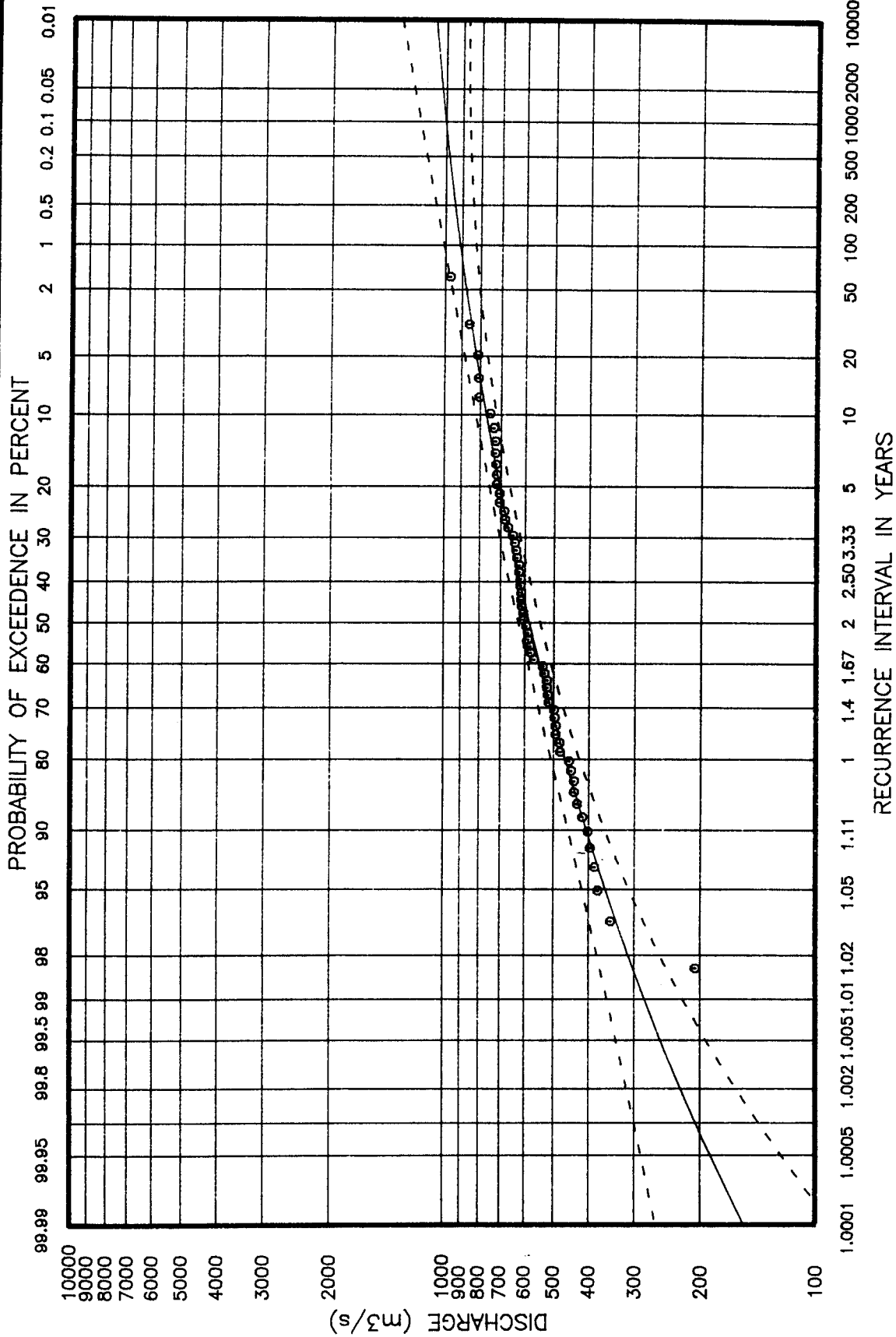




KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS

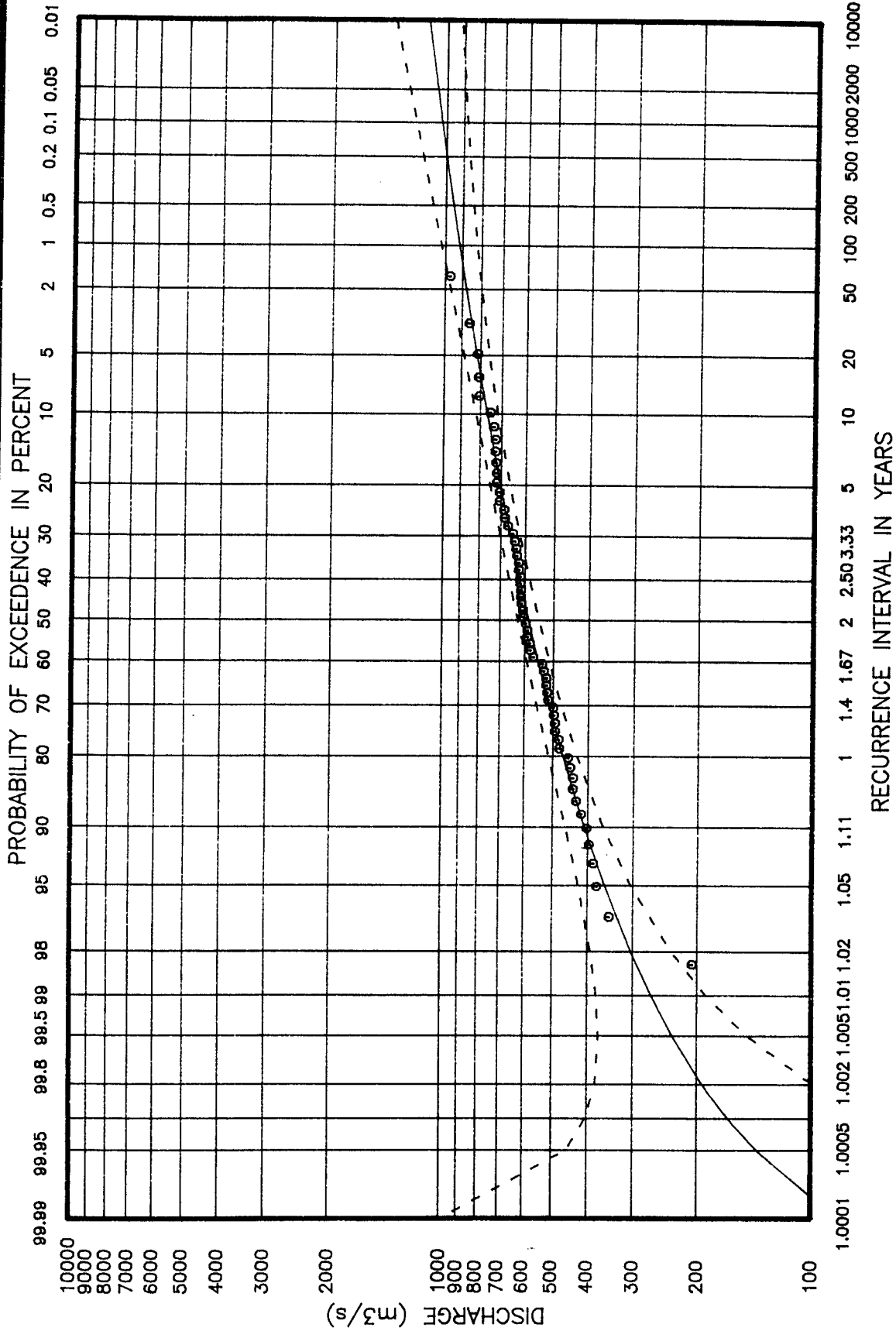




KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

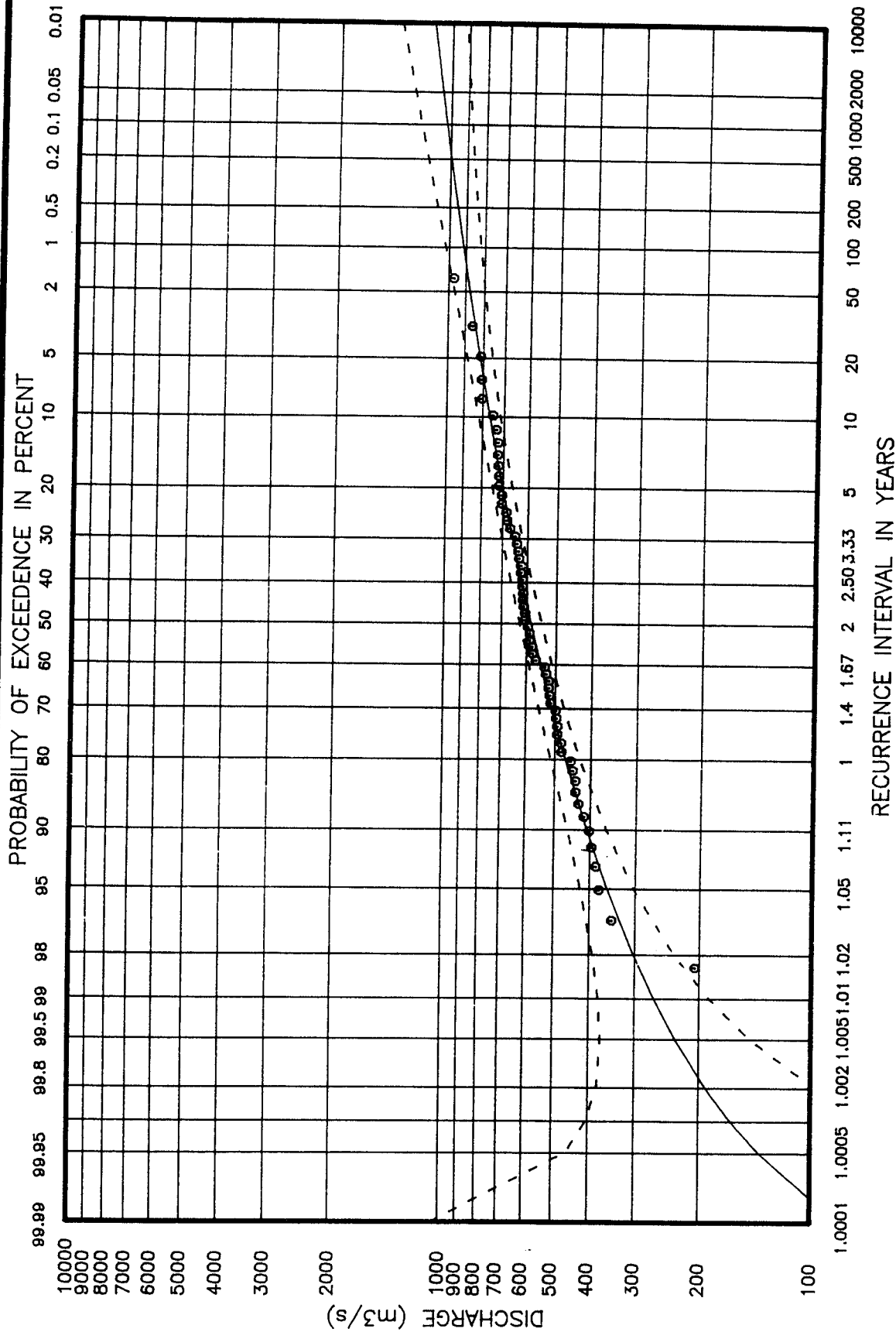
LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD





KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE
 THREE PARAMETER LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS





KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

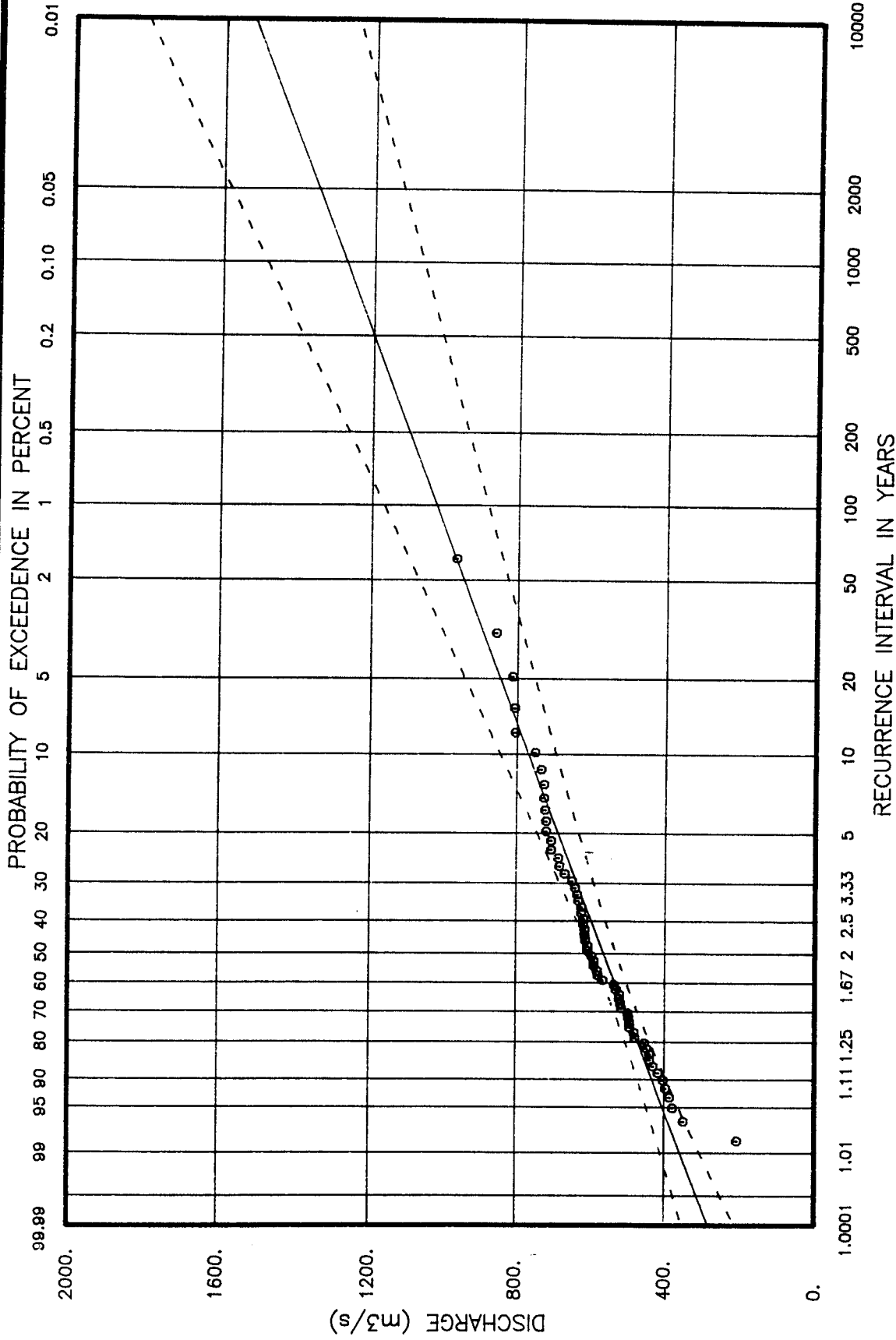
THREE PARAMETER LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION

PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD



KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

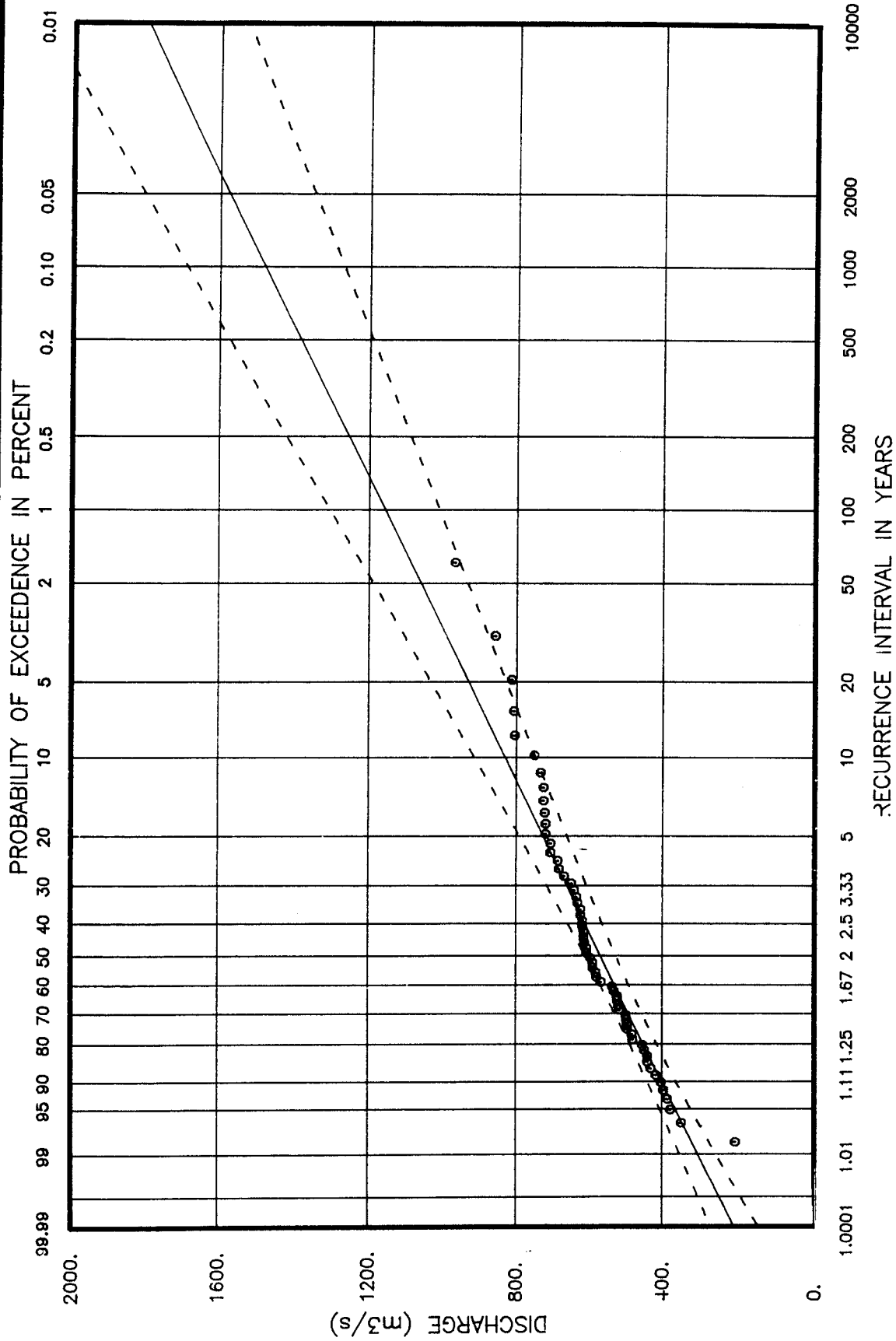
GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS





KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD



**KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER
(DAILY - 1930 REMOVED)**

ACRES

KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

1930 REMOVED

| YEAR | DATA | ORDERED | RANK | PROBABILITY | RETURN PERIOD |
|------|------|---------|------|-------------|---------------|
| 1931 | 396. | 968. | 1 | .017 | 60.000 |
| 1932 | 535. | 858. | 2 | .033 | 30.000 |
| 1933 | 648. | 813. | 3 | .050 | 20.000 |
| 1934 | 589. | 807. | 4 | .067 | 15.000 |
| 1935 | 521. | 804. | 5 | .083 | 12.000 |
| 1936 | 530. | 750. | 6 | .100 | 10.000 |
| 1937 | 402. | 733. | 7 | .117 | 8.571 |
| 1938 | 606. | 725. | 8 | .133 | 7.500 |
| 1939 | 453. | 725. | 9 | .150 | 6.667 |
| 1940 | 479. | 722. | 10 | .167 | 6.000 |
| 1941 | 430. | 719. | 11 | .183 | 5.455 |
| 1942 | 733. | 719. | 12 | .200 | 5.000 |
| 1943 | 377. | 705. | 13 | .217 | 4.615 |
| 1944 | 348. | 705. | 14 | .233 | 4.286 |
| 1945 | 614. | 685. | 15 | .250 | 4.000 |
| 1946 | 623. | 682. | 16 | .267 | 3.750 |
| 1947 | 447. | 668. | 17 | .283 | 3.529 |
| 1948 | 968. | 648. | 18 | .300 | 3.333 |
| 1949 | 705. | 640. | 19 | .317 | 3.158 |
| 1950 | 566. | 634. | 20 | .333 | 3.000 |
| 1951 | 725. | 631. | 21 | .350 | 2.857 |
| 1952 | 682. | 623. | 22 | .367 | 2.727 |
| 1953 | 578. | 623. | 23 | .383 | 2.609 |
| 1954 | 750. | 617. | 24 | .400 | 2.500 |
| 1955 | 668. | 617. | 25 | .417 | 2.400 |
| 1956 | 858. | 614. | 26 | .433 | 2.308 |
| 1957 | 705. | 614. | 27 | .450 | 2.222 |
| 1958 | 614. | 612. | 28 | .467 | 2.143 |
| 1959 | 595. | 606. | 29 | .483 | 2.069 |
| 1960 | 521. | 606. | 30 | .500 | 2.000 |
| 1961 | 719. | 595. | 31 | .517 | 1.935 |
| 1962 | 439. | 589. | 32 | .533 | 1.875 |
| 1963 | 496. | 589. | 33 | .550 | 1.818 |
| 1964 | 606. | 580. | 34 | .567 | 1.765 |
| 1965 | 493. | 578. | 35 | .583 | 1.714 |
| 1966 | 385. | 566. | 36 | .600 | 1.667 |
| 1967 | 640. | 535. | 37 | .617 | 1.622 |
| 1968 | 589. | 530. | 38 | .633 | 1.579 |
| 1969 | 722. | 521. | 39 | .650 | 1.538 |
| 1970 | 416. | 521. | 40 | .667 | 1.500 |
| 1971 | 804. | 518. | 41 | .683 | 1.463 |
| 1972 | 813. | 515. | 42 | .700 | 1.429 |
| 1973 | 493. | 498. | 43 | .717 | 1.395 |
| 1974 | 719. | 496. | 44 | .733 | 1.364 |
| 1975 | 617. | 493. | 45 | .750 | 1.333 |
| 1976 | 634. | 493. | 46 | .767 | 1.304 |
| 1977 | 439. | 481. | 47 | .783 | 1.277 |
| 1978 | 515. | 479. | 48 | .800 | 1.250 |
| 1979 | 481. | 453. | 49 | .817 | 1.224 |
| 1980 | 685. | 447. | 50 | .833 | 1.200 |
| 1981 | 617. | 439. | 51 | .850 | 1.176 |
| 1982 | 623. | 439. | 52 | .867 | 1.154 |
| 1983 | 807. | 430. | 53 | .883 | 1.132 |
| 1984 | 631. | 416. | 54 | .900 | 1.111 |
| 1985 | 580. | 402. | 55 | .917 | 1.091 |

KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

| YEAR | DATA | ORDERED | RANK | PROBABILITY | RETURN PERIOD |
|------|------|---------|------|-------------|---------------|
| 1986 | 725. | 396. | 56 | .933 | 1.071 |
| 1987 | 612. | 385. | 57 | .950 | 1.053 |
| 1988 | 518. | 377. | 58 | .967 | 1.034 |
| 1989 | 498. | 348. | 59 | .983 | 1.017 |

STATISTICS OF DATA SERIES

SAMPLE SIZE = 59

MEAN = 592.9

MIN. = 348.0

MAX. = 968.0

S.D. = 131.5

C.S. = .3439

C.K. = 3.0289

STATISTICS OF OF LOGS OF DATA SERIES

MEAN = 6.3605

MIN. = 5.8522

MAX. = 6.8752

S.D. = .2252

C.S. = -.1912

C.K. = 2.6442

NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

MEAN = 592.915

S.D. = 131.508

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 325.444 | 253.894 | 182.344 | 14.020 |
| 1.050 | 426.689 | 373.461 | 320.234 | 7.091 |
| 1.250 | 522.302 | 482.258 | 442.214 | 4.131 |
| 2.000 | 627.327 | 592.914 | 558.501 | 2.888 |
| 5.000 | 743.616 | 703.572 | 663.529 | 2.832 |
| 10.000 | 807.915 | 761.472 | 715.028 | 3.034 |
| 20.000 | 862.064 | 809.273 | 756.481 | 3.245 |
| 50.000 | 923.743 | 863.057 | 802.370 | 3.498 |
| 100.000 | 965.162 | 898.905 | 832.648 | 3.667 |
| 200.000 | 1003.223 | 931.710 | 860.197 | 3.819 |
| 500.000 | 1049.502 | 971.461 | 893.419 | 3.997 |
| 1000.000 | 1082.046 | 999.343 | 916.640 | 4.117 |
| 10000.000 | 1178.831 | 1082.009 | 985.187 | 4.452 |

LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

MEAN = 6.361

S.D. = .225

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 365.960 | 323.762 | 286.429 | 6.095 |
| 1.050 | 435.235 | 397.321 | 362.710 | 4.534 |
| 1.250 | 512.657 | 478.683 | 446.961 | 3.411 |
| 2.000 | 613.660 | 578.545 | 545.439 | 2.932- |
| 5.000 | 748.870 | 699.243 | 652.904 | 3.411 |
| 10.000 | 836.031 | 772.120 | 713.095 | 3.957 |
| 20.000 | 917.255 | 837.976 | 765.550 | 4.497 |
| 50.000 | 1019.430 | 918.815 | 828.131 | 5.170 |
| 100.000 | 1094.356 | 976.983 | 872.198 | 5.644 |
| 200.000 | 1168.054 | 1033.432 | 914.326 | 6.092 |
| 500.000 | 1264.381 | 1106.223 | 967.849 | 6.648 |
| 1000.000 | 1336.839 | 1160.318 | 1007.105 | 7.045 |
| 10000.000 | 1577.803 | 1336.754 | 1132.531 | 8.248 |

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

ALPHA = 22.610
BETA = 33.831
GAMMA = -171.990

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 385.808 | 296.061 | 206.314 | 4465.033 |
| 1.050 | 436.427 | 387.638 | 338.849 | 2427.333 |
| 1.250 | 517.186 | 480.705 | 444.224 | 1814.968 |
| 2.000 | 622.867 | 585.402 | 547.937 | 1863.929 |
| 5.000 | 744.577 | 700.739 | 656.902 | 2180.960 |
| 10.000 | 820.156 | 765.498 | 710.841 | 2719.284 |
| 20.000 | 891.244 | 821.315 | 751.387 | 3479.031 |
| 50.000 | 981.107 | 886.718 | 792.330 | 4695.941 |
| 100.000 | 1046.774 | 931.869 | 816.963 | 5716.690 |
| 200.000 | 1110.874 | 974.294 | 837.713 | 6795.059 |
| 500.000 | 1193.671 | 1027.142 | 860.612 | 8285.060 |
| 1000.000 | 1255.107 | 1065.163 | 875.219 | 9449.935 |
| 10000.000 | 1453.739 | 1182.598 | 911.458 | 13489.556 |

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

NO MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD SOLUTION FOR PEARSON III

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

ALPHA = -.022
 BETA = 109.373
 GAMMA = 8.716

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 383.161 | 310.878 | 252.231 | 10.401 |
| 1.050 | 438.994 | 392.430 | 350.804 | 5.579 |
| 1.250 | 515.865 | 479.849 | 446.347 | 3.601 |
| 2.000 | 621.097 | 582.708 | 546.692 | 3.174 |
| 5.000 | 747.796 | 700.470 | 656.140 | 3.253 |
| 10.000 | 827.364 | 768.242 | 713.345 | 3.689 |
| 20.000 | 904.705 | 827.443 | 756.779 | 4.441 |
| 50.000 | 1007.815 | 897.597 | 799.433 | 5.762 |
| 100.000 | 1087.425 | 946.450 | 823.751 | 6.908 |
| 200.000 | 1168.793 | 992.622 | 843.005 | 8.128 |
| 500.000 | 1279.452 | 1050.447 | 862.430 | 9.812 |
| 1000.000 | 1365.762 | 1092.228 | 873.476 | 11.119 |
| 10000.000 | 1670.856 | 1221.968 | 893.677 | 15.566 |

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

ALPHA = -.031
 BETA = 53.646
 GAMMA = 7.999

MEAN = 6.361
 S.D. = .224
 C.S. = -.273

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 379.465 | 306.832 | 248.102 | 10.570 |
| 1.050 | 439.229 | 391.494 | 348.946 | 5.724 |
| 1.250 | 517.612 | 481.047 | 447.065 | 3.645 |
| 2.000 | 622.314 | 584.452 | 548.892 | 3.123 |
| 5.000 | 745.716 | 699.946 | 656.985 | 3.151 |
| 10.000 | 820.838 | 764.948 | 712.864 | 3.508 |
| 20.000 | 892.142 | 820.839 | 755.235 | 4.144 |
| 50.000 | 985.242 | 885.990 | 796.737 | 5.283 |
| 100.000 | 1055.894 | 930.666 | 820.290 | 6.281 |
| 200.000 | 1127.137 | 972.369 | 838.852 | 7.348 |
| 500.000 | 1222.585 | 1023.883 | 857.476 | 8.824 |
| 1000.000 | 1295.957 | 1060.613 | 868.008 | 9.970 |
| 10000.000 | 1548.570 | 1172.065 | 887.100 | 13.859 |

THREE PARAMETER LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

A = -559.424
M = 7.043
S = .114

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 395.197 | 294.488 | 219.442 | 14.634 |
| 1.050 | 439.947 | 387.532 | 341.362 | 6.311 |
| 1.250 | 518.734 | 480.977 | 445.968 | 3.760 |
| 2.000 | 623.948 | 585.482 | 549.388 | 3.166 |
| 5.000 | 745.721 | 700.488 | 657.999 | 3.113 |
| 10.000 | 821.692 | 765.194 | 712.581 | 3.544 |
| 20.000 | 894.265 | 821.112 | 753.944 | 4.246 |
| 50.000 | 988.143 | 886.856 | 795.951 | 5.380 |
| 100.000 | 1058.414 | 932.406 | 821.400 | 6.306 |
| 200.000 | 1128.444 | 975.344 | 843.016 | 7.254 |
| 500.000 | 1221.083 | 1029.034 | 867.190 | 8.513 |
| 1000.000 | 1291.467 | 1067.810 | 882.886 | 9.461 |
| 10000.000 | 1529.095 | 1188.427 | 923.657 | 12.540 |

THREE PARAMETER LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

A = -277.200
M = 6.757
S = .151

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 390.442 | 305.777 | 239.471 | 12.160 |
| 1.050 | 439.269 | 391.573 | 349.056 | 5.718 |
| 1.250 | 517.049 | 480.566 | 446.657 | 3.640 |
| 2.000 | 621.082 | 583.236 | 547.695 | 3.128 |
| 5.000 | 746.330 | 699.819 | 656.207 | 3.201 |
| 10.000 | 826.143 | 766.985 | 712.063 | 3.697 |
| 20.000 | 902.748 | 825.901 | 755.596 | 4.426 |
| 50.000 | 1002.325 | 896.175 | 801.268 | 5.569 |
| 100.000 | 1077.308 | 945.485 | 829.792 | 6.494 |
| 200.000 | 1152.452 | 992.421 | 854.612 | 7.438 |
| 500.000 | 1252.511 | 1051.716 | 883.112 | 8.693 |
| 1000.000 | 1329.024 | 1094.952 | 902.105 | 9.639 |
| 10000.000 | 1590.321 | 1231.585 | 953.770 | 12.718 |

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

A = .010

U = 533.737

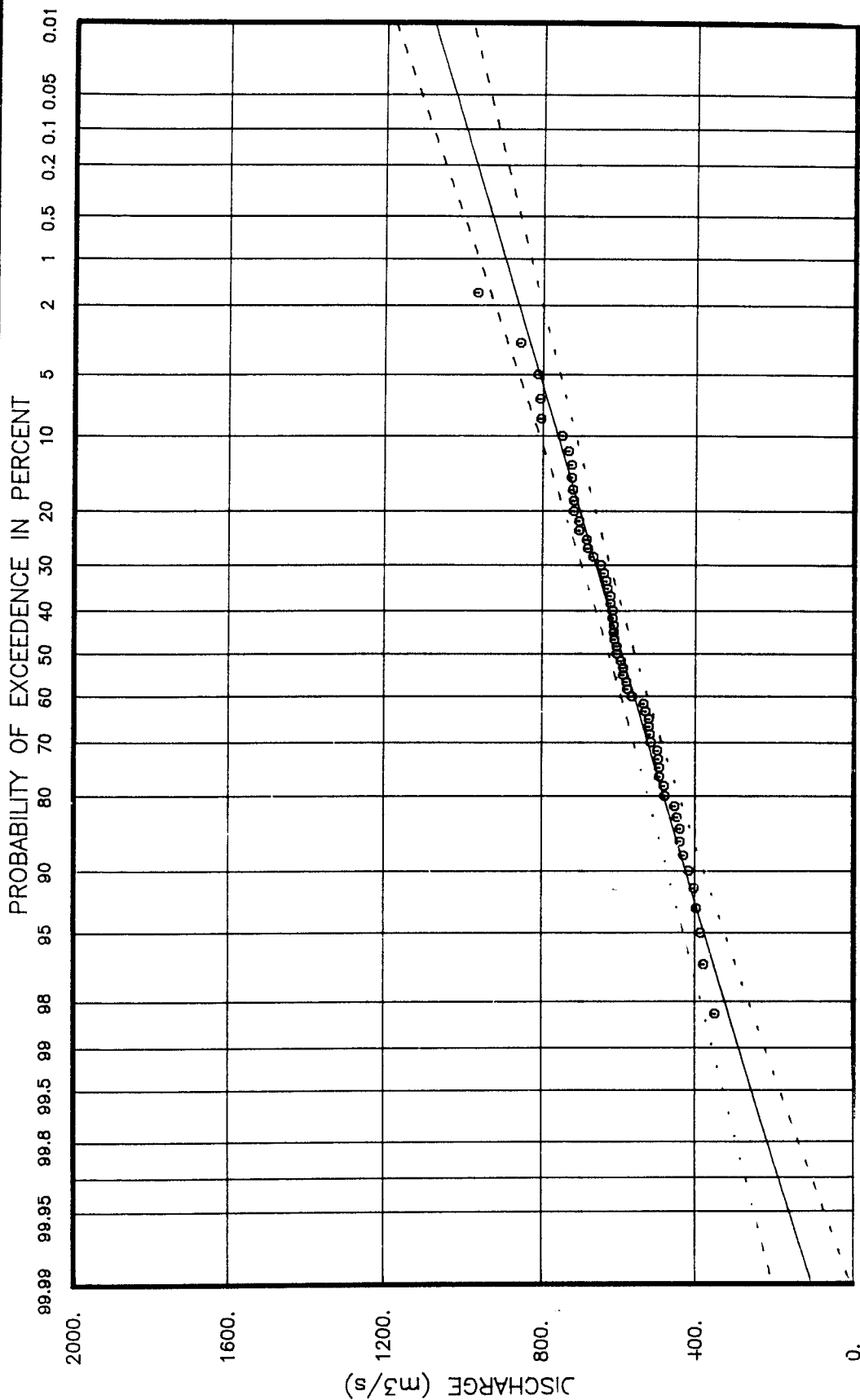
| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 415.660 | 362.666 | 309.672 | 7.270 |
| 1.050 | 460.384 | 419.574 | 378.764 | 4.839 |
| 1.250 | 515.829 | 484.939 | 454.050 | 3.169 |
| 2.000 | 602.952 | 571.319 | 539.686 | 2.755 |
| 5.000 | 740.787 | 687.541 | 634.295 | 3.853 |
| 10.000 | 836.381 | 764.490 | 692.598 | 4.679 |
| 20.000 | 929.097 | 838.301 | 747.505 | 5.389 |
| 50.000 | 1049.784 | 933.842 | 817.901 | 6.177 |
| 100.000 | 1140.488 | 1005.437 | 870.387 | 6.683 |
| 200.000 | 1230.993 | 1076.771 | 922.548 | 7.126 |
| 500.000 | 1350.529 | 1170.882 | 991.235 | 7.633 |
| 1000.000 | 1440.938 | 1242.008 | 1043.079 | 7.969 |
| 10000.000 | 1741.355 | 1478.162 | 1214.969 | 8.858 |

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

A = .009

U = 529.641

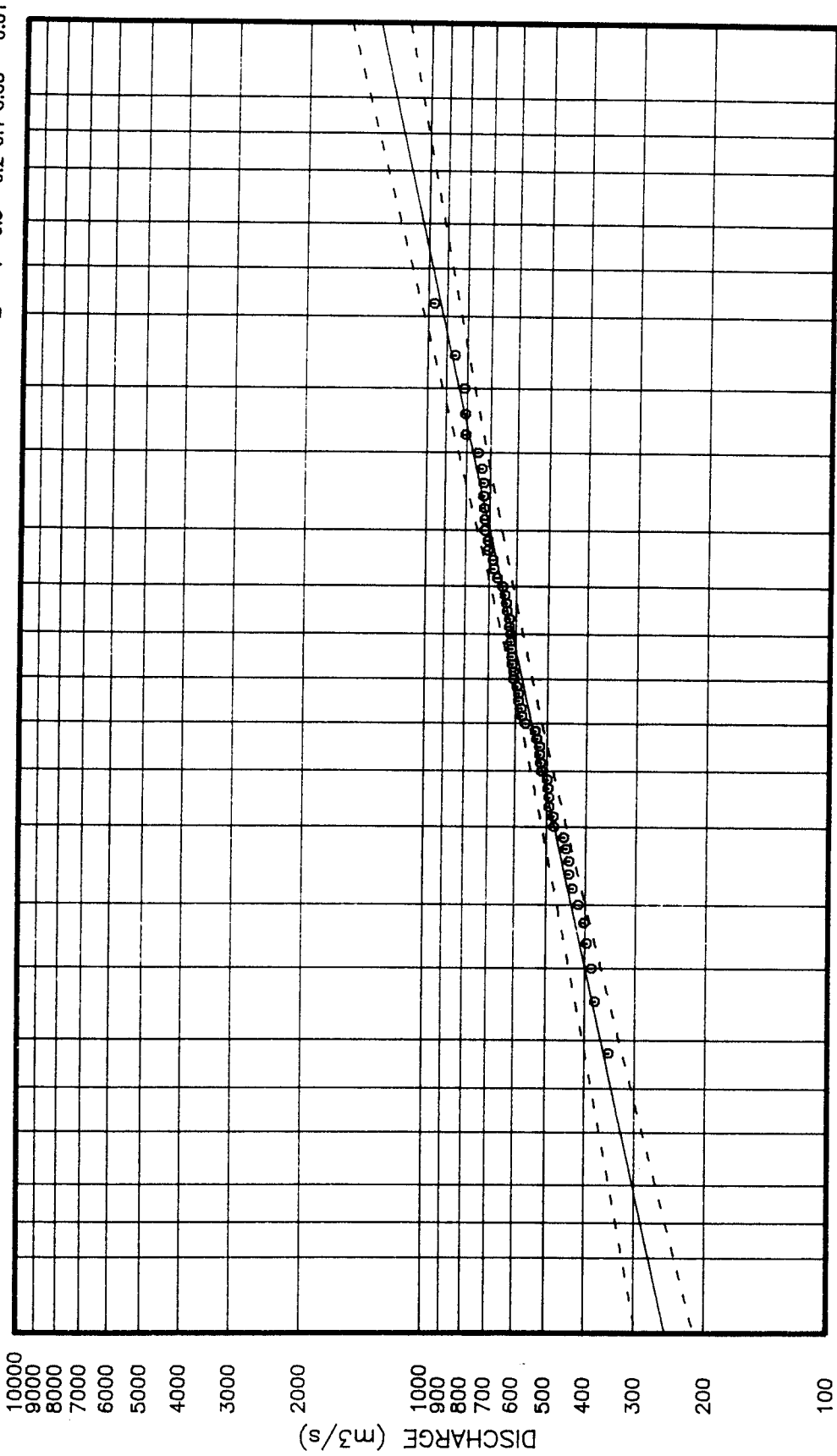
| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 378.699 | 336.461 | 294.224 | 6.245 |
| 1.050 | 435.138 | 400.724 | 366.311 | 4.273 |
| 1.250 | 504.864 | 474.537 | 444.211 | 3.179 |
| 2.000 | 607.659 | 572.080 | 536.502 | 3.094 |
| 5.000 | 757.926 | 703.323 | 648.719 | 3.863 |
| 10.000 | 860.263 | 790.216 | 720.169 | 4.410 |
| 20.000 | 959.263 | 873.567 | 787.871 | 4.881 |
| 50.000 | 1088.027 | 981.456 | 874.884 | 5.402 |
| 100.000 | 1184.779 | 1062.303 | 939.827 | 5.736 |
| 200.000 | 1281.315 | 1142.855 | 1004.396 | 6.027 |
| 500.000 | 1408.817 | 1249.129 | 1089.441 | 6.360 |
| 1000.000 | 1505.253 | 1329.448 | 1153.643 | 6.579 |
| 10000.000 | 1825.714 | 1596.122 | 1366.530 | 7.156 |



KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE
NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

PROBABILITY OF EXCEEDENCE IN PERCENT

99.99 99.95 99.8 99.5 99 98 95 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 5 2 1 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.05 0.01

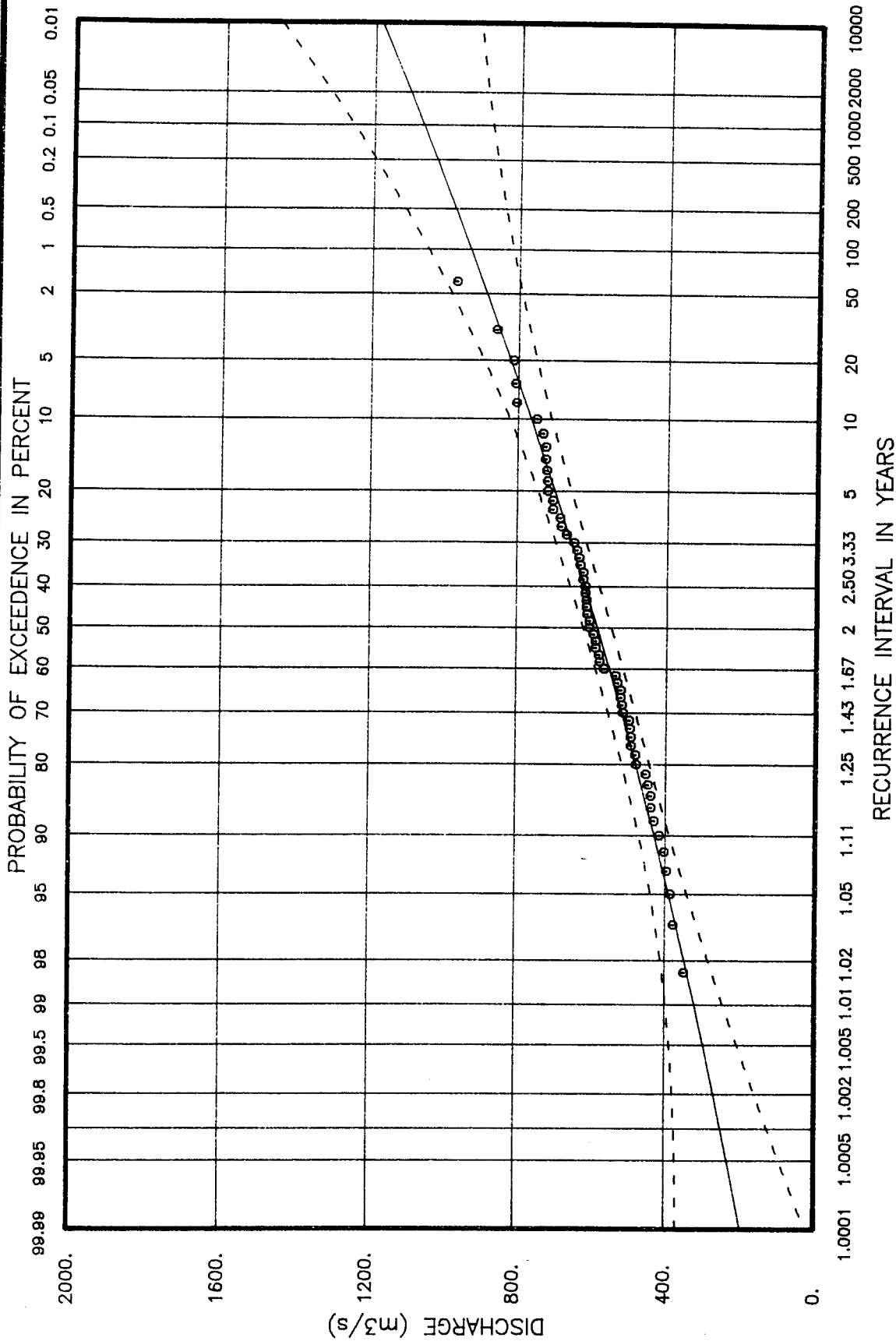


1.0001 1.0005 1.002 1.005 1.01 1.02 1.05 1.11 1 1.4 1.67 2 2.50 3.33 5 10 20 50 100 200 500 1000 2000 10000

RECURRENCE INTERVAL IN YEARS

KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE
LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

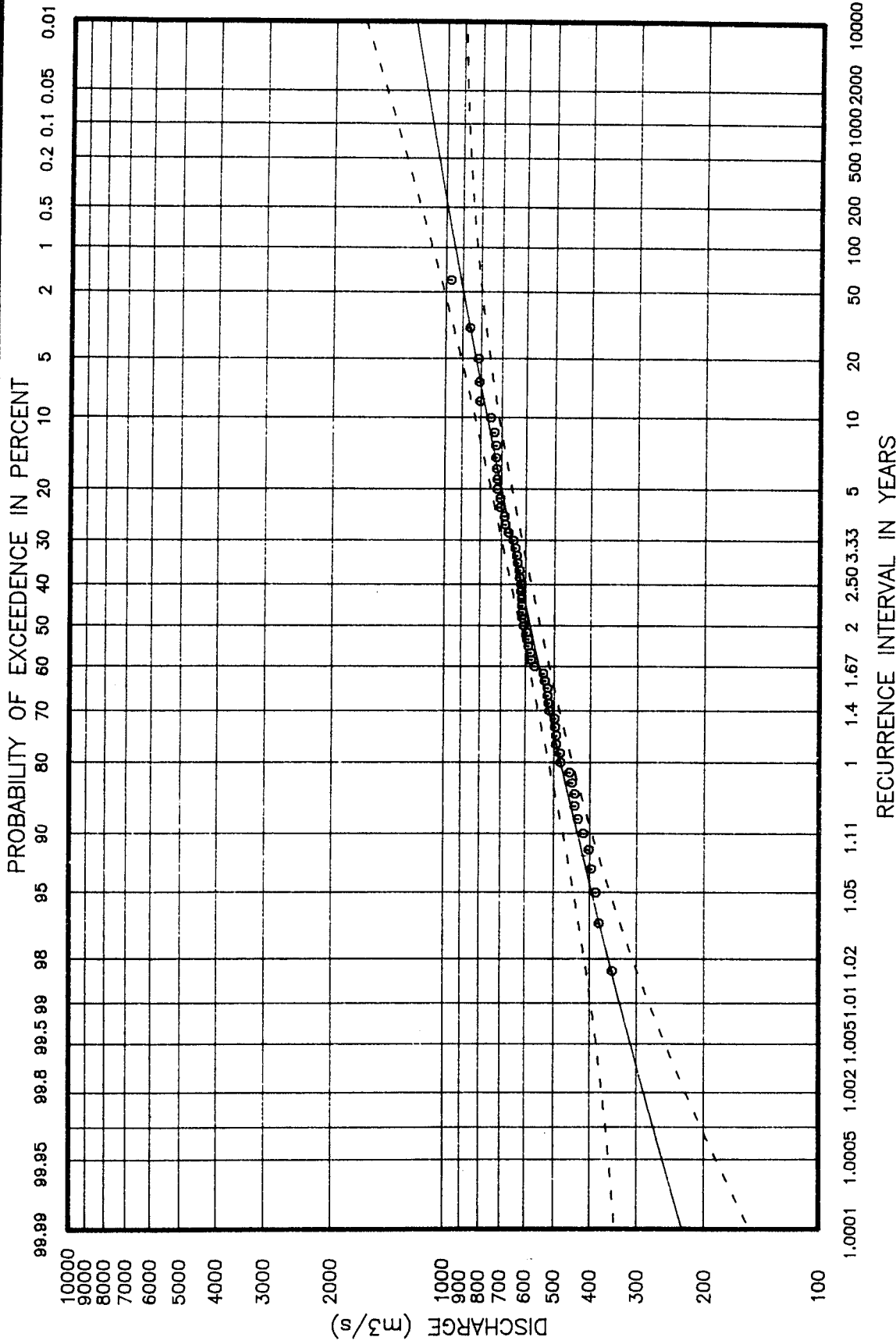




KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS

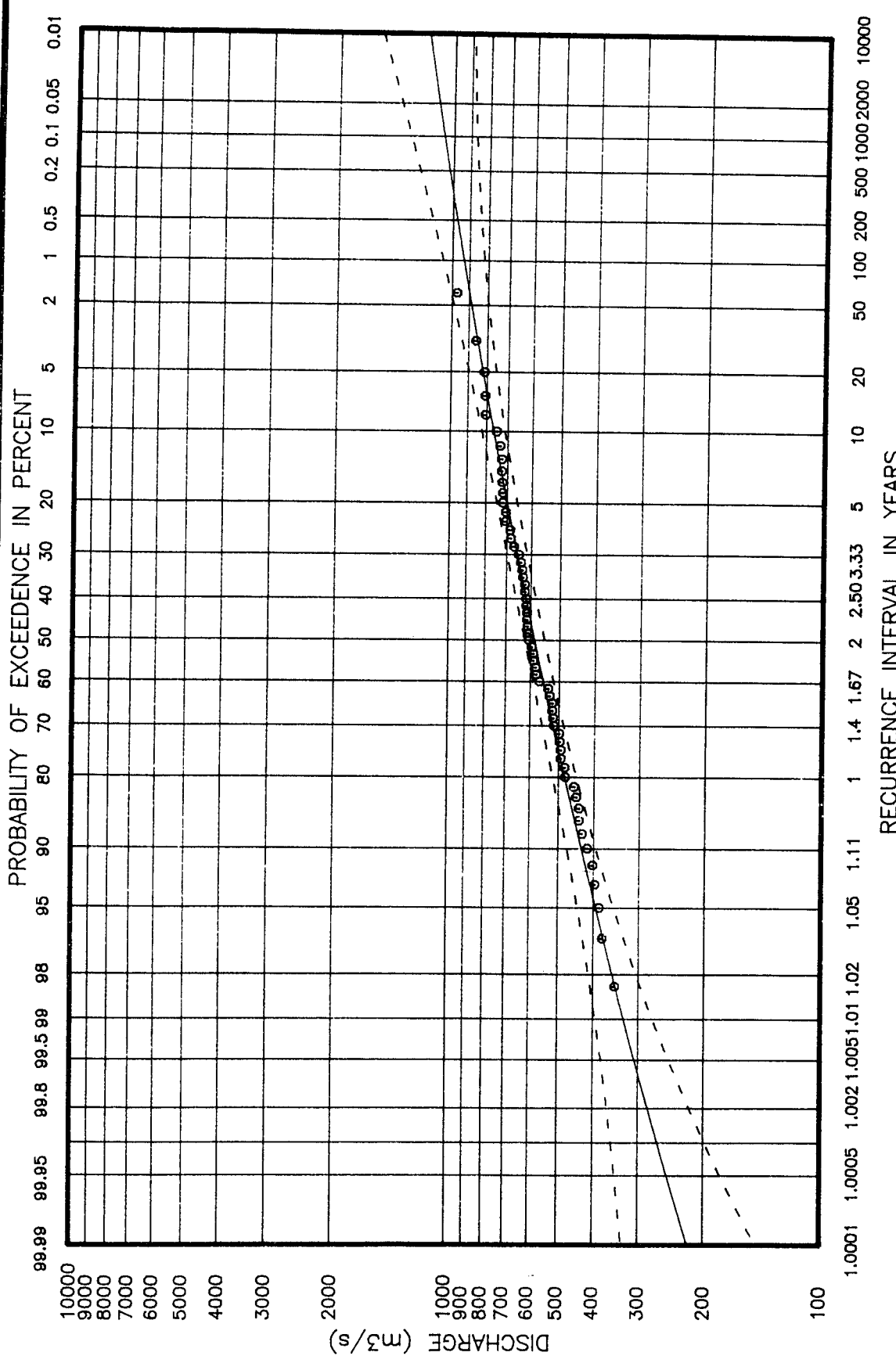




KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS

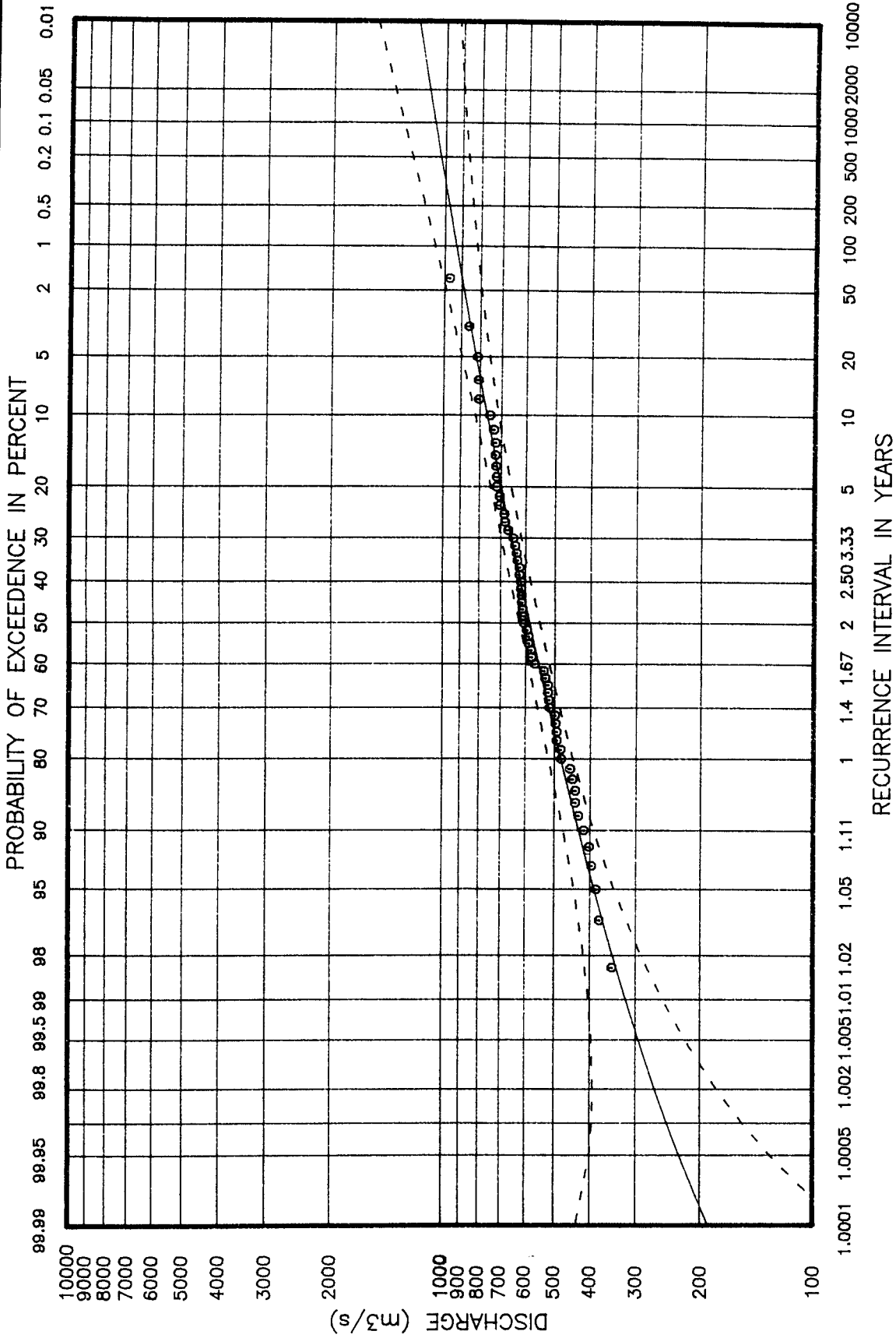




KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

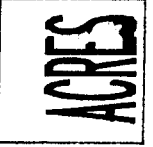


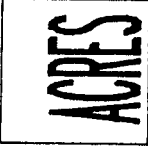


KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

THREE PARAMETER LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION

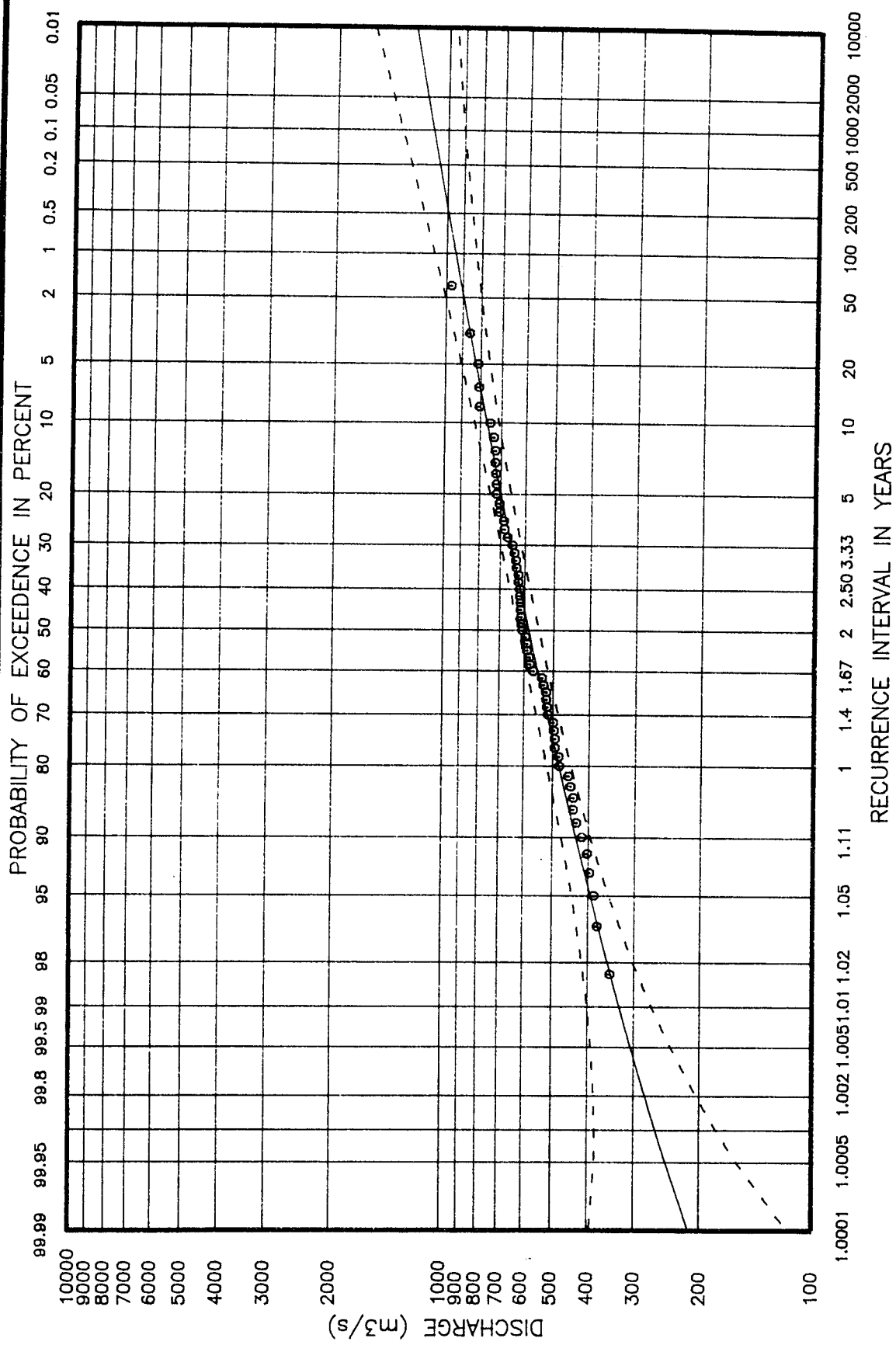
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS





KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

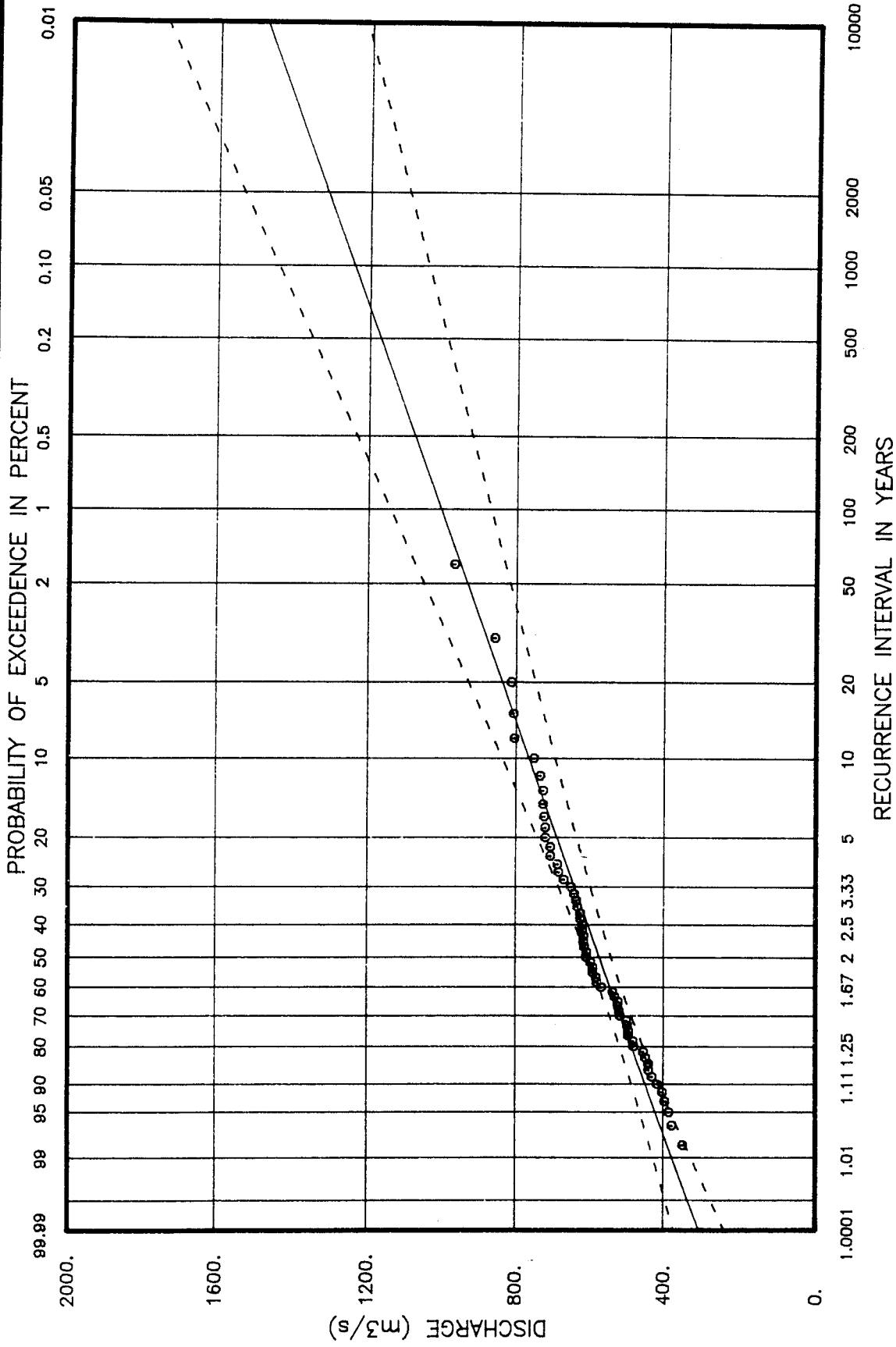
THREE PARAMETER LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD





KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

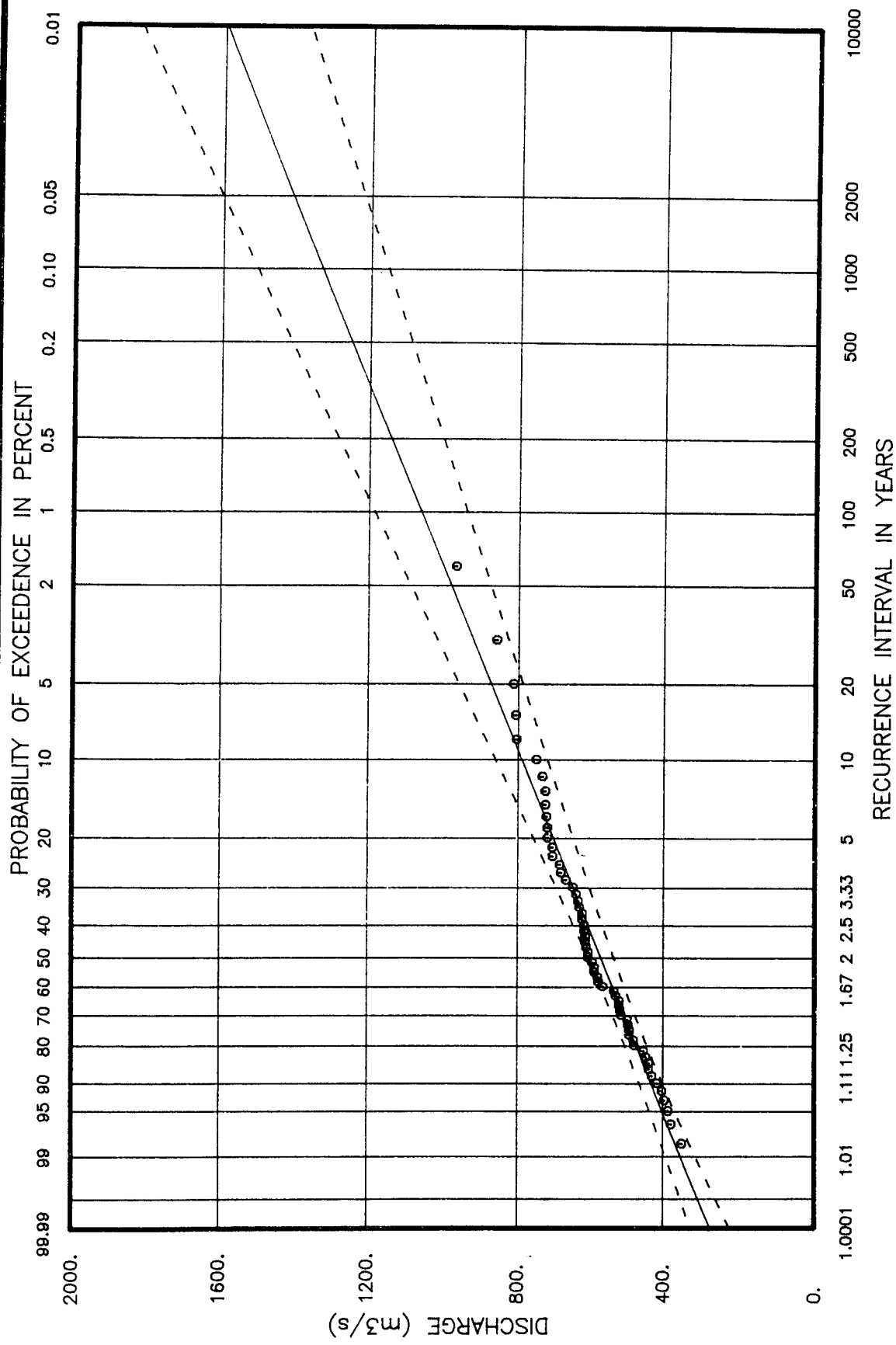
GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS





KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD



**KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER
(INSTANTANEOUS - WITH ESTIMATED PEAK FOR 1948)**

KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM INSTANTANEOUS DISCHARGE

| YEAR | DATA | ORDERED | RANK | PROBABILITY | RETURN PERIOD |
|------|-------|---------|------|-------------|---------------|
| 1932 | 544. | 1000. | 1 | .018 | 57.000 |
| 1933 | 674. | 898. | 2 | .035 | 28.500 |
| 1934 | 597. | 841. | 3 | .053 | 19.000 |
| 1935 | 547. | 835. | 4 | .070 | 14.250 |
| 1936 | 538. | 821. | 5 | .088 | 11.400 |
| 1937 | 436. | 776. | 6 | .105 | 9.500 |
| 1938 | 614. | 765. | 7 | .123 | 8.143 |
| 1940 | 487. | 756. | 8 | .140 | 7.125 |
| 1941 | 445. | 745. | 9 | .158 | 6.333 |
| 1942 | 776. | 745. | 10 | .175 | 5.700 |
| 1943 | 391. | 736. | 11 | .193 | 5.182 |
| 1944 | 362. | 731. | 12 | .211 | 4.750 |
| 1945 | 614. | 719. | 13 | .228 | 4.385 |
| 1946 | 623. | 719. | 14 | .246 | 4.071 |
| 1948 | 1000. | 714. | 15 | .263 | 3.800 |
| 1949 | 714. | 699. | 16 | .281 | 3.563 |
| 1950 | 578. | 691. | 17 | .298 | 3.353 |
| 1951 | 756. | 674. | 18 | .316 | 3.167 |
| 1952 | 699. | 674. | 19 | .333 | 3.000 |
| 1953 | 614. | 663. | 20 | .351 | 2.850 |
| 1954 | 765. | 663. | 21 | .368 | 2.714 |
| 1955 | 691. | 660. | 22 | .386 | 2.591 |
| 1956 | 898. | 648. | 23 | .404 | 2.478 |
| 1957 | 719. | 646. | 24 | .421 | 2.375 |
| 1958 | 623. | 646. | 25 | .439 | 2.280 |
| 1959 | 603. | 643. | 26 | .456 | 2.192 |
| 1960 | 535. | 629. | 27 | .474 | 2.111 |
| 1961 | 745. | 623. | 28 | .491 | 2.036 |
| 1962 | 442. | 623. | 29 | .509 | 1.966 |
| 1963 | 501. | 614. | 30 | .526 | 1.900 |
| 1964 | 629. | 614. | 31 | .544 | 1.839 |
| 1965 | 507. | 614. | 32 | .561 | 1.781 |
| 1966 | 411. | 603. | 33 | .579 | 1.727 |
| 1967 | 674. | 597. | 34 | .596 | 1.676 |
| 1968 | 646. | 595. | 35 | .614 | 1.629 |
| 1969 | 731. | 578. | 36 | .632 | 1.583 |
| 1970 | 439. | 547. | 37 | .649 | 1.541 |
| 1971 | 841. | 544. | 38 | .667 | 1.500 |
| 1972 | 835. | 541. | 39 | .684 | 1.462 |
| 1973 | 513. | 538. | 40 | .702 | 1.425 |
| 1974 | 736. | 535. | 41 | .719 | 1.390 |
| 1975 | 648. | 532. | 42 | .737 | 1.357 |
| 1976 | 663. | 521. | 43 | .754 | 1.326 |
| 1977 | 453. | 513. | 44 | .772 | 1.295 |
| 1978 | 532. | 507. | 45 | .789 | 1.267 |
| 1979 | 493. | 501. | 46 | .807 | 1.239 |
| 1980 | 719. | 493. | 47 | .825 | 1.213 |
| 1981 | 663. | 487. | 48 | .842 | 1.188 |
| 1982 | 646. | 453. | 49 | .860 | 1.163 |
| 1983 | 821. | 445. | 50 | .877 | 1.140 |
| 1984 | 660. | 442. | 51 | .895 | 1.118 |
| 1985 | 595. | 439. | 52 | .912 | 1.096 |
| 1986 | 745. | 436. | 53 | .930 | 1.075 |
| 1987 | 643. | 411. | 54 | .947 | 1.056 |
| 1988 | 541. | 391. | 55 | .965 | 1.036 |

KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM INSTANTANEOUS DISCHARGE

| YEAR | DATA | ORDERED | RANK | PROBABILITY | RETURN PERIOD |
|------|------|---------|------|-------------|---------------|
| 1989 | 521. | 362. | 56 | .982 | 1.018 |

STATISTICS OF DATA SERIES

SAMPLE SIZE = 56

| | | | | | |
|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| MEAN = | 622.1 | MIN. = | 362.0 | MAX. = | 1000.0 |
| S.D. = | 133.2 | C.S. = | .3230 | C.K. = | 3.1509 |

STATISTICS OF OF LOGS OF DATA SERIES

| | | | | | |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| MEAN = | 6.4101 | MIN. = | 5.8916 | MAX. = | 6.9078 |
| S.D. = | .2179 | C.S. = | -.2394 | C.K. = | 2.8252 |

NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

MEAN = 622.071
S.D. = 133.162

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 353.152 | 278.787 | 204.421 | 13.271 |
| 1.050 | 455.179 | 399.858 | 344.536 | 6.883 |
| 1.250 | 551.642 | 510.023 | 468.404 | 4.060 |
| 2.000 | 657.837 | 622.070 | 586.303 | 2.861 |
| 5.000 | 775.739 | 734.120 | 692.501 | 2.821 |
| 10.000 | 841.018 | 792.748 | 744.477 | 3.029 |
| 20.000 | 896.018 | 841.150 | 786.281 | 3.245 |
| 50.000 | 958.684 | 895.610 | 832.536 | 3.504 |
| 100.000 | 1000.773 | 931.909 | 863.046 | 3.676 |
| 200.000 | 1039.454 | 965.127 | 890.800 | 3.831 |
| 500.000 | 1086.490 | 1005.378 | 924.266 | 4.014 |
| 1000.000 | 1119.567 | 1033.610 | 947.653 | 4.137 |
| 10000.000 | 1217.947 | 1117.316 | 1016.685 | 4.481 |

LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

MEAN = 6.410
S.D. = .218

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 391.519 | 346.654 | 306.931 | 6.055 |
| 1.050 | 462.669 | 422.620 | 386.037 | 4.504 |
| 1.250 | 541.792 | 506.118 | 472.792 | 3.389 |
| 2.000 | 644.633 | 607.982 | 573.415 | 2.912 |
| 5.000 | 781.833 | 730.352 | 682.261 | 3.389 |
| 10.000 | 869.985 | 803.901 | 742.837 | 3.930 |
| 20.000 | 951.928 | 870.172 | 795.438 | 4.468 |
| 50.000 | 1054.738 | 951.292 | 857.991 | 5.136 |
| 100.000 | 1129.952 | 1009.518 | 901.921 | 5.607 |
| 200.000 | 1203.797 | 1065.918 | 943.832 | 6.052 |
| 500.000 | 1300.123 | 1138.500 | 996.968 | 6.604 |
| 1000.000 | 1372.445 | 1192.339 | 1035.867 | 6.999 |
| 10000.000 | 1612.204 | 1367.398 | 1159.764 | 8.194 |

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

ALPHA = 21.504
BETA = 38.345
GAMMA = -202.509

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 412.833 | 318.922 | 225.012 | 4672.165 |
| 1.050 | 464.545 | 413.302 | 362.060 | 2549.379 |
| 1.250 | 546.668 | 508.508 | 470.347 | 1898.539 |
| 2.000 | 653.825 | 614.923 | 576.020 | 1935.433 |
| 5.000 | 776.802 | 731.462 | 686.121 | 2255.749 |
| 10.000 | 852.971 | 796.625 | 740.279 | 2803.299 |
| 20.000 | 924.541 | 852.653 | 780.765 | 3576.538 |
| 50.000 | 1014.947 | 918.154 | 821.361 | 4815.577 |
| 100.000 | 1080.968 | 963.284 | 845.600 | 5854.937 |
| 200.000 | 1145.381 | 1005.630 | 865.879 | 6952.786 |
| 500.000 | 1228.532 | 1058.301 | 888.069 | 8469.233 |
| 1000.000 | 1290.197 | 1096.144 | 902.092 | 9654.351 |
| 10000.000 | 1489.379 | 1212.780 | 936.180 | 13761.165 |

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

NO MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD SOLUTION FOR PEARSON III

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

ALPHA = -.026
 BETA = 69.778
 GAMMA = 8.231

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 409.229 | 330.007 | 266.121 | 10.705 |
| 1.050 | 466.832 | 416.379 | 371.380 | 5.690 |
| 1.250 | 545.970 | 507.663 | 472.045 | 3.619 |
| 2.000 | 653.468 | 613.284 | 575.570 | 3.158 |
| 5.000 | 780.229 | 731.829 | 686.431 | 3.186 |
| 10.000 | 858.525 | 798.911 | 743.437 | 3.580 |
| 20.000 | 934.153 | 856.836 | 785.918 | 4.298 |
| 50.000 | 1034.449 | 924.676 | 826.552 | 5.581 |
| 100.000 | 1111.449 | 971.409 | 849.015 | 6.700 |
| 200.000 | 1189.732 | 1015.199 | 866.269 | 7.893 |
| 500.000 | 1295.521 | 1069.525 | 882.953 | 9.537 |
| 1000.000 | 1377.504 | 1108.425 | 891.907 | 10.813 |
| 10000.000 | 1663.837 | 1227.361 | 905.387 | 15.137 |

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

ALPHA = -.032
 BETA = 46.698
 GAMMA = 7.888

MEAN = 6.410
 S.D. = .216
 S.S. = -.293

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 405.802 | 327.988 | 265.096 | 10.591 |
| 1.050 | 467.140 | 416.309 | 371.008 | 5.731 |
| 1.250 | 547.332 | 508.784 | 472.951 | 3.633 |
| 2.000 | 653.861 | 614.414 | 577.346 | 3.096 |
| 5.000 | 778.133 | 731.002 | 686.726 | 3.108 |
| 10.000 | 853.085 | 795.995 | 742.725 | 3.446 |
| 20.000 | 923.884 | 851.524 | 784.831 | 4.058 |
| 50.000 | 1015.945 | 915.846 | 825.610 | 5.160 |
| 100.000 | 1085.548 | 959.702 | 848.445 | 6.130 |
| 200.000 | 1155.511 | 1000.455 | 866.207 | 7.169 |
| 500.000 | 1248.897 | 1050.553 | 883.709 | 8.604 |
| 1000.000 | 1320.424 | 1086.108 | 893.373 | 9.719 |
| 10000.000 | 1565.038 | 1193.156 | 909.641 | 13.498 |

THREE PARAMETER LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

A = -619.542
M = 7.118
S = .107

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 422.716 | 317.526 | 238.512 | 14.236 |
| 1.050 | 468.165 | 413.216 | 364.717 | 6.211 |
| 1.250 | 548.240 | 508.752 | 472.109 | 3.719 |
| 2.000 | 654.943 | 614.990 | 577.475 | 3.131 |
| 5.000 | 778.014 | 731.235 | 687.268 | 3.085 |
| 10.000 | 854.591 | 796.356 | 742.089 | 3.511 |
| 20.000 | 927.628 | 852.478 | 783.416 | 4.203 |
| 50.000 | 1021.964 | 918.288 | 825.131 | 5.322 |
| 100.000 | 1092.478 | 963.779 | 850.242 | 6.236 |
| 200.000 | 1162.667 | 1006.586 | 871.458 | 7.172 |
| 500.000 | 1255.392 | 1060.010 | 895.037 | 8.416 |
| 1000.000 | 1325.749 | 1098.527 | 910.248 | 9.354 |
| 10000.000 | 1562.751 | 1217.993 | 949.292 | 12.400 |

THREE PARAMETER LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

A = -427.006
M = 6.948
S = .127

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 417.537 | 323.774 | 251.067 | 12.653 |
| 1.050 | 467.325 | 415.454 | 369.341 | 5.853 |
| 1.250 | 547.346 | 508.569 | 472.540 | 3.656 |
| 2.000 | 653.277 | 613.838 | 576.780 | 3.098 |
| 5.000 | 778.420 | 730.955 | 686.385 | 3.130 |
| 10.000 | 857.040 | 797.395 | 741.902 | 3.589 |
| 20.000 | 931.943 | 855.111 | 784.612 | 4.281 |
| 50.000 | 1028.626 | 923.309 | 828.775 | 5.374 |
| 100.000 | 1100.959 | 970.768 | 855.972 | 6.261 |
| 200.000 | 1173.066 | 1015.657 | 879.371 | 7.168 |
| 500.000 | 1268.523 | 1071.988 | 905.903 | 8.375 |
| 1000.000 | 1341.112 | 1112.807 | 923.367 | 9.284 |
| 10000.000 | 1586.638 | 1240.479 | 969.843 | 12.245 |

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

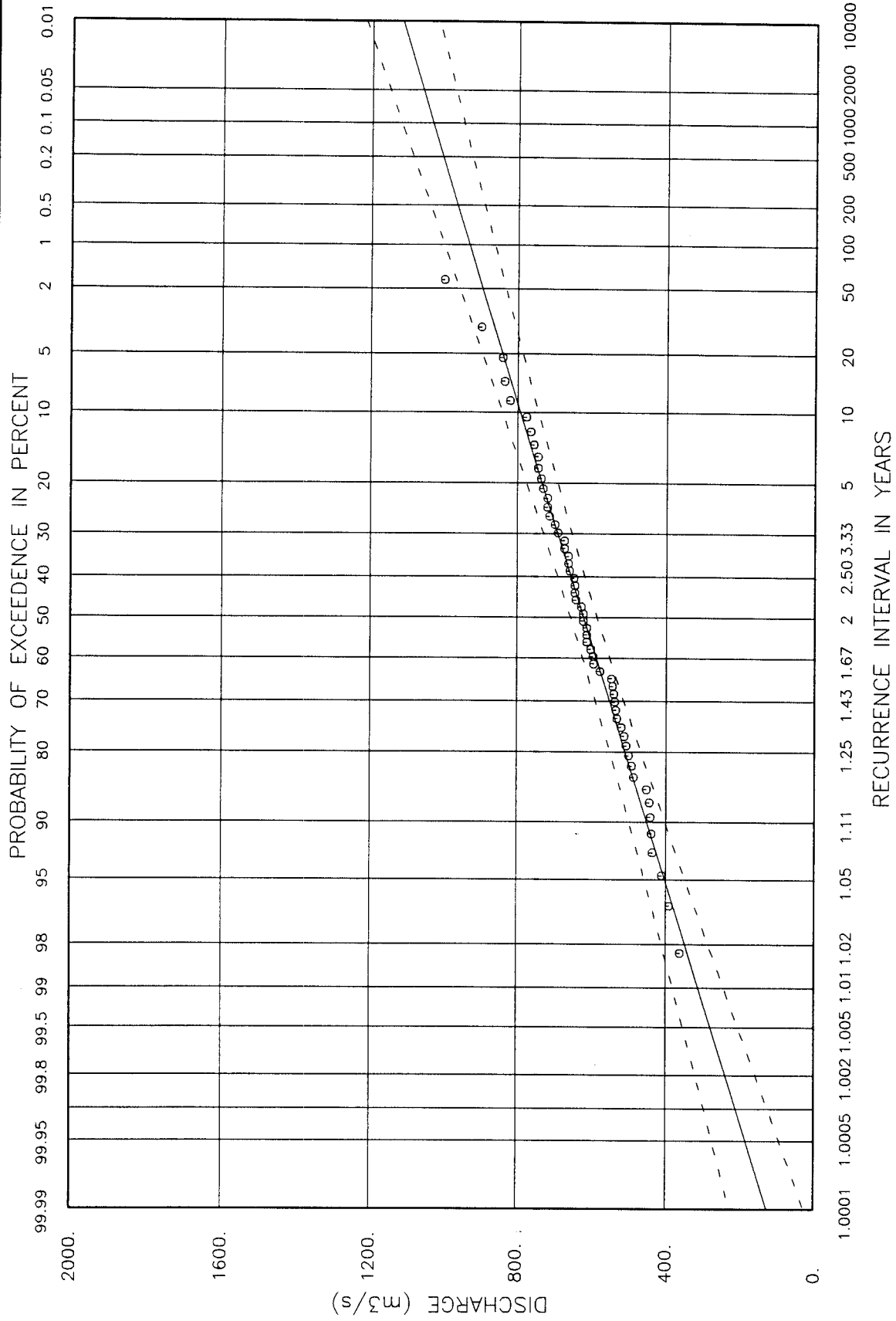
A = .010
U = 562.149

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 444.005 | 388.926 | 333.847 | 7.046 |
| 1.050 | 488.966 | 446.550 | 404.135 | 4.726 |
| 1.250 | 544.842 | 512.738 | 480.633 | 3.115 |
| 2.000 | 633.081 | 600.204 | 567.327 | 2.725 |
| 5.000 | 773.228 | 717.887 | 662.546 | 3.835 |
| 10.000 | 870.524 | 795.804 | 721.084 | 4.671 |
| 20.000 | 964.912 | 870.543 | 776.175 | 5.393 |
| 50.000 | 1087.790 | 967.286 | 846.783 | 6.198 |
| 100.000 | 1180.145 | 1039.781 | 899.417 | 6.716 |
| 200.000 | 1272.302 | 1112.012 | 951.721 | 7.171 |
| 500.000 | 1394.021 | 1207.306 | 1020.591 | 7.694 |
| 1000.000 | 1486.083 | 1279.327 | 1072.571 | 8.040 |
| 10000.000 | 1791.999 | 1518.451 | 1244.902 | 8.963 |

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

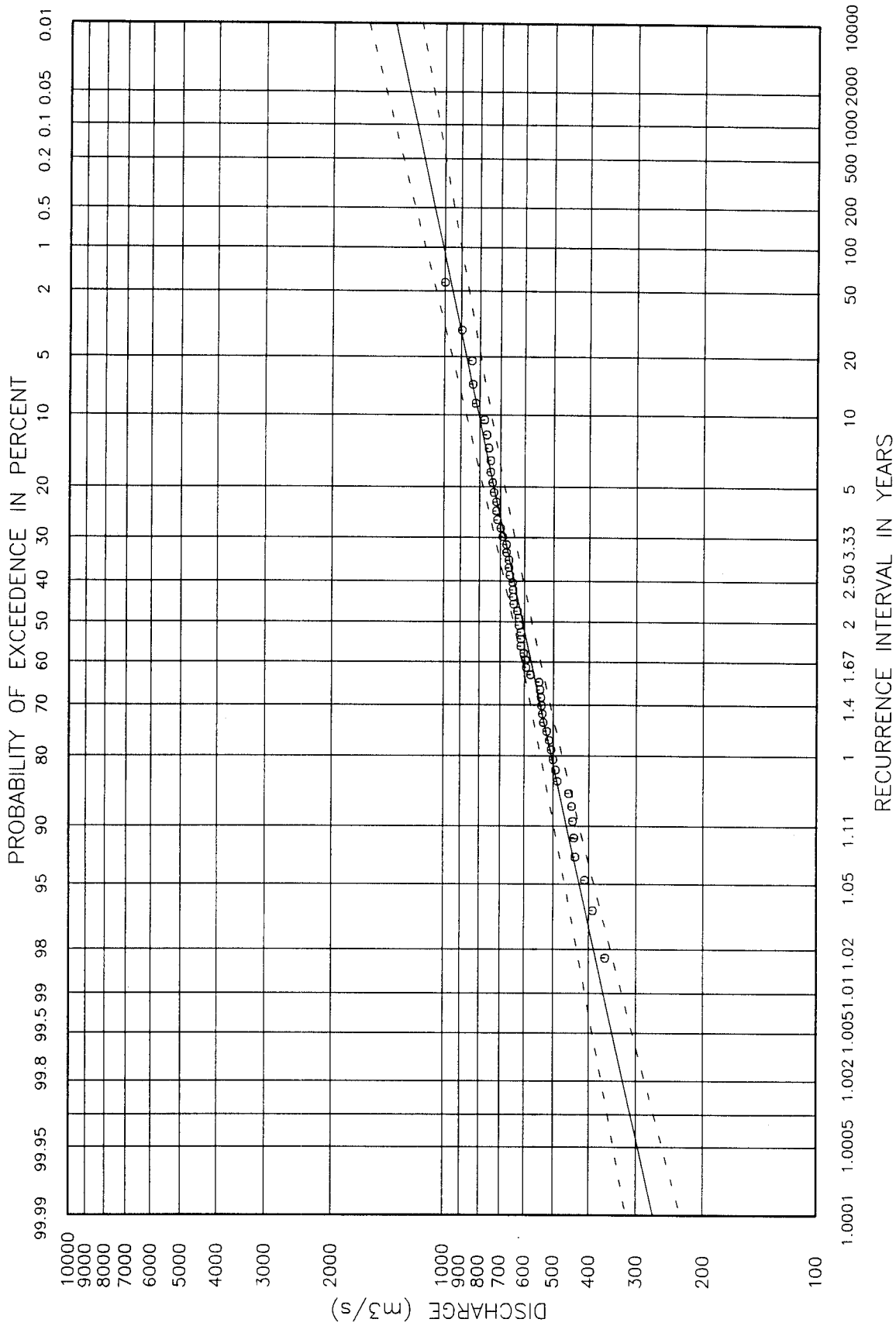
A = .008
U = 557.836

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 403.867 | 359.314 | 314.762 | 6.169 |
| 1.050 | 461.654 | 425.354 | 389.055 | 4.246 |
| 1.250 | 533.197 | 501.208 | 469.219 | 3.175 |
| 2.000 | 638.978 | 601.448 | 563.919 | 3.104 |
| 5.000 | 793.916 | 736.319 | 678.722 | 3.892 |
| 10.000 | 899.502 | 825.616 | 751.729 | 4.452 |
| 20.000 | 1001.664 | 911.271 | 820.877 | 4.935 |
| 50.000 | 1134.556 | 1022.142 | 909.729 | 5.472 |
| 100.000 | 1234.415 | 1105.225 | 976.036 | 5.815 |
| 200.000 | 1334.054 | 1188.005 | 1041.955 | 6.116 |
| 500.000 | 1465.658 | 1297.217 | 1128.776 | 6.460 |
| 1000.000 | 1565.199 | 1379.757 | 1194.315 | 6.687 |
| 10000.000 | 1895.982 | 1653.804 | 1411.626 | 7.285 |

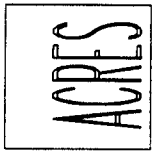


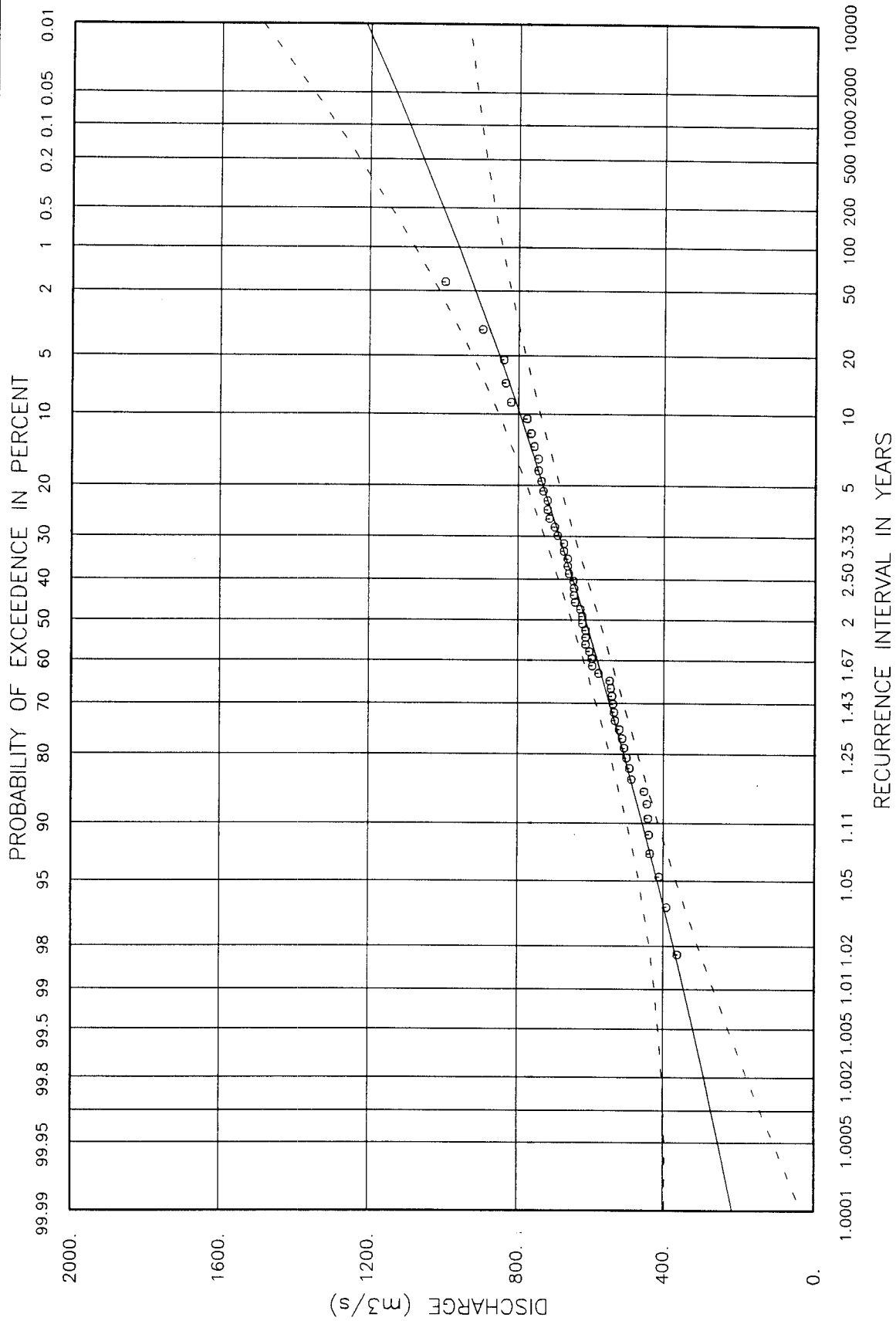
KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM INSTANTANEOUS DISCHARGE
 NORMAL DISTRIBUTION





KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM INSTANTANEOUS DISCHARGE
LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

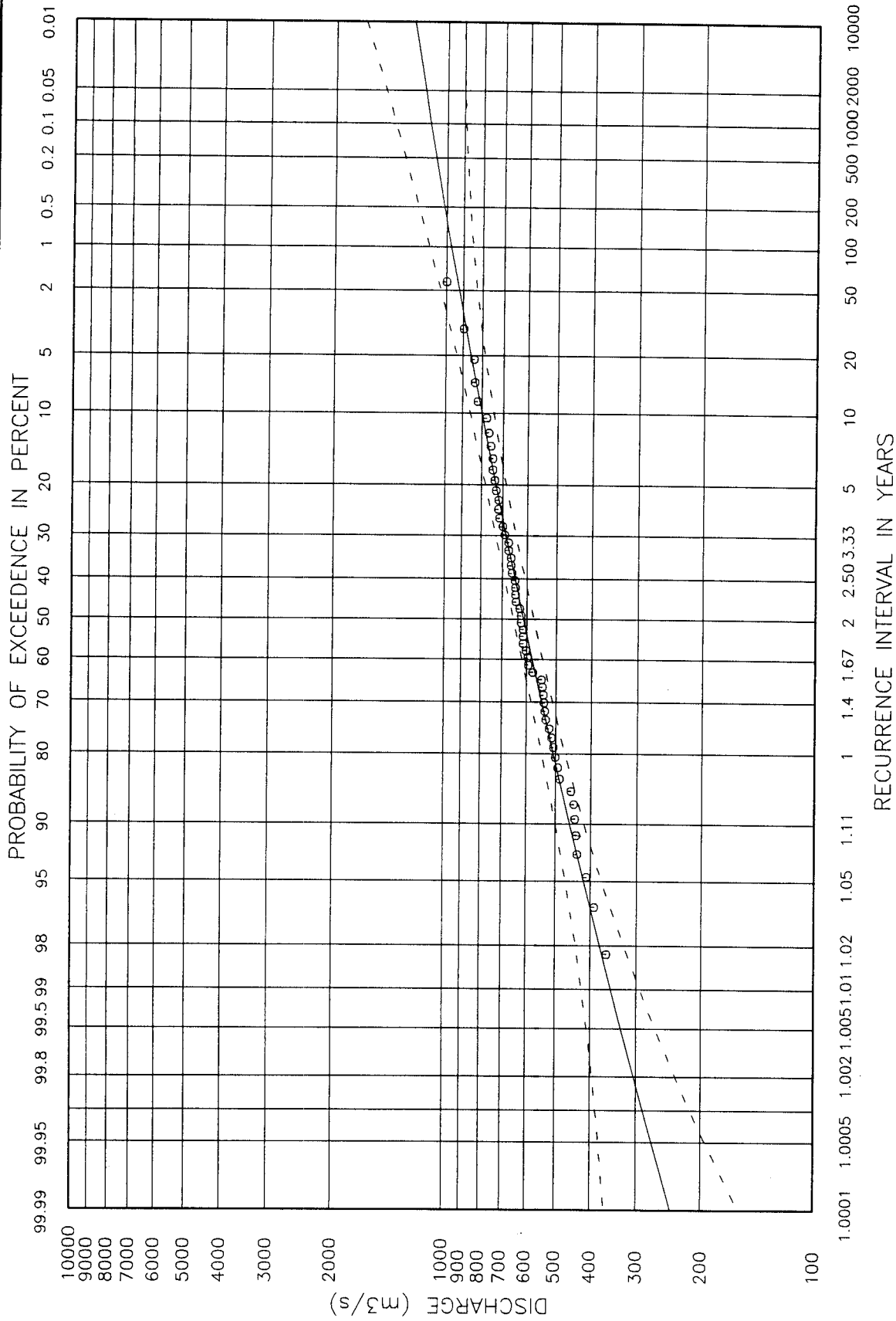




KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM INSTANTANEOUS DISCHARGE

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS

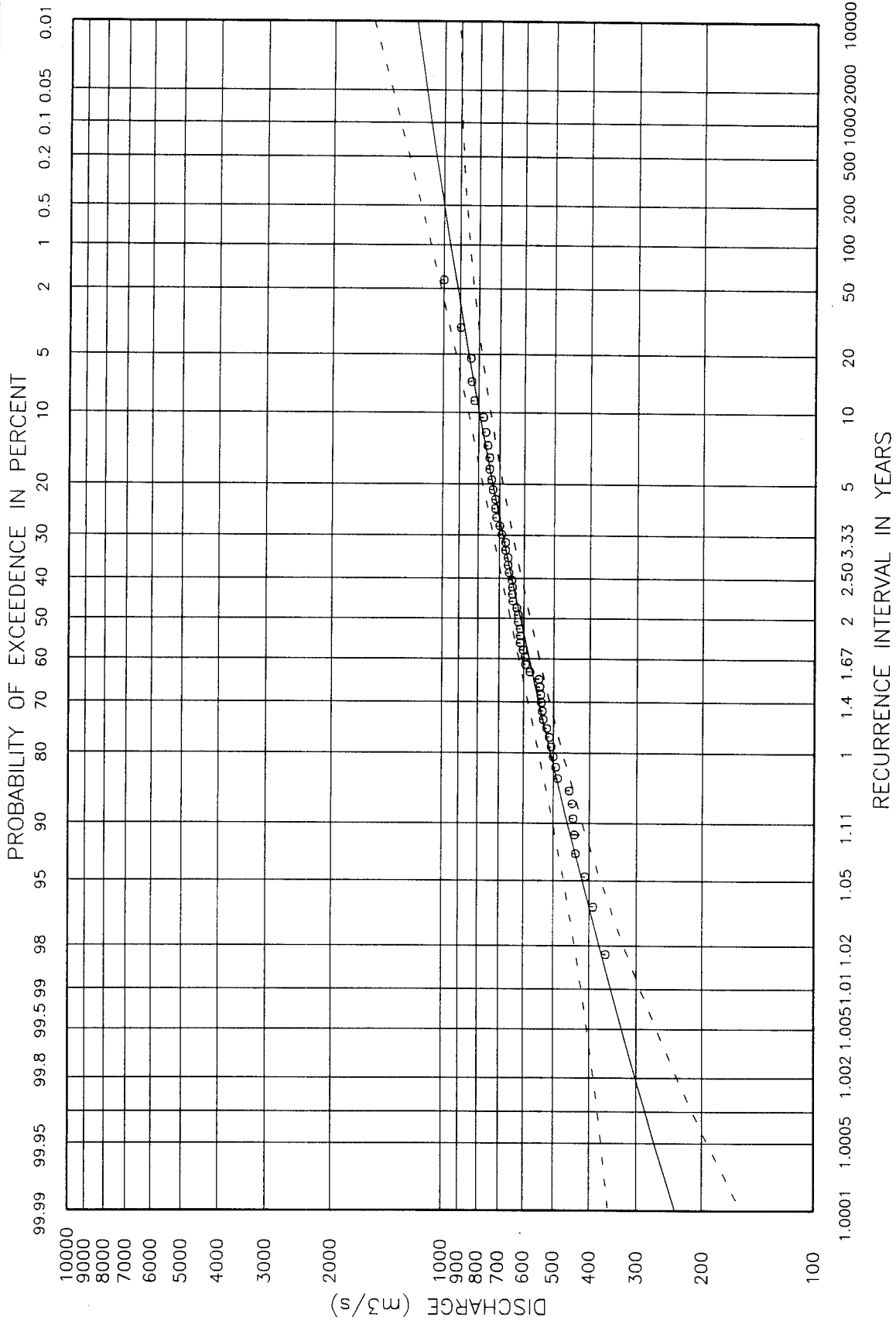




KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM INSTANTANEOUS DISCHARGE

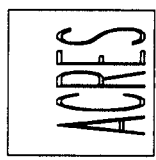
LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS

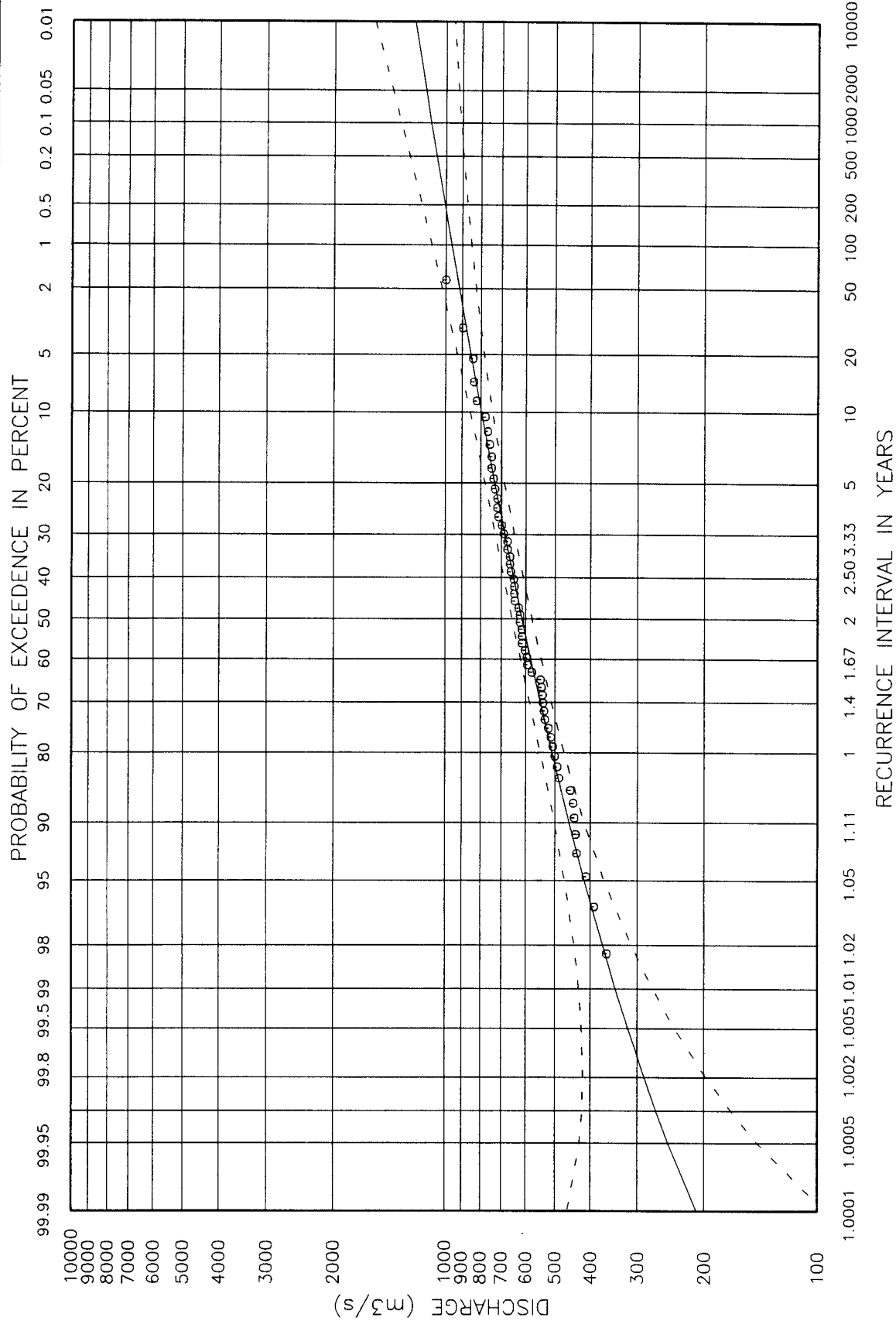




KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM INSTANTANEOUS DISCHARGE

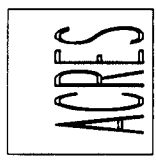
LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

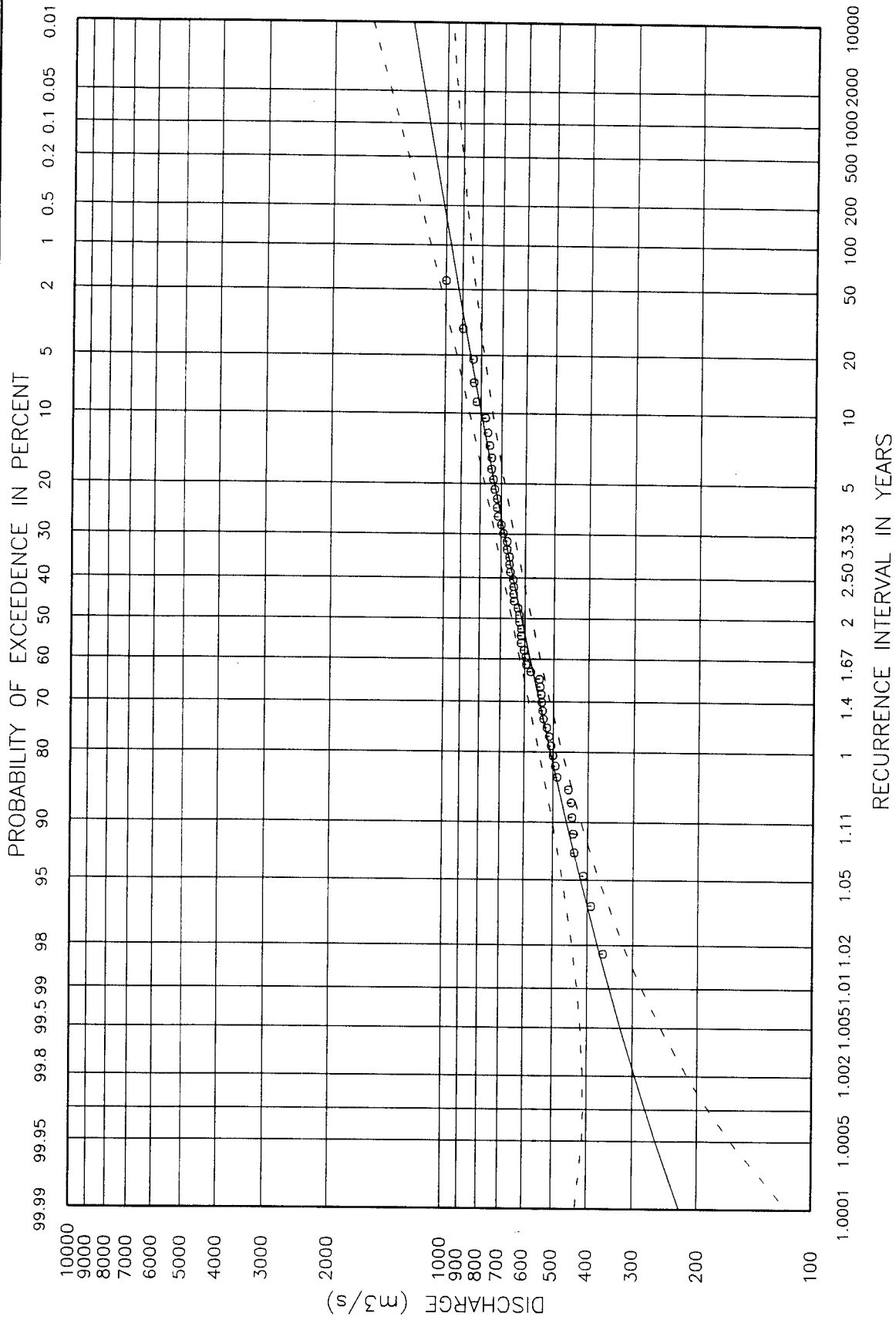




KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM INSTANTANEOUS DISCHARGE

THREE PARAMETER LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS

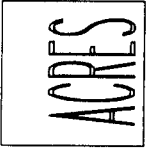


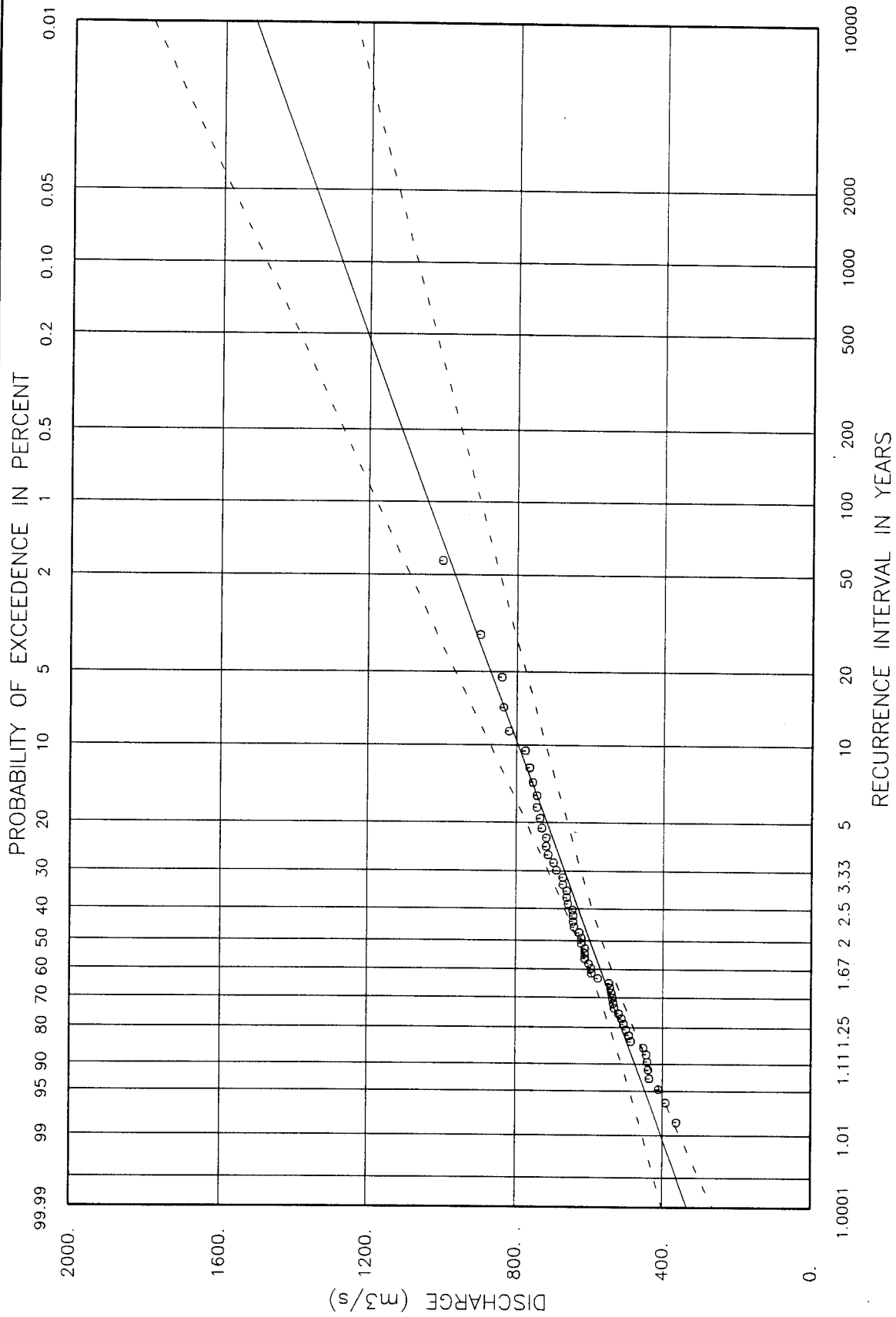


KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM INSTANTANEOUS DISCHARGE

THREE PARAMETER LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION

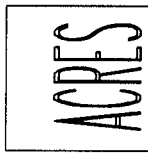
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD





KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM INSTANTANEOUS DISCHARGE

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS

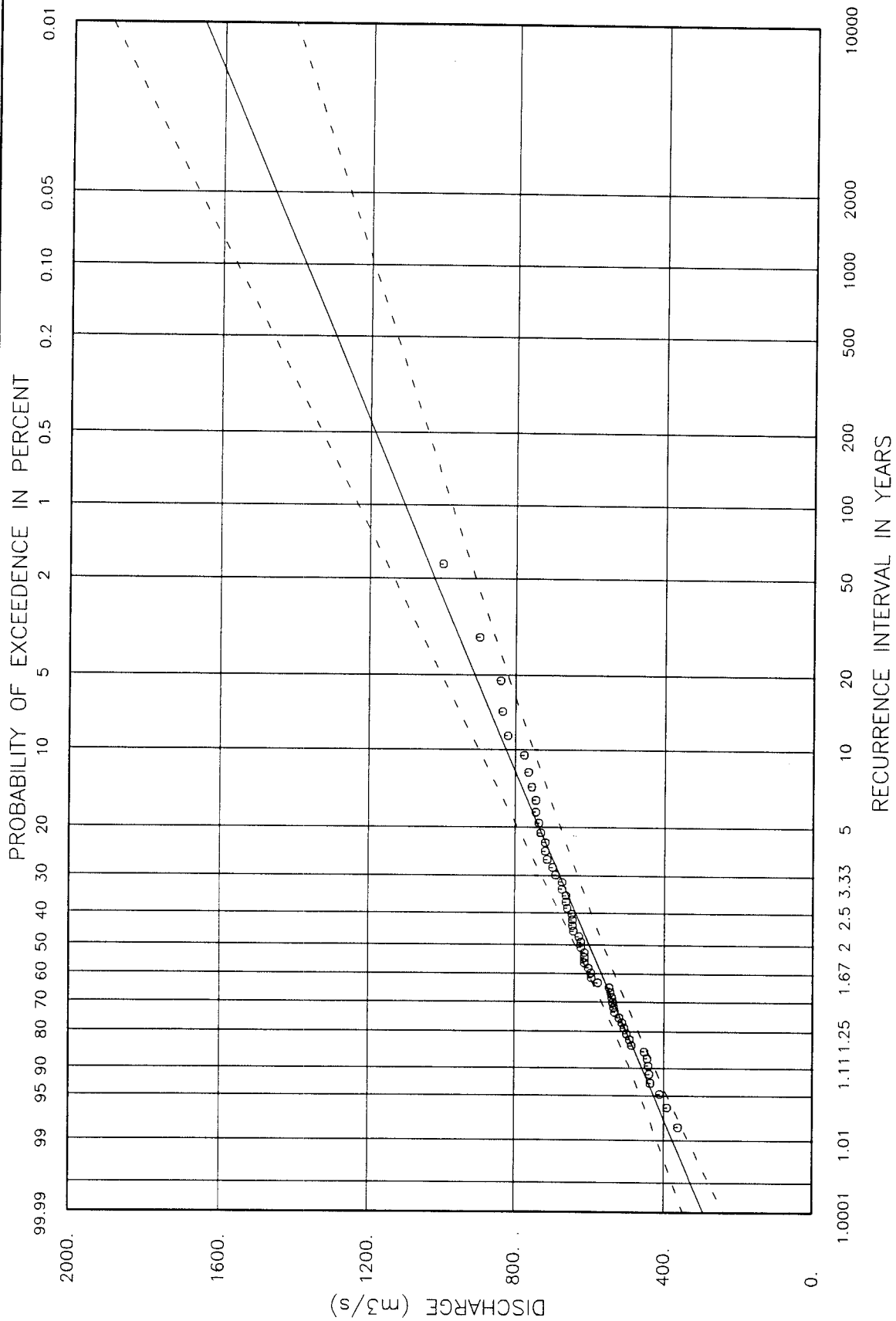




KETTLE RIVER NEAR LAURIER MAXIMUM INSTANTANEOUS DISCHARGE

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION

PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD



**GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS
(DAILY - FULL DATA SET)**

GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

FULL DATA SET

| YEAR | DATA | ORDERED | RANK | PROBABILITY | RETURN PERIOD |
|------|------|---------|------|-------------|---------------|
| 1914 | 385. | 385. | 1 | .032 | 31.000 |
| 1915 | 271. | 334. | 2 | .065 | 15.500 |
| 1927 | 206. | 329. | 3 | .097 | 10.333 |
| 1928 | 292. | 309. | 4 | .129 | 7.750 |
| 1929 | 137. | 306. | 5 | .161 | 6.200 |
| 1930 | 97. | 296. | 6 | .194 | 5.167 |
| 1931 | 29. | 294. | 7 | .226 | 4.429 |
| 1967 | 265. | 292. | 8 | .258 | 3.875 |
| 1968 | 294. | 281. | 9 | .290 | 3.444 |
| 1969 | 259. | 280. | 10 | .323 | 3.100 |
| 1970 | 180. | 271. | 11 | .355 | 2.818 |
| 1971 | 334. | 265. | 12 | .387 | 2.583 |
| 1972 | 306. | 265. | 13 | .419 | 2.385 |
| 1973 | 227. | 261. | 14 | .452 | 2.214 |
| 1974 | 281. | 259. | 15 | .484 | 2.067 |
| 1975 | 253. | 254. | 16 | .516 | 1.938 |
| 1976 | 248. | 253. | 17 | .548 | 1.824 |
| 1977 | 187. | 248. | 18 | .581 | 1.722 |
| 1978 | 205. | 237. | 19 | .613 | 1.632 |
| 1979 | 193. | 229. | 20 | .645 | 1.550 |
| 1980 | 296. | 227. | 21 | .677 | 1.476 |
| 1981 | 265. | 206. | 22 | .710 | 1.409 |
| 1982 | 254. | 205. | 23 | .742 | 1.348 |
| 1983 | 329. | 204. | 24 | .774 | 1.292 |
| 1984 | 261. | 193. | 25 | .806 | 1.240 |
| 1985 | 237. | 187. | 26 | .839 | 1.192 |
| 1986 | 309. | 180. | 27 | .871 | 1.148 |
| 1987 | 280. | 137. | 28 | .903 | 1.107 |
| 1988 | 229. | 97. | 29 | .935 | 1.069 |
| 1989 | 204. | 29. | 30 | .968 | 1.033 |

STATISTICS OF DATA SERIES

SAMPLE SIZE = 30

MEAN = 243.7

S.D. = 72.0

MIN. = 28.6

C.S. = -.9778

MAX. = 385.0

C.K. = 4.9507

STATISTICS OF OF LOGS OF DATA SERIES

MEAN = 5.4212

S.D. = .4775

MIN. = 3.3534

C.S. = -3.1174

MAX. = 5.9532

C.K. = 14.5282

NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

MEAN = 243.747
 S.D. = 72.005

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 114.018 | 58.121 | 2.225 | 47.028 |
| 1.050 | 165.171 | 123.589 | 82.006 | 16.453 |
| 1.250 | 214.441 | 183.158 | 151.875 | 8.352 |
| 2.000 | 270.630 | 243.746 | 216.862 | 5.393 |
| 5.000 | 335.618 | 304.335 | 273.052 | 5.026 |
| 10.000 | 372.319 | 336.037 | 299.754 | 5.280 |
| 20.000 | 403.451 | 362.209 | 320.968 | 5.568 |
| 50.000 | 439.067 | 391.658 | 344.249 | 5.919 |
| 100.000 | 463.047 | 411.286 | 359.525 | 6.154 |
| 200.000 | 485.115 | 429.248 | 373.380 | 6.364 |
| 500.000 | 511.980 | 451.013 | 390.045 | 6.610 |
| 1000.000 | 530.888 | 466.279 | 401.670 | 6.776 |

LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

MEAN = 5.421
 S.D. = .477

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 95.673 | 66.040 | 45.585 | 18.126 |
| 1.050 | 134.310 | 101.942 | 77.374 | 13.484 |
| 1.250 | 186.213 | 151.326 | 122.976 | 10.144 |
| 2.000 | 270.292 | 226.155 | 189.226 | 8.718 |
| 5.000 | 415.910 | 337.990 | 274.669 | 10.144 |
| 10.000 | 530.518 | 417.067 | 327.878 | 11.766 |
| 20.000 | 652.169 | 496.116 | 377.404 | 13.374 |
| 50.000 | 825.912 | 603.108 | 440.408 | 15.374 |
| 100.000 | 968.271 | 686.949 | 487.363 | 16.785 |
| 200.000 | 1120.866 | 773.846 | 534.263 | 18.117 |
| 500.000 | 1339.444 | 894.000 | 596.693 | 19.770 |
| 1000.000 | 1518.378 | 989.246 | 644.509 | 20.951 |

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

ALPHA = -35.202

BETA = 4.184

GAMMA = 391.031

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 161.719 | -7.557 | -176.833 | 8277.565 |
| 1.050 | 181.486 | 106.541 | 31.596 | 3664.785 |
| 1.250 | 228.615 | 189.292 | 149.968 | 1922.904 |
| 2.000 | 286.291 | 255.171 | 224.051 | 1521.761 |
| 5.000 | 327.437 | 304.877 | 282.317 | 1103.176 |
| 10.000 | 349.446 | 325.203 | 300.959 | 1185.499 |
| 20.000 | 372.908 | 339.348 | 305.787 | 1641.082 |
| 50.000 | 402.574 | 352.658 | 302.741 | 2440.899 |
| 100.000 | 422.933 | 360.120 | 297.307 | 3071.542 |
| 200.000 | 441.496 | 366.040 | 290.584 | 3689.783 |
| 500.000 | 463.547 | 372.135 | 280.722 | 4470.040 |
| 1000.000 | 478.554 | 375.758 | 272.962 | 5026.700 |

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

NO MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD SOLUTION FOR PEARSON III

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

ALPHA = -.744
 BETA = .412
 GAMMA = 5.728

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 378.473 | 20.337 | 1.093 | 142.967 |
| 1.050 | 194.075 | 88.204 | 40.087 | 38.562 |
| 1.250 | 349.489 | 188.744 | 101.933 | 30.126 |
| 2.000 | 346.329 | 272.700 | 214.724 | 11.688 |
| 5.000 | 429.225 | 304.867 | 216.539 | 16.729 |
| 10.000 | 503.002 | 307.197 | 187.613 | 24.113 |
| 20.000 | 489.175 | 307.404 | 193.177 | 22.717 |
| 50.000 | 382.657 | 310.853 | 252.522 | 10.162 |
| 100.000 | 392.935 | 317.733 | 256.924 | 10.388 |
| 200.000 | 642.582 | 329.174 | 168.625 | 32.709 |
| 500.000 | 1512.355 | 352.484 | 82.153 | 71.218 |
| 1000.000 | 3293.110 | 377.391 | 43.249 | 105.932 |

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

ALPHA = -.257
 BETA = 2.214
 GAMMA = 5.989

MEAN = 5.421
 S.D. = .382
 C.S. = -1.344

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 106.956 | 52.744 | 26.010 | 34.571 |
| 1.050 | 158.014 | 106.905 | 72.327 | 19.107 |
| 1.250 | 214.240 | 172.676 | 139.175 | 10.547 |
| 2.000 | 279.063 | 245.310 | 215.639 | 6.304 |
| 5.000 | 341.701 | 310.633 | 282.390 | 4.661 |
| 10.000 | 367.547 | 338.307 | 311.393 | 4.054 |
| 20.000 | 383.757 | 356.991 | 332.093 | 3.535 |
| 50.000 | 396.620 | 373.375 | 351.493 | 2.953 |
| 100.000 | 402.624 | 381.668 | 361.803 | 2.614 |
| 200.000 | 406.897 | 387.556 | 369.135 | 2.381 |
| 500.000 | 411.186 | 392.742 | 375.127 | 2.244 |
| 1000.000 | 413.867 | 395.271 | 377.510 | 2.248 |

THREE PARAMETER LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

NO MOMENT SOLUTION FOR THREE PARAMETER LOGNORMAL

THREE PARAMETER LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

NO MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD SOLUTION FOR THREE PARAMETER LOGNORMAL

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

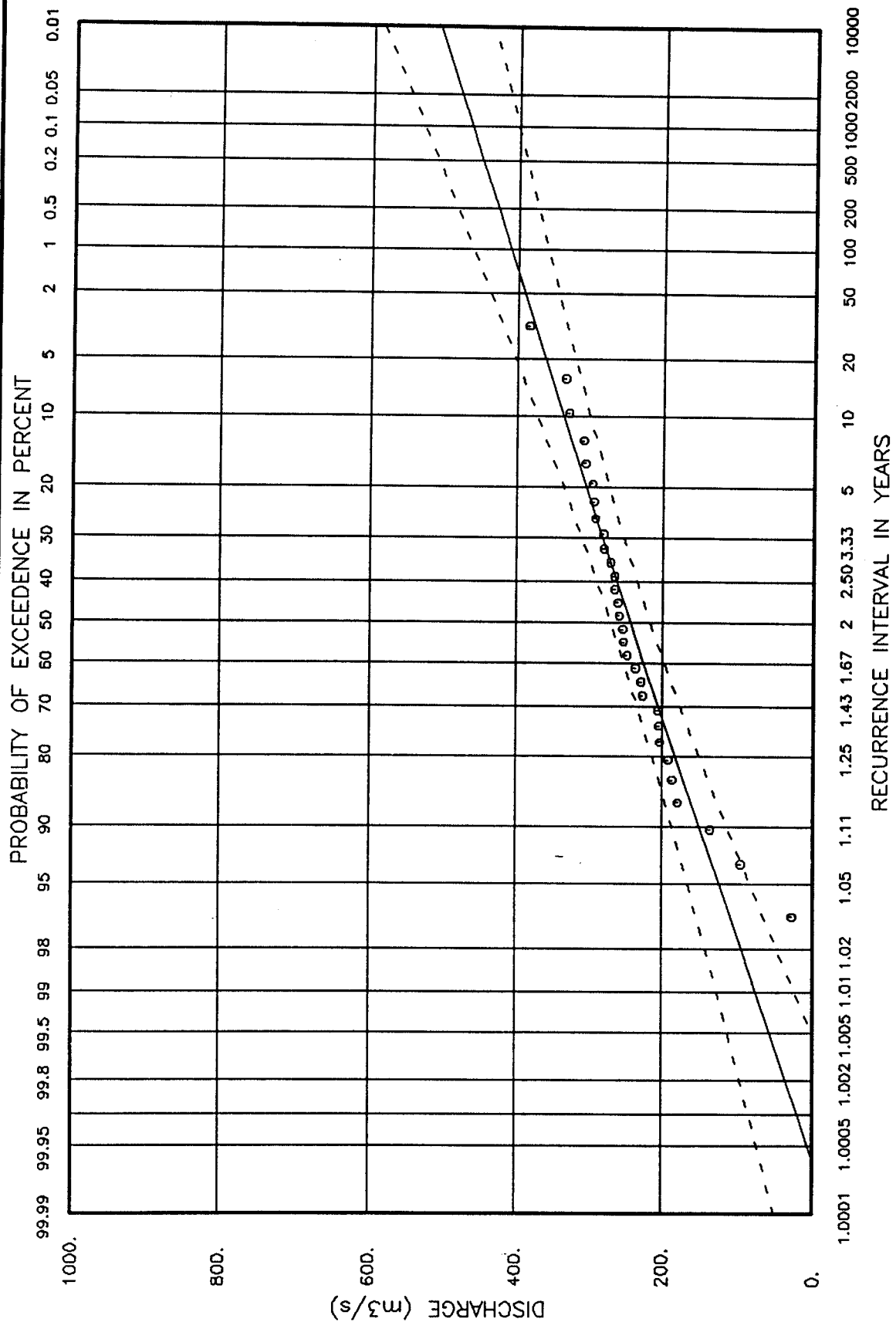
A = .018
 U = 211.345

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 159.078 | 117.678 | 76.278 | 17.203 |
| 1.050 | 180.718 | 148.837 | 116.955 | 10.475 |
| 1.250 | 208.758 | 184.626 | 160.495 | 6.391 |
| 2.000 | 256.634 | 231.922 | 207.210 | 5.210 |
| 5.000 | 337.154 | 295.557 | 253.960 | 6.882 |
| 10.000 | 393.852 | 337.689 | 281.526 | 8.133 |
| 20.000 | 449.035 | 378.103 | 307.172 | 9.174 |
| 50.000 | 520.991 | 430.415 | 339.839 | 10.290 |
| 100.000 | 575.120 | 469.616 | 364.112 | 10.986 |
| 200.000 | 629.154 | 508.673 | 388.192 | 11.582 |
| 500.000 | 700.545 | 560.202 | 419.858 | 12.251 |
| 1000.000 | 754.553 | 599.146 | 443.739 | 12.684 |

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

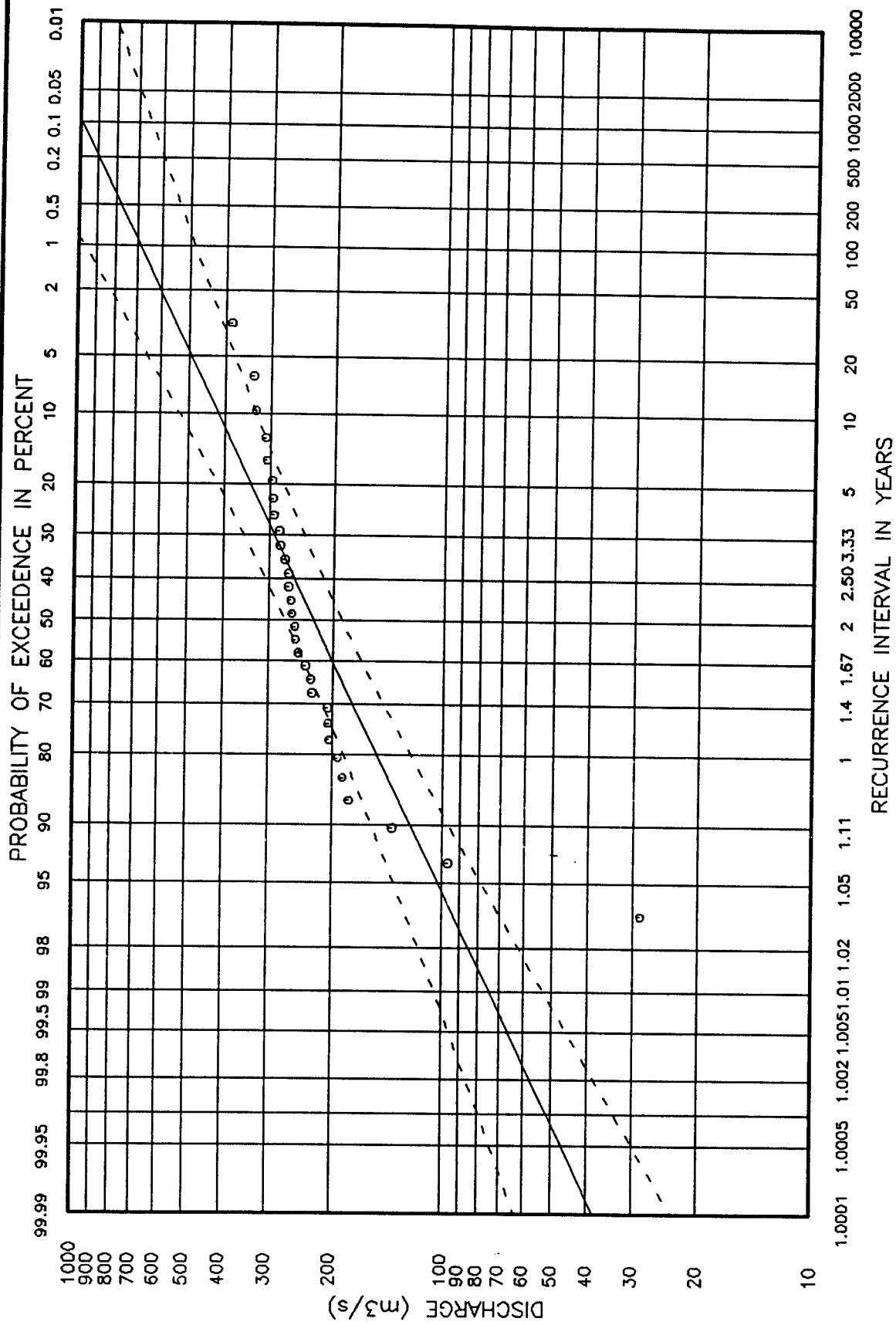
A = .012
 U = 205.425

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 107.095 | 62.511 | 17.928 | 34.876 |
| 1.050 | 146.377 | 110.053 | 73.728 | 16.140 |
| 1.250 | 196.670 | 164.659 | 132.649 | 9.506 |
| 2.000 | 274.377 | 236.822 | 199.267 | 7.754 |
| 5.000 | 391.551 | 333.914 | 276.278 | 8.441 |
| 10.000 | 472.135 | 398.198 | 324.260 | 9.080 |
| 20.000 | 550.316 | 459.860 | 369.405 | 9.619 |
| 50.000 | 652.167 | 539.676 | 427.186 | 10.193 |
| 100.000 | 728.765 | 599.487 | 470.209 | 10.545 |
| 200.000 | 805.229 | 659.079 | 512.929 | 10.843 |
| 500.000 | 906.257 | 737.700 | 569.143 | 11.173 |
| 1000.000 | 982.690 | 797.120 | 611.550 | 11.384 |



GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE
NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

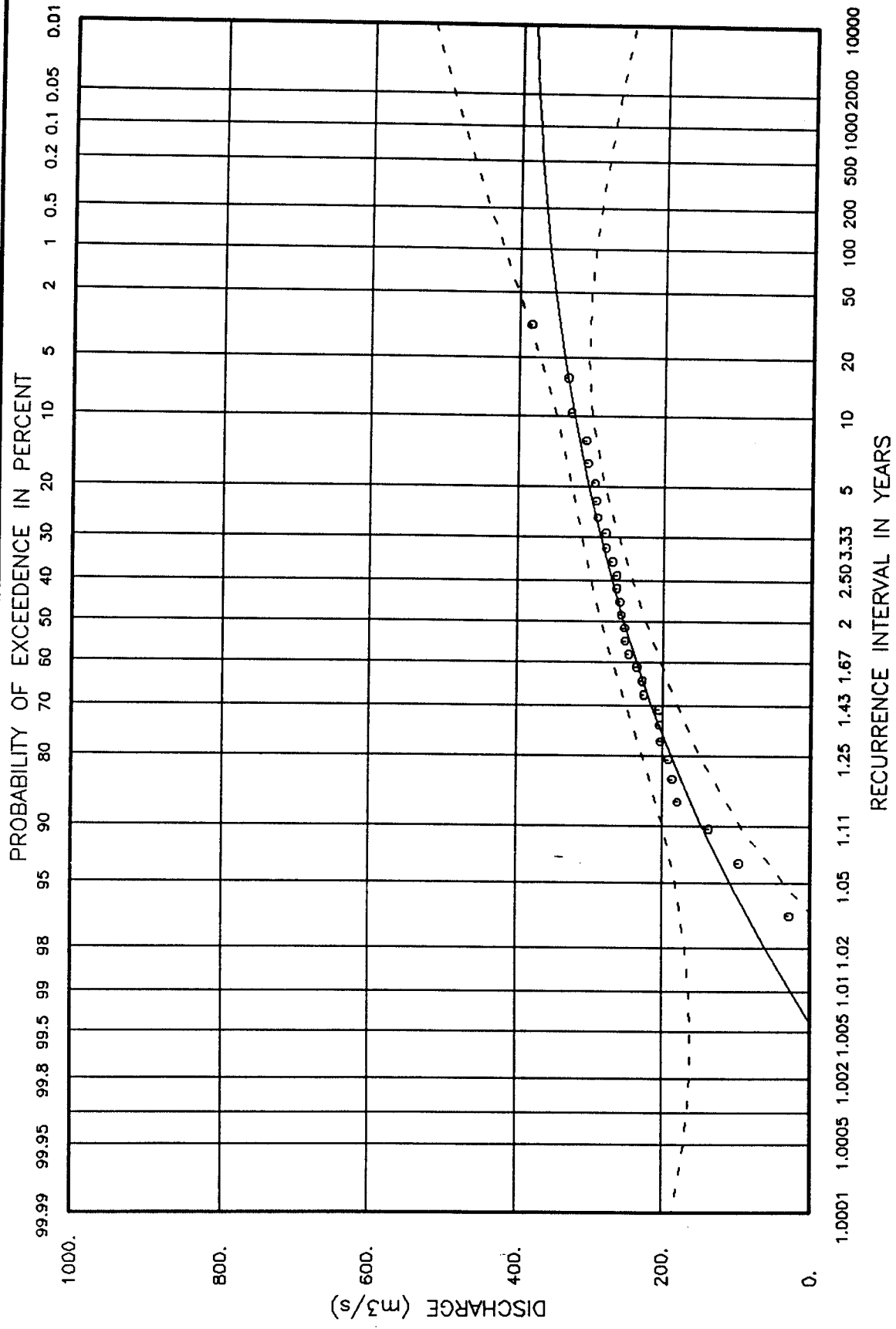




GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

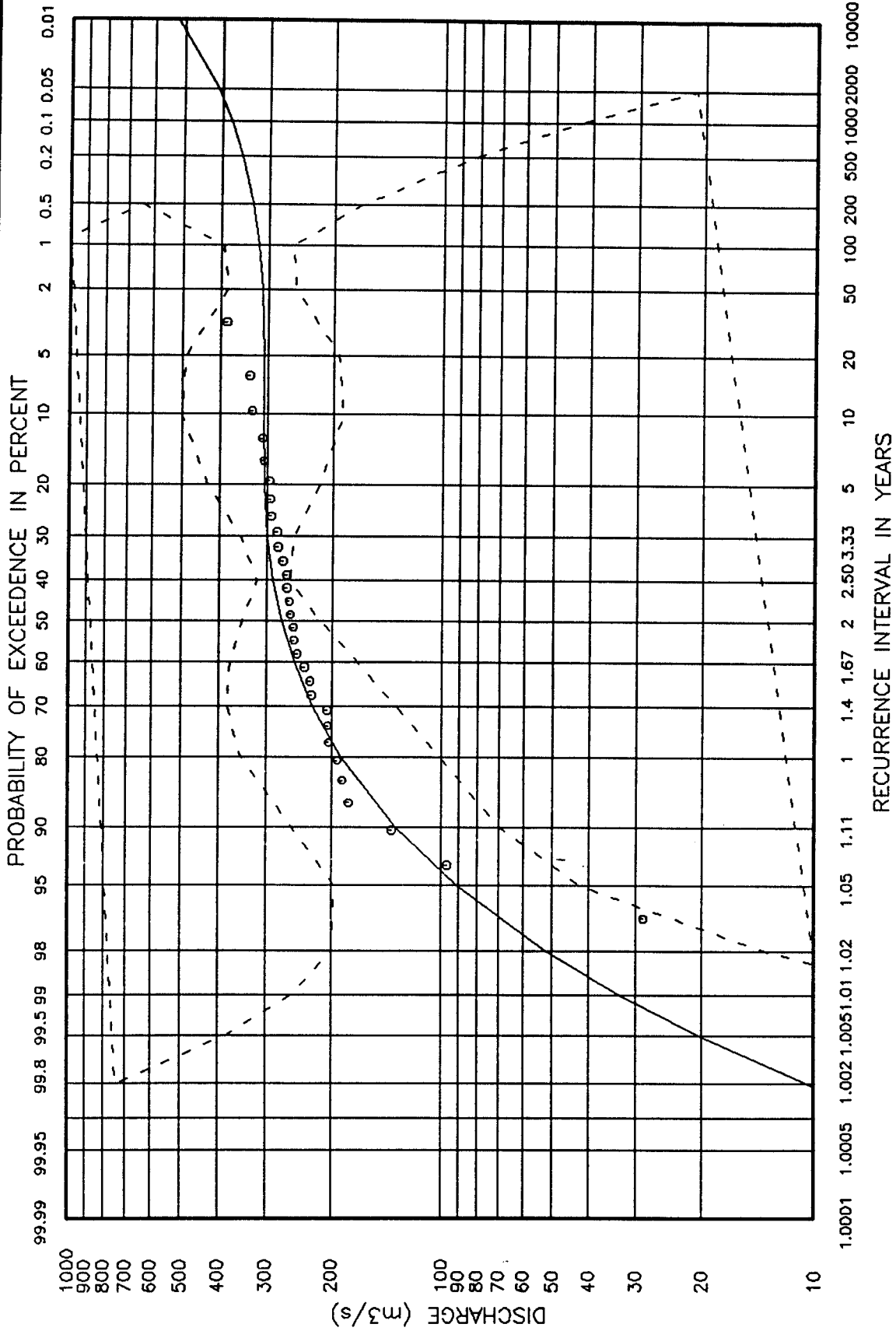




GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS

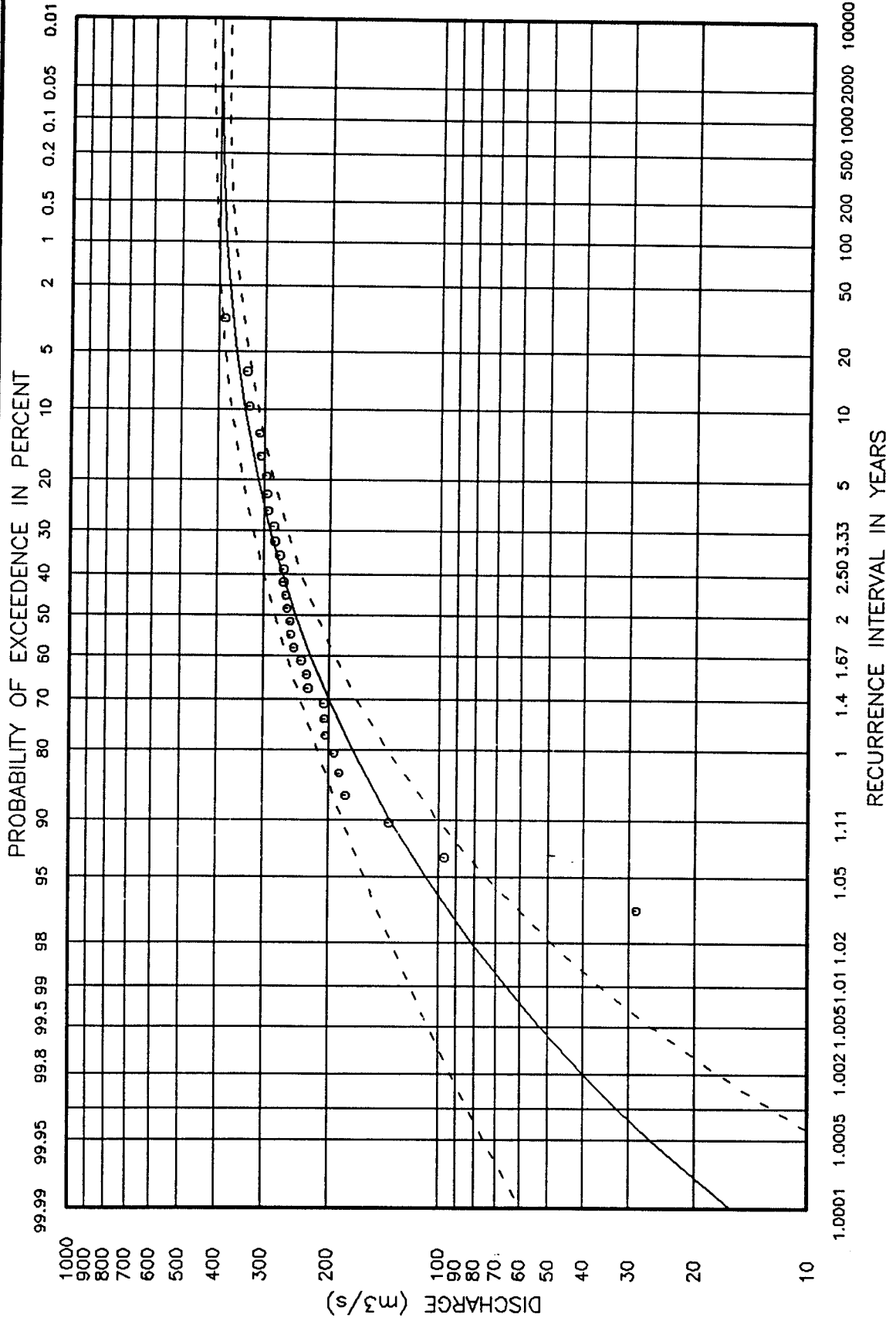




GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS





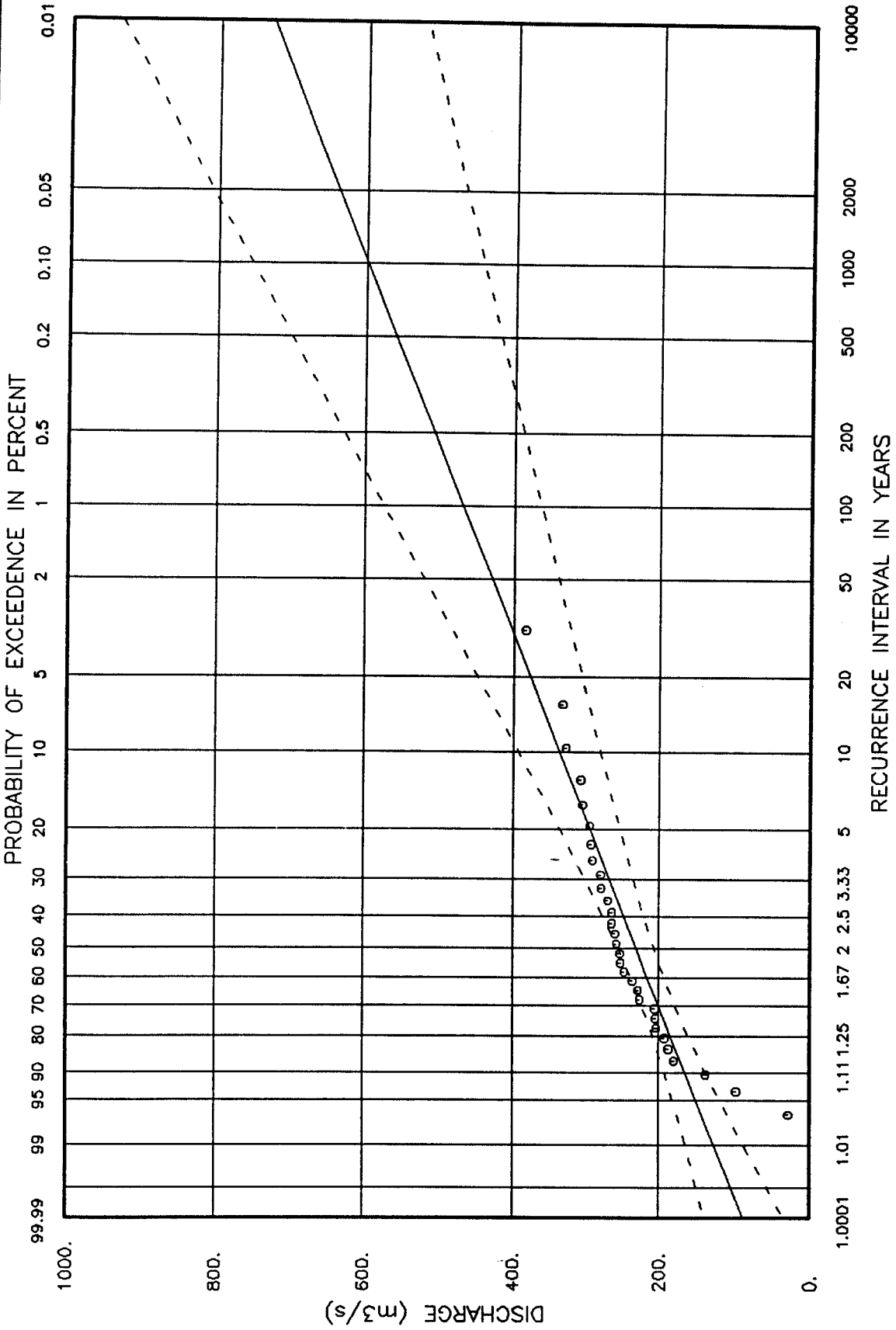
GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE
 LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

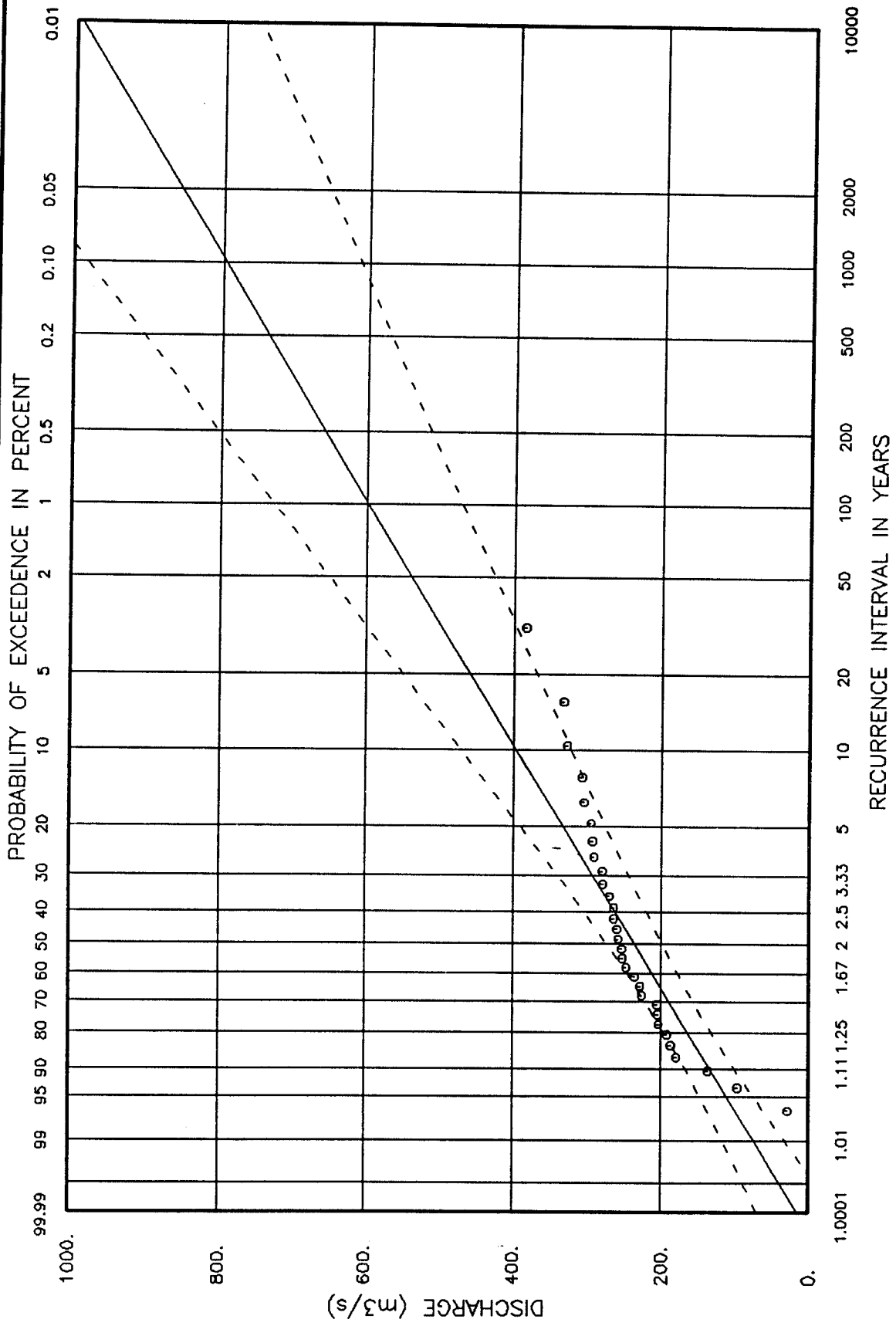




GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS





GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD



**GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS
(DAILY - 1931 REMOVED)**

GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

1931 REMOVED

| YEAR | DATA | ORDERED | RANK | PROBABILITY | RETURN PERIOD |
|------|------|---------|------|-------------|---------------|
| 1914 | 385. | 385. | 1 | .033 | 30.000 |
| 1915 | 271. | 334. | 2 | .067 | 15.000 |
| 1927 | 206. | 329. | 3 | .100 | 10.000 |
| 1928 | 292. | 309. | 4 | .133 | 7.500 |
| 1929 | 137. | 306. | 5 | .167 | 6.000 |
| 1930 | 97. | 296. | 6 | .200 | 5.000 |
| 1967 | 265. | 294. | 7 | .233 | 4.286 |
| 1968 | 294. | 292. | 8 | .267 | 3.750 |
| 1969 | 259. | 281. | 9 | .300 | 3.333 |
| 1970 | 180. | 280. | 10 | .333 | 3.000 |
| 1971 | 334. | 271. | 11 | .367 | 2.727 |
| 1972 | 306. | 265. | 12 | .400 | 2.500 |
| 1973 | 227. | 265. | 13 | .433 | 2.308 |
| 1974 | 281. | 261. | 14 | .467 | 2.143 |
| 1975 | 253. | 259. | 15 | .500 | 2.000 |
| 1976 | 248. | 254. | 16 | .533 | 1.875 |
| 1977 | 187. | 253. | 17 | .567 | 1.765 |
| 1978 | 205. | 248. | 18 | .600 | 1.667 |
| 1979 | 193. | 237. | 19 | .633 | 1.579 |
| 1980 | 296. | 229. | 20 | .667 | 1.500 |
| 1981 | 265. | 227. | 21 | .700 | 1.429 |
| 1982 | 254. | 206. | 22 | .733 | 1.364 |
| 1983 | 329. | 205. | 23 | .767 | 1.304 |
| 1984 | 261. | 204. | 24 | .800 | 1.250 |
| 1985 | 237. | 193. | 25 | .833 | 1.200 |
| 1986 | 309. | 187. | 26 | .867 | 1.154 |
| 1987 | 280. | 180. | 27 | .900 | 1.111 |
| 1988 | 229. | 137. | 28 | .933 | 1.071 |
| 1989 | 204. | 97. | 29 | .967 | 1.034 |

STATISTICS OF DATA SERIES

SAMPLE SIZE = 29

| | | | | | |
|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| MEAN = | 251.2 | MIN. = | 96.8 | MAX. = | 385.0 |
| S.D. = | 60.5 | C.S. = | -.3836 | C.K. = | 3.8331 |

STATISTICS OF OF LOGS OF DATA SERIES

| | | | | | |
|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|
| MEAN = | 5.4925 | MIN. = | 4.5726 | MAX. = | 5.9532 |
| S.D. = | .2796 | C.S. = | -1.4451 | C.K. = | 6.1977 |

NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

MEAN = 251.166
 S.D. = 60.496

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 143.045 | 95.211 | 47.376 | 24.532 |
| 1.050 | 185.799 | 150.214 | 114.628 | 11.567 |
| 1.250 | 227.033 | 200.262 | 173.491 | 6.527 |
| 2.000 | 274.171 | 251.165 | 228.158 | 4.473 |
| 5.000 | 328.840 | 302.069 | 275.298 | 4.327 |
| 10.000 | 359.754 | 328.704 | 297.654 | 4.612 |
| 20.000 | 385.987 | 350.693 | 315.399 | 4.914 |
| 50.000 | 416.006 | 375.434 | 334.863 | 5.277 |
| 100.000 | 436.221 | 391.925 | 347.630 | 5.519 |
| 200.000 | 454.826 | 407.016 | 359.206 | 5.736 |
| 500.000 | 477.476 | 425.302 | 373.128 | 5.990 |
| 1000.000 | 493.419 | 438.128 | 382.837 | 6.162 |

LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

MEAN = 5.493
 S.D. = .280

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 147.353 | 118.127 | 94.697 | 10.795 |
| 1.050 | 179.545 | 152.317 | 129.218 | 8.030 |
| 1.250 | 217.239 | 191.957 | 169.617 | 6.041 |
| 2.000 | 270.118 | 242.870 | 218.372 | 5.192 |
| 5.000 | 347.763 | 307.290 | 271.528 | 6.041 |
| 10.000 | 401.173 | 347.544 | 301.084 | 7.007 |
| 20.000 | 452.883 | 384.720 | 326.817 | 7.965 |
| 50.000 | 520.283 | 431.326 | 357.578 | 9.156 |
| 100.000 | 571.235 | 465.485 | 379.312 | 9.996 |
| 200.000 | 622.527 | 499.109 | 400.158 | 10.789 |
| 500.000 | 691.228 | 543.123 | 426.752 | 11.774 |
| 1000.000 | 744.083 | 576.292 | 446.338 | 12.477 |

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

ALPHA = -11.602

BETA = 27.189

GAMMA = 566.610

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 167.510 | 73.326 | -20.858 | 4598.835 |
| 1.050 | 192.339 | 143.780 | 95.221 | 2371.048 |
| 1.250 | 231.330 | 201.752 | 172.175 | 1444.213 |
| 2.000 | 280.113 | 255.016 | 229.920 | 1225.423 |
| 5.000 | 326.916 | 302.828 | 278.739 | 1176.195 |
| 10.000 | 352.132 | 325.769 | 299.407 | 1287.226 |
| 20.000 | 375.217 | 343.675 | 312.133 | 1540.136 |
| 50.000 | 404.097 | 362.735 | 321.373 | 2019.625 |
| 100.000 | 424.848 | 374.815 | 324.783 | 2443.001 |
| 200.000 | 444.710 | 385.443 | 326.176 | 2893.895 |
| 500.000 | 469.723 | 397.786 | 325.850 | 3512.518 |
| 1000.000 | 487.800 | 406.101 | 324.402 | 3989.212 |

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

NO MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD SOLUTION FOR PEARSON III

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

ALPHA = -0.202
 BETA = 1.915
 GAMMA = 5.879

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 200.509 | 81.636 | 33.238 | 43.876 |
| 1.050 | 198.383 | 139.807 | 98.527 | 17.087 |
| 1.250 | 238.255 | 200.166 | 168.166 | 8.506 |
| 2.000 | 295.790 | 258.795 | 226.427 | 6.524 |
| 5.000 | 328.761 | 305.854 | 284.543 | 3.527 |
| 10.000 | 360.756 | 324.149 | 291.257 | 5.224 |
| 20.000 | 399.004 | 335.825 | 282.649 | 8.417 |
| 50.000 | 446.621 | 345.457 | 267.208 | 12.541 |
| 100.000 | 478.777 | 350.019 | 255.888 | 15.295 |
| 200.000 | 507.196 | 353.056 | 245.760 | 17.689 |
| 500.000 | 538.742 | 355.503 | 234.588 | 20.298 |
| 1000.000 | 557.937 | 356.559 | 227.865 | 21.863 |

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

ALPHA = -0.117
 BETA = 5.121
 GAMMA = 6.089

MEAN = 5.493
 S.D. = 0.264
 C.S. = -0.884

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 156.002 | 98.968 | 62.785 | 22.220 |
| 1.050 | 188.949 | 147.636 | 115.356 | 12.047 |
| 1.250 | 228.605 | 198.374 | 172.141 | 6.926 |
| 2.000 | 278.941 | 252.278 | 228.163 | 4.906 |
| 5.000 | 331.554 | 304.024 | 278.780 | 4.233 |
| 10.000 | 357.524 | 328.840 | 302.458 | 4.084 |
| 20.000 | 378.692 | 347.704 | 319.251 | 4.169 |
| 50.000 | 403.366 | 366.907 | 333.743 | 4.626 |
| 100.000 | 420.690 | 378.424 | 340.403 | 5.170 |
| 200.000 | 437.158 | 388.027 | 344.418 | 5.821 |
| 500.000 | 457.714 | 398.450 | 346.860 | 6.771 |
| 1000.000 | 472.371 | 404.968 | 347.183 | 7.517 |

THREE PARAMETER LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

NO MOMENT SOLUTION FOR THREE PARAMETER LOGNORMAL

THREE PARAMETER LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

NO MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD SOLUTION FOR THREE PARAMETER LOGNORMAL

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

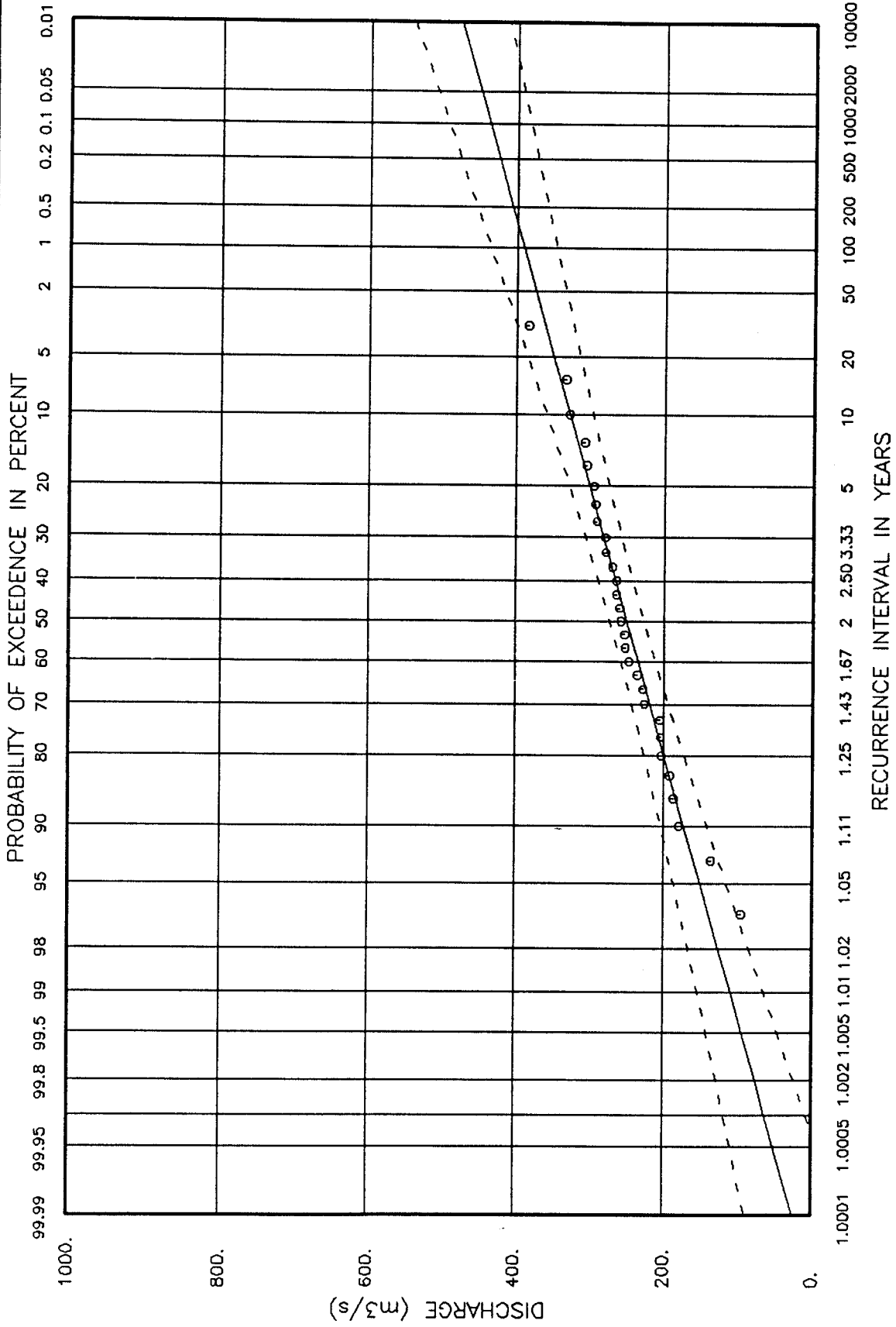
A = .021
 U = 223.943

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 180.676 | 145.247 | 109.818 | 11.910 |
| 1.050 | 198.709 | 171.426 | 144.143 | 7.771 |
| 1.250 | 222.146 | 201.495 | 180.844 | 5.004 |
| 2.000 | 262.379 | 241.231 | 220.083 | 4.281 |
| 5.000 | 330.292 | 294.695 | 259.097 | 5.898 |
| 10.000 | 378.155 | 330.092 | 282.029 | 7.110 |
| 20.000 | 424.748 | 364.047 | 303.345 | 8.142 |
| 50.000 | 485.510 | 407.997 | 330.484 | 9.277 |
| 100.000 | 531.219 | 440.932 | 350.644 | 9.998 |
| 200.000 | 576.851 | 473.746 | 370.641 | 10.627 |
| 500.000 | 637.141 | 517.038 | 396.936 | 11.342 |
| 1000.000 | 682.752 | 549.758 | 416.764 | 11.812 |

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

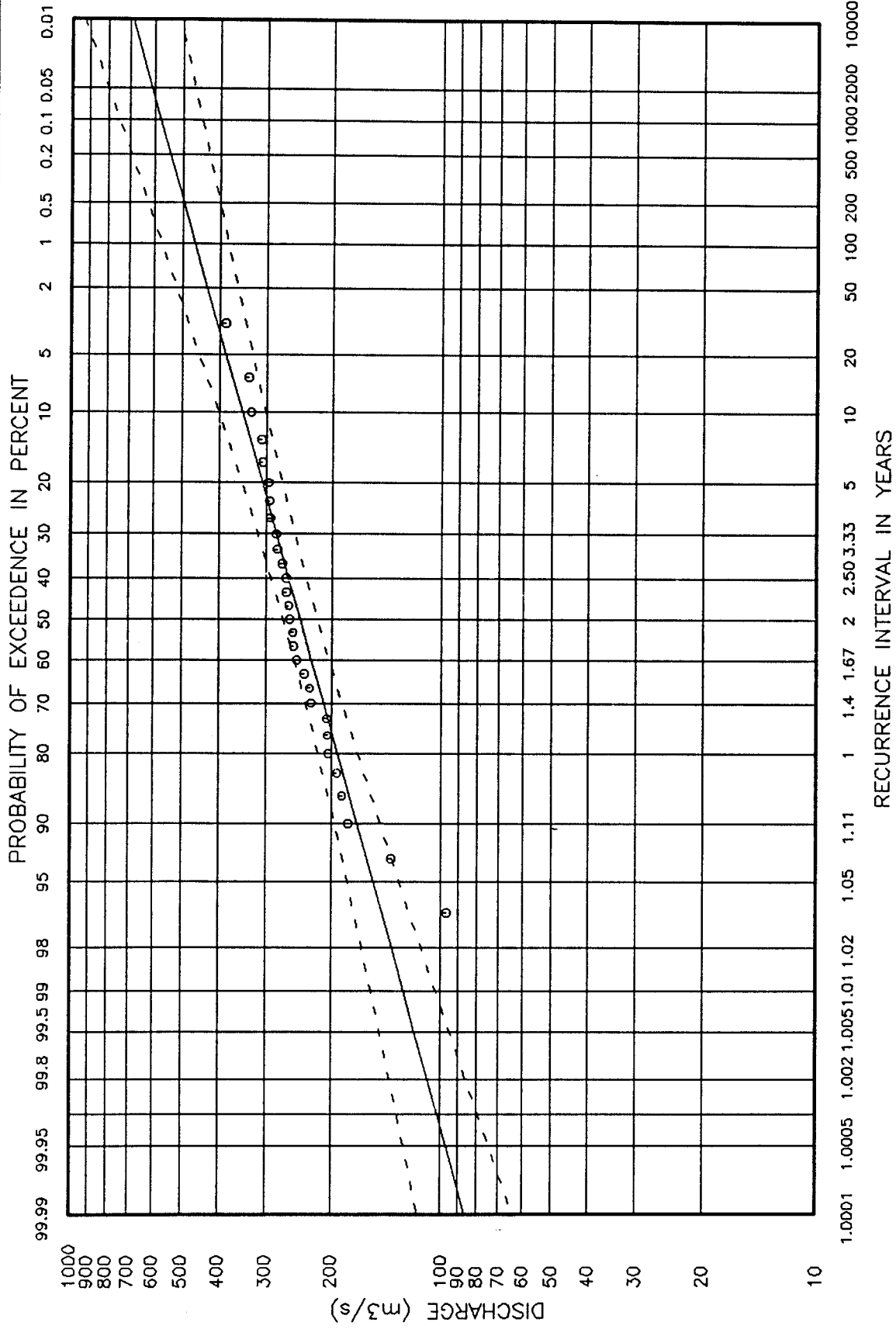
A = .016
 U = 220.374

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 147.172 | 113.078 | 78.983 | 14.722 |
| 1.050 | 176.549 | 148.771 | 120.992 | 9.117 |
| 1.250 | 214.248 | 189.768 | 165.288 | 6.299 |
| 2.000 | 272.665 | 243.946 | 215.226 | 5.748 |
| 5.000 | 360.917 | 316.841 | 272.764 | 6.793 |
| 10.000 | 421.646 | 365.103 | 308.561 | 7.562 |
| 20.000 | 480.572 | 411.398 | 342.224 | 8.210 |
| 50.000 | 557.347 | 471.322 | 385.297 | 8.912 |
| 100.000 | 615.089 | 516.226 | 417.363 | 9.351 |
| 200.000 | 672.732 | 560.967 | 449.201 | 9.728 |
| 500.000 | 748.894 | 619.993 | 491.093 | 10.152 |
| 1000.000 | 806.515 | 664.604 | 522.694 | 10.426 |



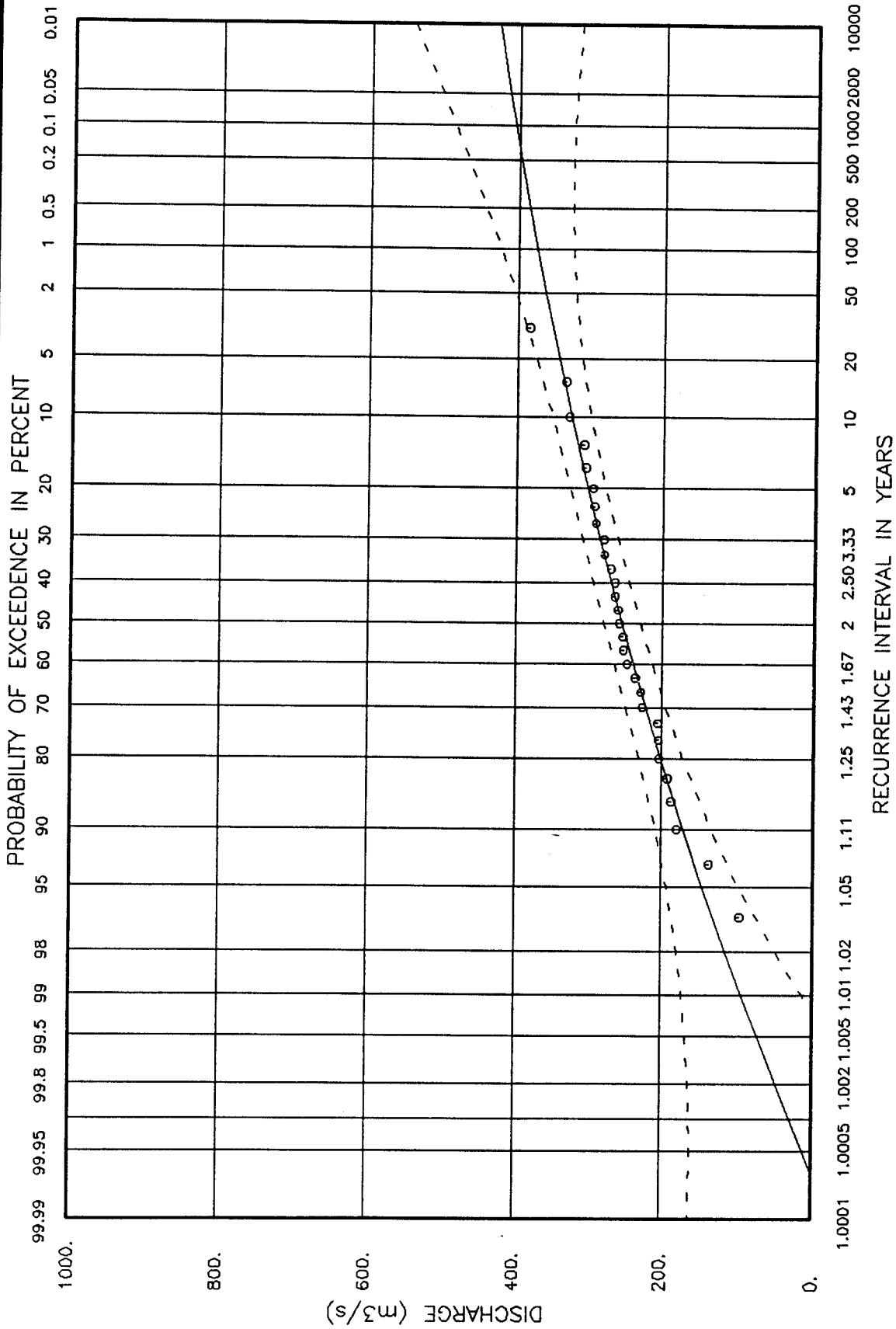
GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE
NORMAL DISTRIBUTION





GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE
 LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

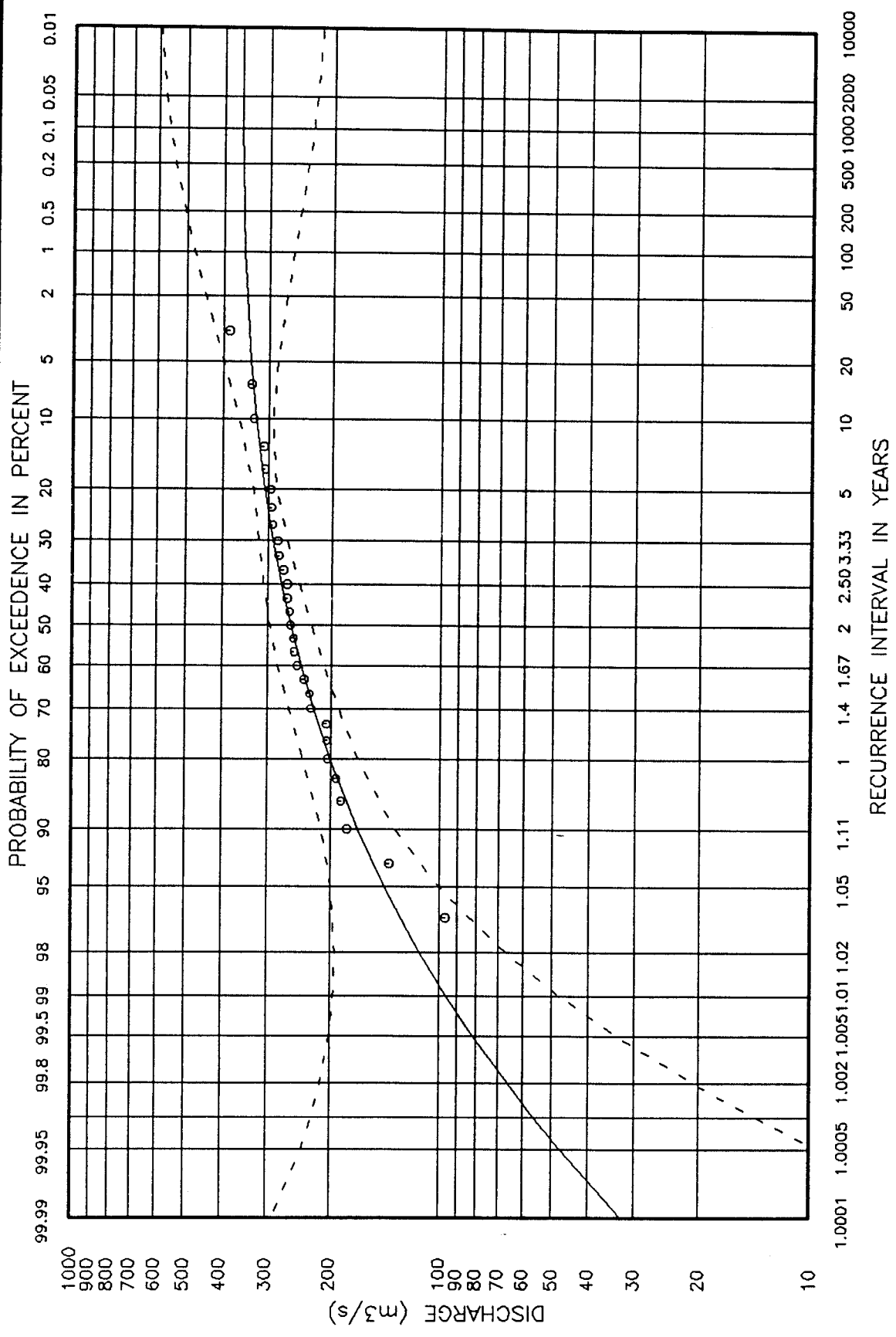




GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS

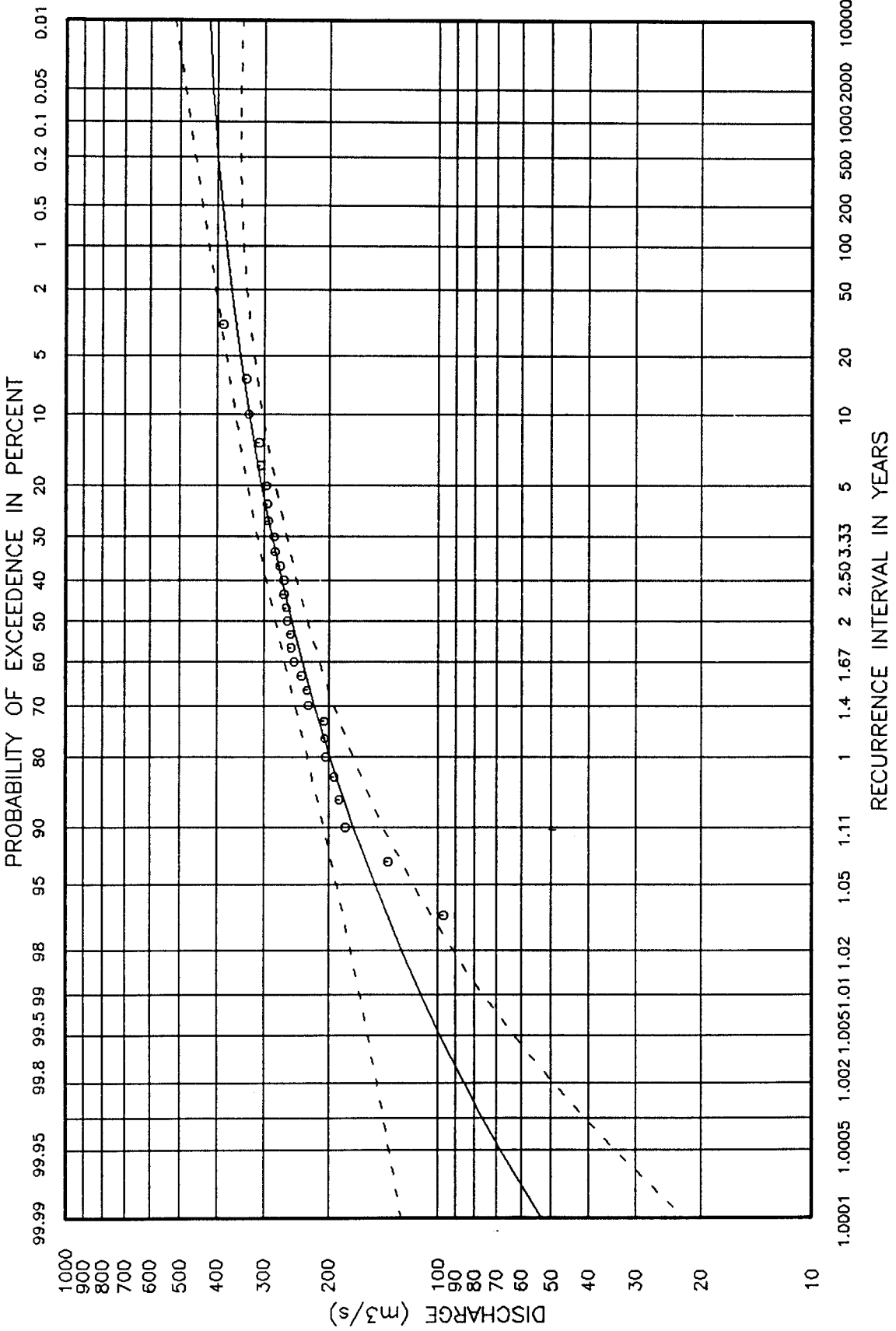




GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS

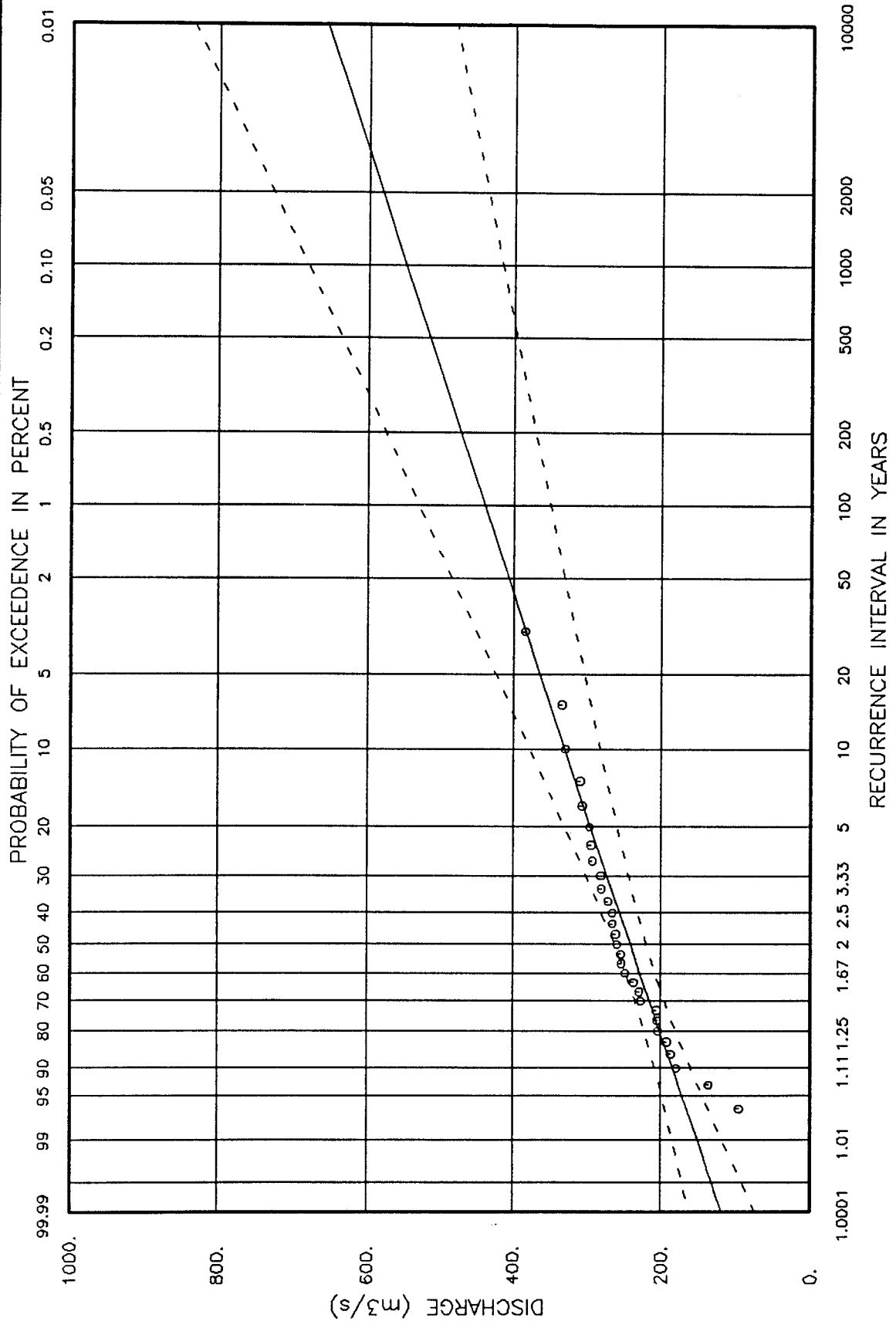




GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

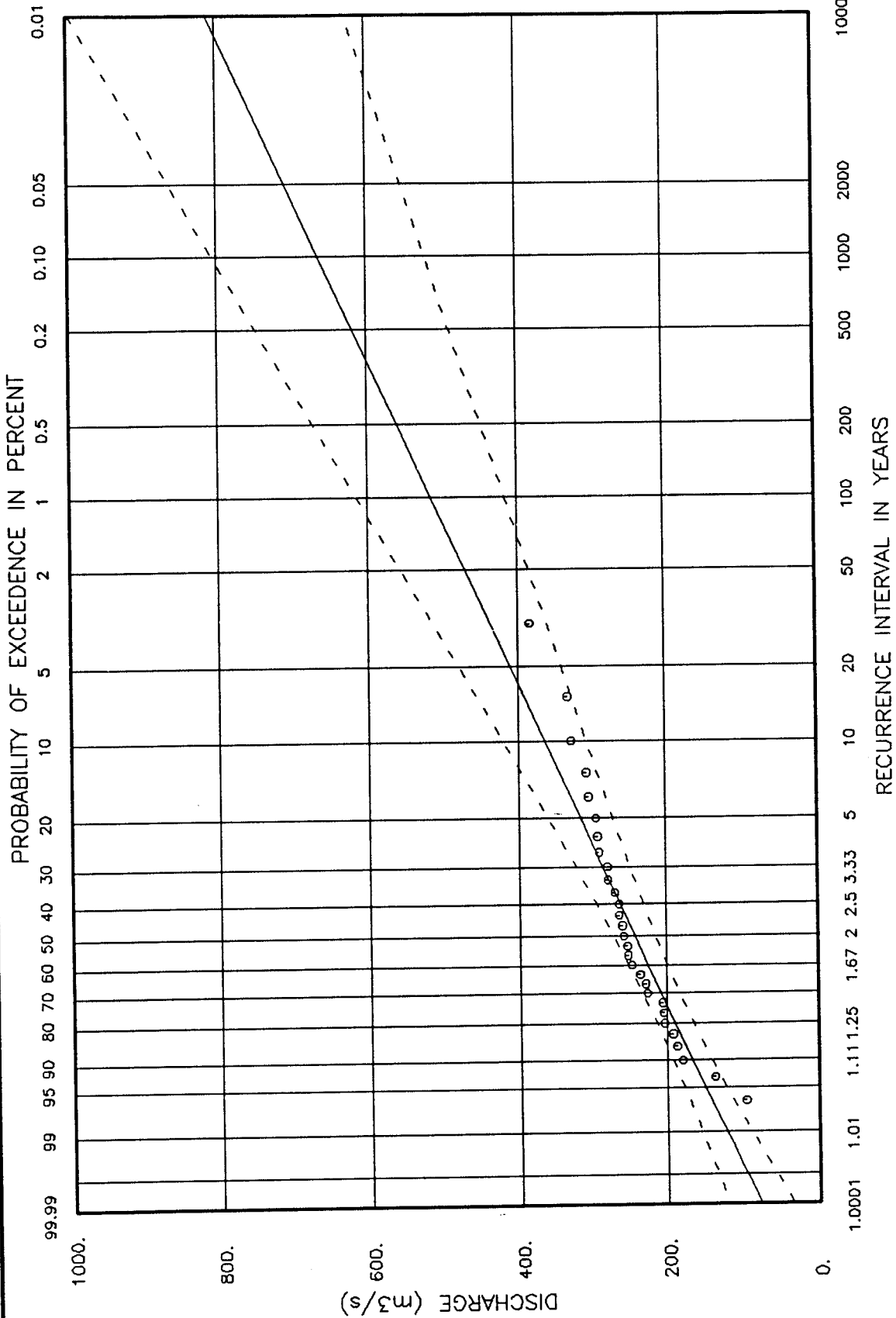




GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS





GRANBY RIVER AT GRAND FORKS MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION

PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

**KETTLE RIVER AT CASCADE
(DAILY)**

KETTLE RIVER AT CASCADE MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

| YEAR | DATA | ORDERED | RANK | PROBABILITY | RETURN PERIOD |
|------|------|---------|------|-------------|---------------|
| 1916 | 430. | 830. | 1 | .053 | 19.000 |
| 1917 | 595. | 716. | 2 | .105 | 9.500 |
| 1918 | 453. | 694. | 3 | .158 | 6.333 |
| 1919 | 694. | 682. | 4 | .211 | 4.750 |
| 1920 | 365. | 637. | 5 | .263 | 3.800 |
| 1921 | 830. | 595. | 6 | .316 | 3.167 |
| 1923 | 464. | 586. | 7 | .368 | 2.714 |
| 1924 | 535. | 583. | 8 | .421 | 2.375 |
| 1925 | 583. | 535. | 9 | .474 | 2.111 |
| 1926 | 456. | 493. | 10 | .526 | 1.900 |
| 1927 | 682. | 464. | 11 | .579 | 1.727 |
| 1928 | 716. | 456. | 12 | .632 | 1.583 |
| 1929 | 314. | 453. | 13 | .684 | 1.462 |
| 1930 | 210. | 430. | 14 | .737 | 1.357 |
| 1931 | 362. | 365. | 15 | .789 | 1.267 |
| 1932 | 493. | 362. | 16 | .842 | 1.188 |
| 1933 | 637. | 314. | 17 | .895 | 1.118 |
| 1934 | 586. | 210. | 18 | .947 | 1.056 |

STATISTICS OF DATA SERIES

SAMPLE SIZE = 18

| | | | | | |
|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| MEAN = | 522.5 | MIN. = | 210.0 | MAX. = | 830.0 |
| S.D. = | 158.5 | C.S. = | -.0247 | C.K. = | 2.9642 |

STATISTICS OF OF LOGS OF DATA SERIES

| | | | | | |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| MEAN = | 6.2090 | MIN. = | 5.3471 | MAX. = | 6.7214 |
| S.D. = | .3387 | C.S. = | -.8893 | C.K. = | 4.1681 |

NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

MEAN = 522,500
 S.D. = 158,460

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 277.850 | 113.997 | -49.856 | 68.120 |
| 1.050 | 379.963 | 258.070 | 136.177 | 22.385 |
| 1.250 | 480.866 | 389.164 | 297.462 | 11.168 |
| 2.000 | 601.305 | 522.498 | 443.691 | 7.148 |
| 5.000 | 747.538 | 655.836 | 564.134 | 6.627 |
| 10.000 | 831.959 | 725.602 | 619.244 | 6.947 |
| 20.000 | 904.094 | 783.199 | 662.304 | 7.316 |
| 50.000 | 986.980 | 848.006 | 709.032 | 7.767 |
| 100.000 | 1042.933 | 891.202 | 739.471 | 8.069 |
| 200.000 | 1094.498 | 930.730 | 766.961 | 8.339 |
| 500.000 | 1157.346 | 978.627 | 799.909 | 8.655 |
| 1000.000 | 1201.617 | 1012.223 | 822.829 | 8.868 |
| 10000.000 | 1333.558 | 1111.832 | 890.106 | 9.451 |

LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

MEAN = 6.209
 S.D. = .339

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 294.730 | 207.641 | 146.286 | 16.599 |
| 1.050 | 366.623 | 282.528 | 217.722 | 12.349 |
| 1.250 | 454.875 | 373.905 | 307.348 | 9.290 |
| 2.000 | 588.437 | 497.211 | 420.127 | 7.984 |
| 5.000 | 804.365 | 661.185 | 543.491 | 9.290 |
| 10.000 | 963.441 | 767.519 | 611.439 | 10.775 |
| 20.000 | 1124.063 | 868.079 | 670.390 | 12.248 |
| 50.000 | 1341.951 | 997.061 | 740.809 | 14.079 |
| 100.000 | 1512.445 | 1093.508 | 790.613 | 15.371 |
| 200.000 | 1688.691 | 1189.919 | 838.464 | 16.591 |
| 500.000 | 1931.495 | 1318.204 | 899.646 | 18.105 |
| 1000.000 | 2123.209 | 1416.352 | 944.821 | 19.187 |
| 10000.000 | 2814.998 | 1752.433 | 1090.949 | 22.462 |

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

ALPHA = -1.957
 BETA = 6553.076
 GAMMA = 13350.003

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 358.975 | 110.312 | -138.351 | 11784.956 |
| 1.050 | 393.542 | 256.910 | 120.278 | 6475.441 |
| 1.250 | 482.143 | 389.359 | 296.574 | 4397.375 |
| 2.000 | 608.275 | 523.151 | 438.026 | 4034.355 |
| 5.000 | 747.599 | 656.022 | 564.446 | 4340.116 |
| 10.000 | 832.326 | 725.177 | 618.028 | 5078.142 |
| 20.000 | 913.039 | 782.081 | 651.122 | 6206.556 |
| 50.000 | 1016.600 | 845.902 | 675.204 | 8089.964 |
| 100.000 | 1092.889 | 888.320 | 683.752 | 9695.202 |
| 200.000 | 1167.531 | 927.053 | 686.575 | 11397.059 |
| 500.000 | 1263.899 | 973.879 | 683.860 | 13744.993 |
| 1000.000 | 1335.235 | 1006.654 | 678.072 | 15572.591 |
| 10000.000 | 1564.222 | 1103.485 | 642.749 | 21835.864 |

PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

ALPHA = -307.204
 BETA = 1.001
 GAMMA = 830.017

MEAN = 522.500
 S.D. = 307.361
 C.S. = -1.999

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 4.526 | -812.110 | -1628.746 | 38703.119 |
| 1.050 | 363.525 | -97.764 | -559.052 | 21862.035 |
| 1.250 | 582.741 | 338.324 | 93.907 | 11583.756 |
| 2.000 | 721.371 | 613.953 | 506.534 | 5090.922 |
| 5.000 | 795.293 | 760.675 | 726.058 | 1640.639 |
| 10.000 | 815.061 | 799.697 | 784.333 | 728.164 |
| 20.000 | 824.378 | 817.837 | 811.296 | 309.997 |
| 50.000 | 829.477 | 827.383 | 825.288 | 99.265 |
| 100.000 | 830.542 | 829.564 | 828.586 | 46.342 |
| 200.000 | 830.247 | 830.009 | 829.770 | 11.323 |
| 500.000 | 830.756 | 830.123 | 829.490 | 29.998 |
| 1000.000 | 832.265 | 830.873 | 829.481 | 65.982 |
| 10000.000 | 850.716 | 843.211 | 835.705 | 355.703 |

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

ALPHA = -.151
 BETA = 5.058
 GAMMA = 6.971

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 425.058 | 156.656 | 57.736 | 47.307 |
| 1.050 | 412.322 | 262.221 | 166.763 | 21.451 |
| 1.250 | 488.336 | 383.467 | 301.118 | 11.457 |
| 2.000 | 633.149 | 522.238 | 430.755 | 9.127 |
| 5.000 | 768.371 | 663.461 | 572.875 | 6.957 |
| 10.000 | 856.577 | 733.602 | 628.282 | 7.345 |
| 20.000 | 968.409 | 787.860 | 640.972 | 9.779 |
| 50.000 | 1140.992 | 843.868 | 624.118 | 14.297 |
| 100.000 | 1282.470 | 877.806 | 600.828 | 17.968 |
| 200.000 | 1430.502 | 906.291 | 574.178 | 21.631 |
| 500.000 | 1634.012 | 937.378 | 537.742 | 26.337 |
| 1000.000 | 1792.617 | 956.901 | 510.795 | 29.750 |
| 10000.000 | 2336.451 | 1003.820 | 431.276 | 40.039 |

LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

ALPHA = -.170
 BETA = 3.878
 GAMMA = 6.869

MEAN = 6.209
 S.D. = .335
 C.S. = -1.016

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 333.001 | 152.663 | 69.988 | 36.963 |
| 1.050 | 400.673 | 261.992 | 171.311 | 20.134 |
| 1.250 | 491.788 | 386.530 | 303.800 | 11.414 |
| 2.000 | 618.336 | 525.378 | 446.395 | 7.721 |
| 5.000 | 756.252 | 660.518 | 576.904 | 6.415 |
| 10.000 | 822.288 | 724.543 | 638.417 | 5.998 |
| 20.000 | 873.931 | 772.282 | 682.457 | 5.860 |
| 50.000 | 932.678 | 819.568 | 720.175 | 6.127 |
| 100.000 | 974.024 | 847.029 | 736.592 | 6.621 |
| 200.000 | 1013.759 | 869.240 | 745.324 | 7.289 |
| 500.000 | 1063.847 | 892.432 | 748.637 | 8.327 |
| 1000.000 | 1099.672 | 906.322 | 746.968 | 9.165 |
| 10000.000 | 1204.132 | 936.787 | 728.799 | 11.898 |

THREE PARAMETER LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

NO MOMENT SOLUTION FOR THREE PARAMETER LOGNORMAL

THREE PARAMETER LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

NO MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD SOLUTION FOR THREE PARAMETER LOGNORMAL

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION BY MOMENTS

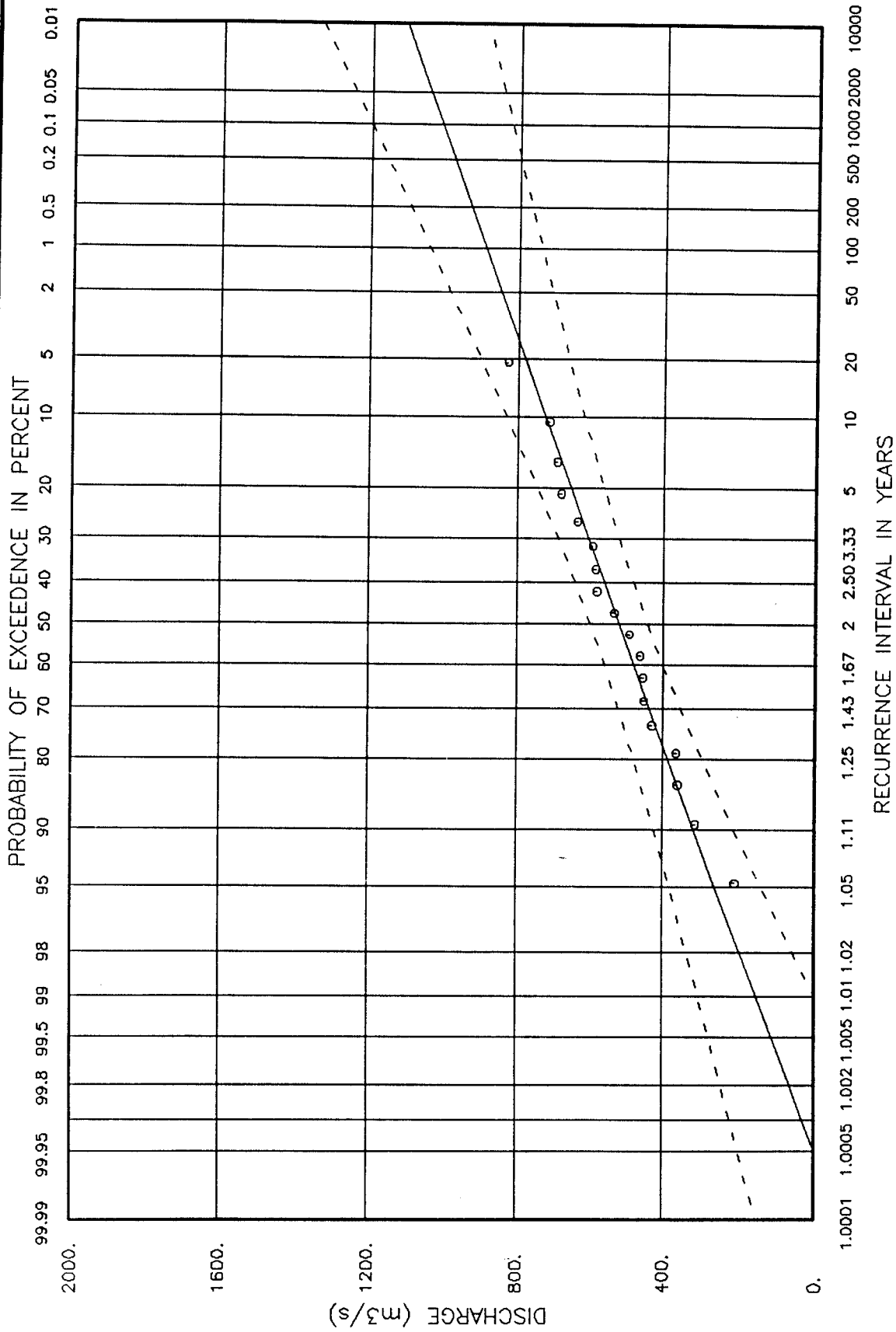
A = .008
 U = 451.193

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 366.420 | 245.062 | 123.703 | 23.470 |
| 1.050 | 407.090 | 313.633 | 220.177 | 14.122 |
| 1.250 | 463.133 | 392.395 | 321.657 | 8.544 |
| 2.000 | 568.918 | 496.478 | 424.038 | 6.915 |
| 5.000 | 758.455 | 636.519 | 514.583 | 9.079 |
| 10.000 | 893.873 | 729.238 | 564.604 | 10.700 |
| 20.000 | 1026.104 | 818.177 | 610.250 | 12.044 |
| 50.000 | 1198.811 | 933.299 | 667.787 | 13.483 |
| 100.000 | 1328.839 | 1019.567 | 710.295 | 14.376 |
| 200.000 | 1458.696 | 1105.520 | 752.344 | 15.141 |
| 500.000 | 1630.318 | 1218.919 | 807.519 | 15.996 |
| 1000.000 | 1760.180 | 1304.623 | 849.065 | 16.549 |
| 10000.000 | 2191.900 | 1589.175 | 986.451 | 17.975 |

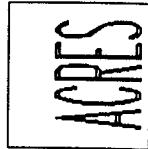
GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

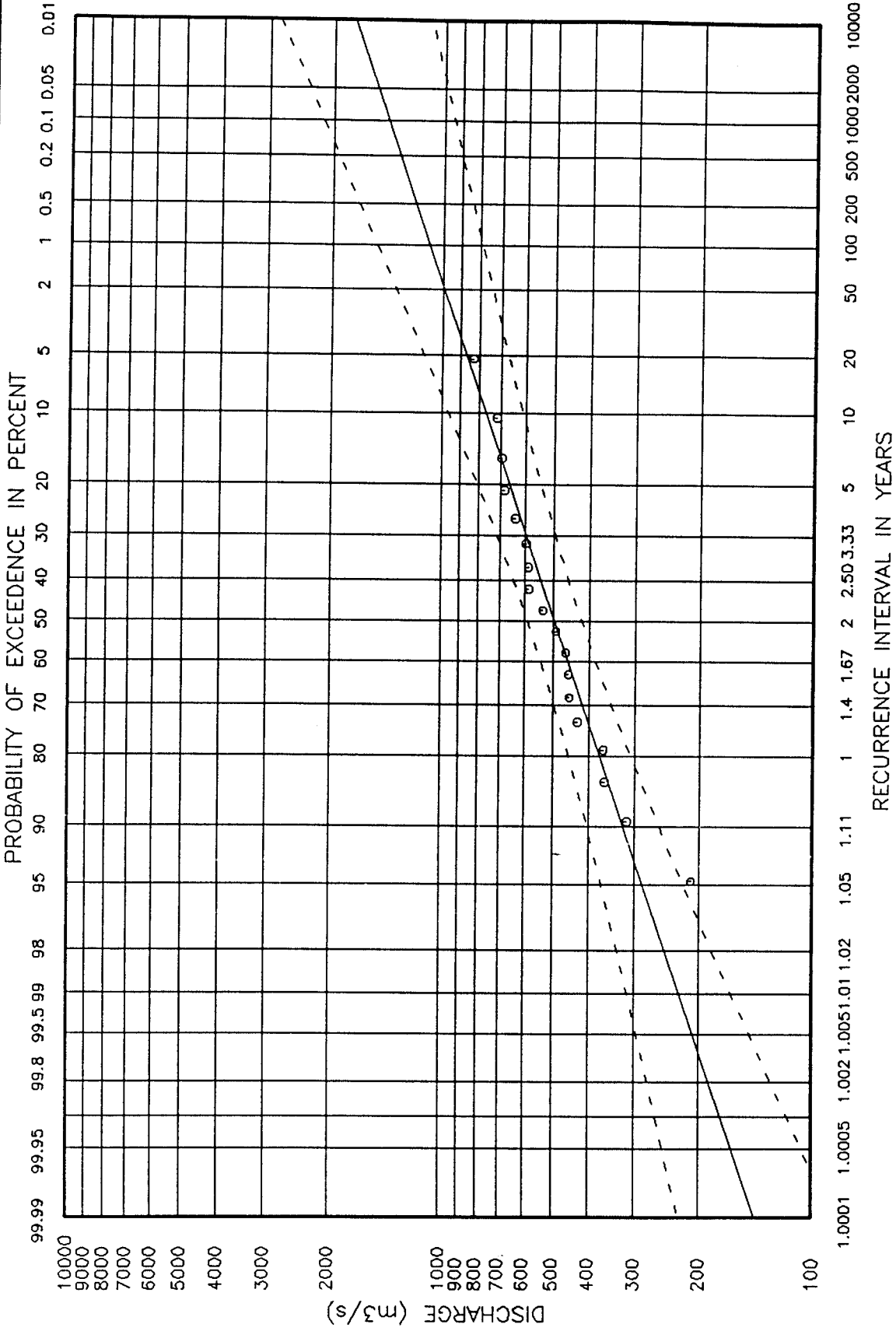
A = .007
 U = 445.410

| RETURN PERIOD | UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | FLOOD ESTIMATE | LOWER CONFIDENCE LIMIT | STANDARD ERROR PERCENT |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1.005 | 301.064 | 198.436 | 95.809 | 24.511 |
| 1.050 | 364.211 | 280.595 | 196.978 | 14.123 |
| 1.250 | 448.648 | 374.962 | 301.275 | 9.314 |
| 2.000 | 586.117 | 499.668 | 413.219 | 8.200 |
| 5.000 | 800.132 | 667.457 | 534.782 | 9.421 |
| 10.000 | 948.746 | 778.548 | 608.349 | 10.361 |
| 20.000 | 1093.331 | 885.109 | 676.887 | 11.149 |
| 50.000 | 1281.985 | 1023.041 | 764.097 | 11.996 |
| 100.000 | 1423.990 | 1126.402 | 828.813 | 12.521 |
| 200.000 | 1565.811 | 1229.386 | 892.960 | 12.969 |
| 500.000 | 1753.258 | 1365.253 | 977.248 | 13.469 |
| 1000.000 | 1895.105 | 1467.938 | 1040.771 | 13.791 |
| 10000.000 | 2366.730 | 1808.872 | 1251.015 | 14.616 |



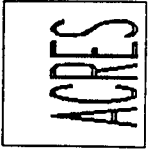
KETTLE RIVER AT CASCADE MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE
NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

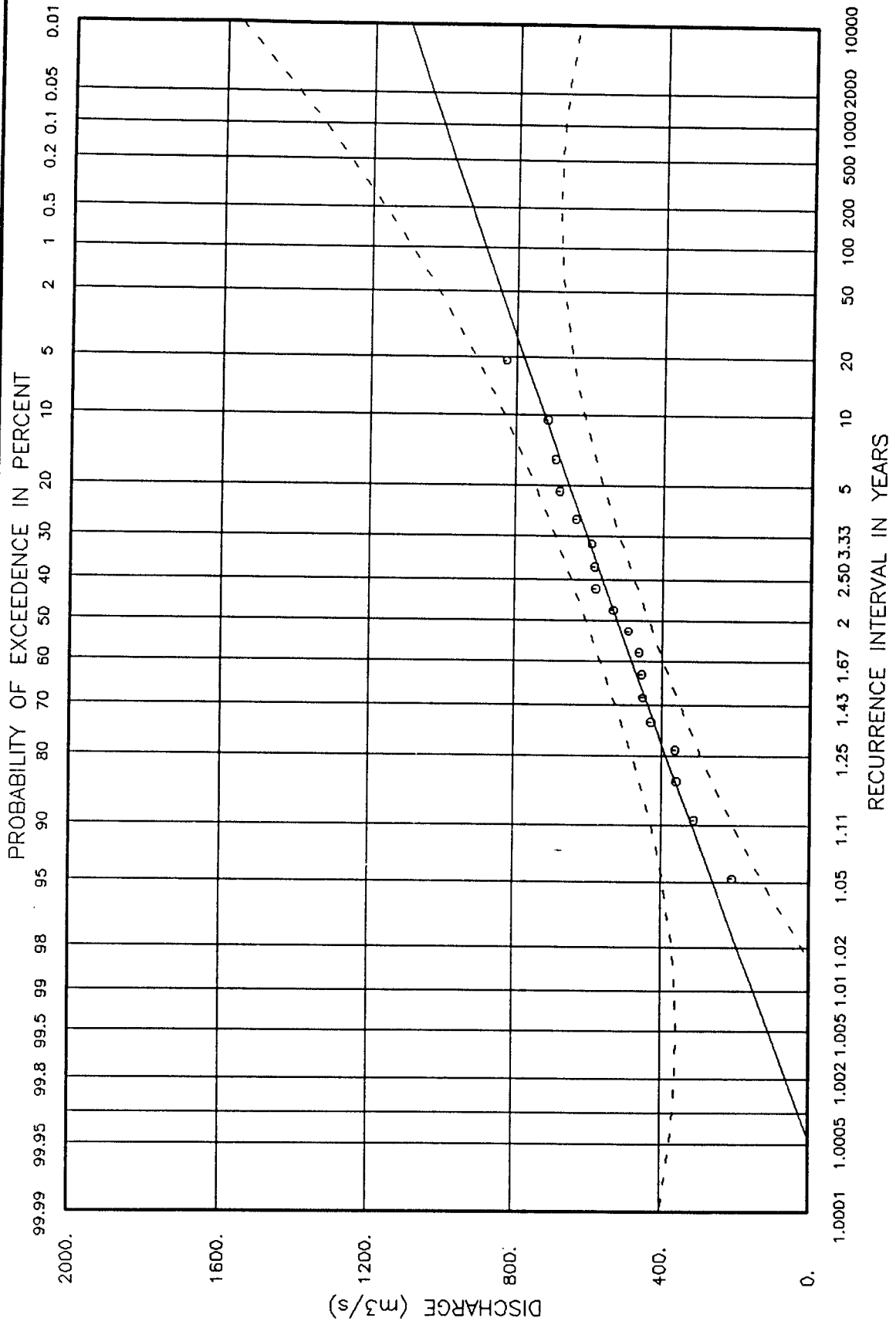




KETTLE RIVER AT CASCADE MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

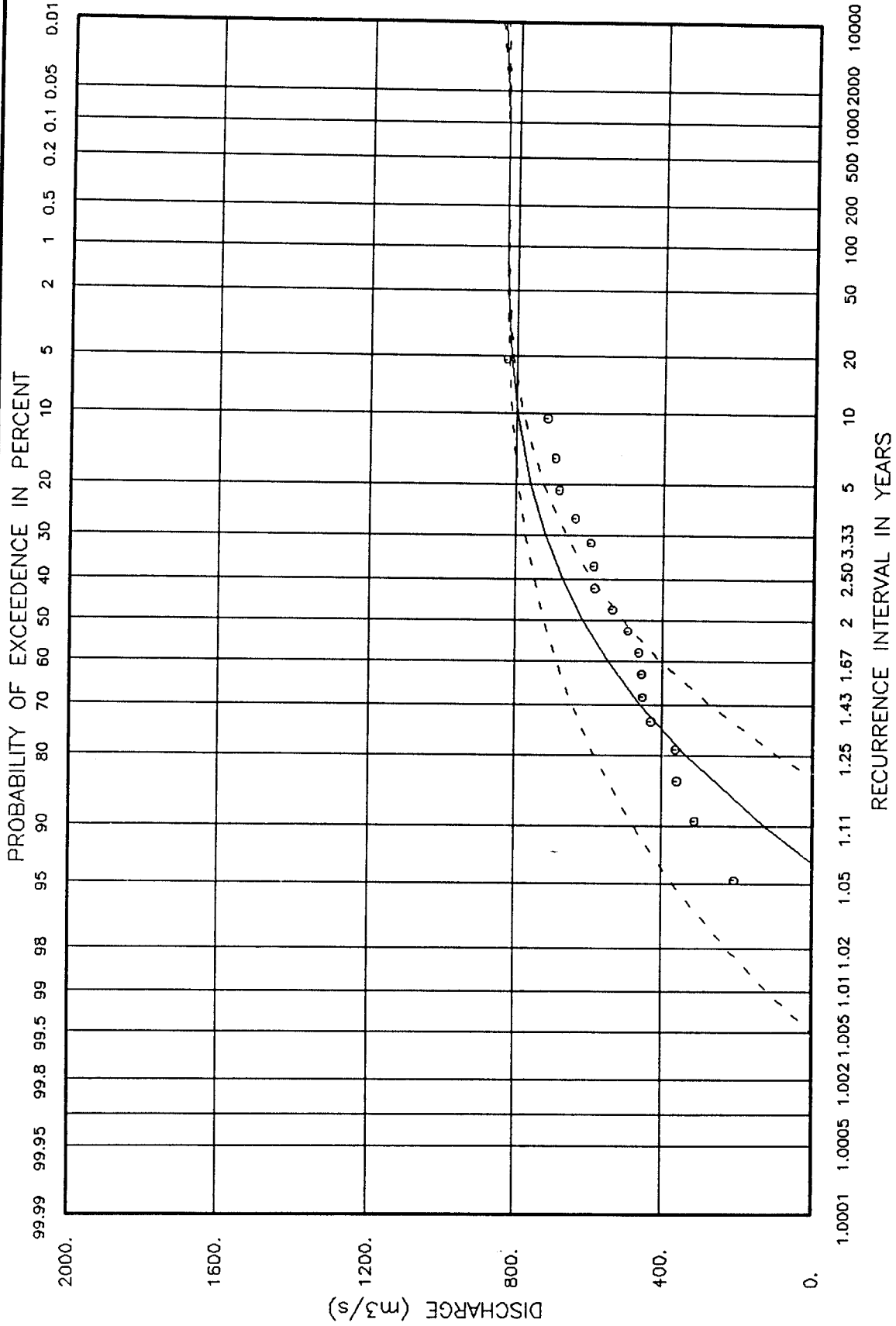
LOG NORMAL DISTRIBUTION





KETTLE RIVER AT CASCADE MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE
PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS

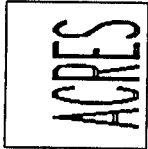




KETTLE RIVER AT CASCADE MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

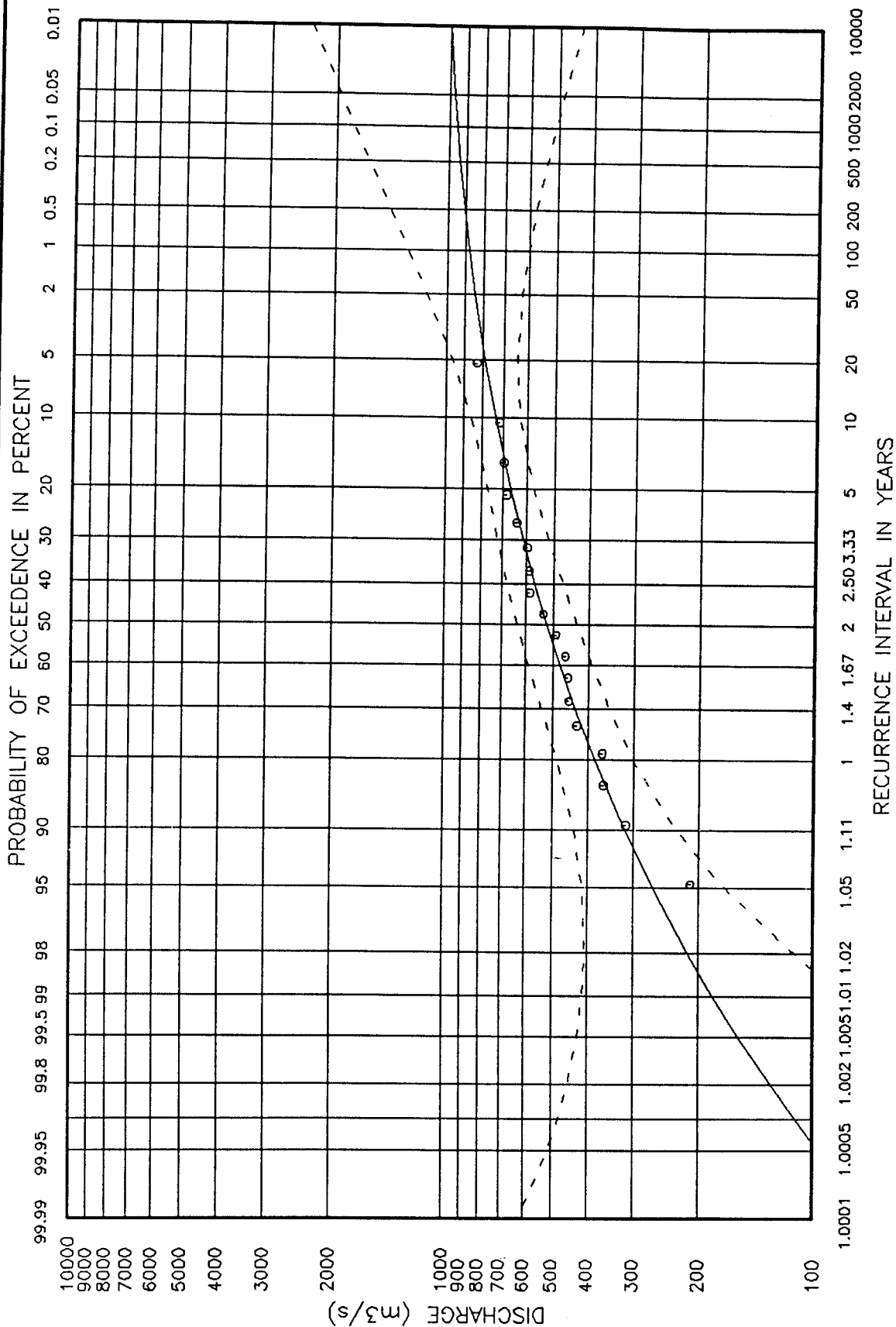
PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

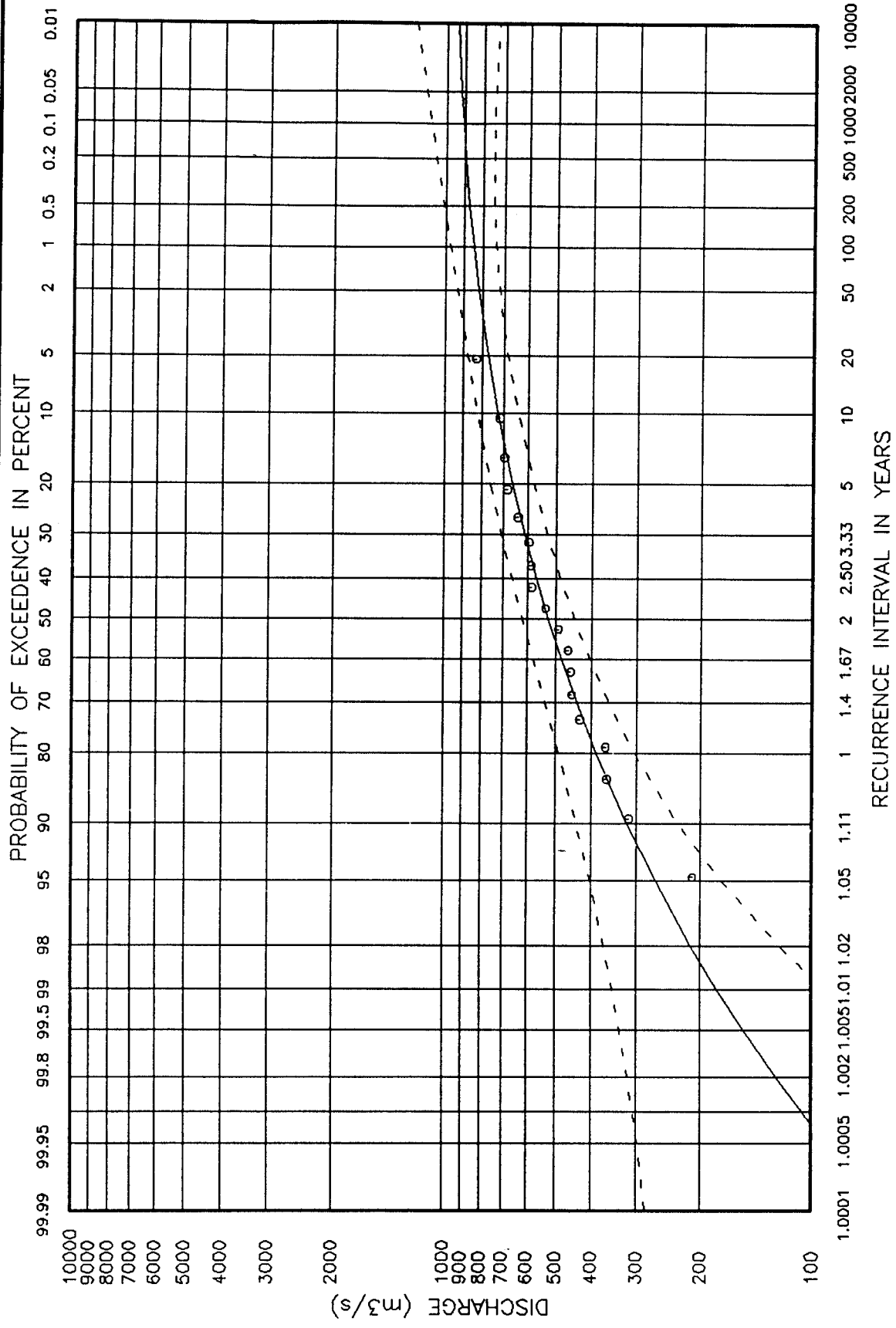




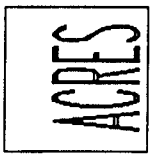
KETTLE RIVER AT CASCADE MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

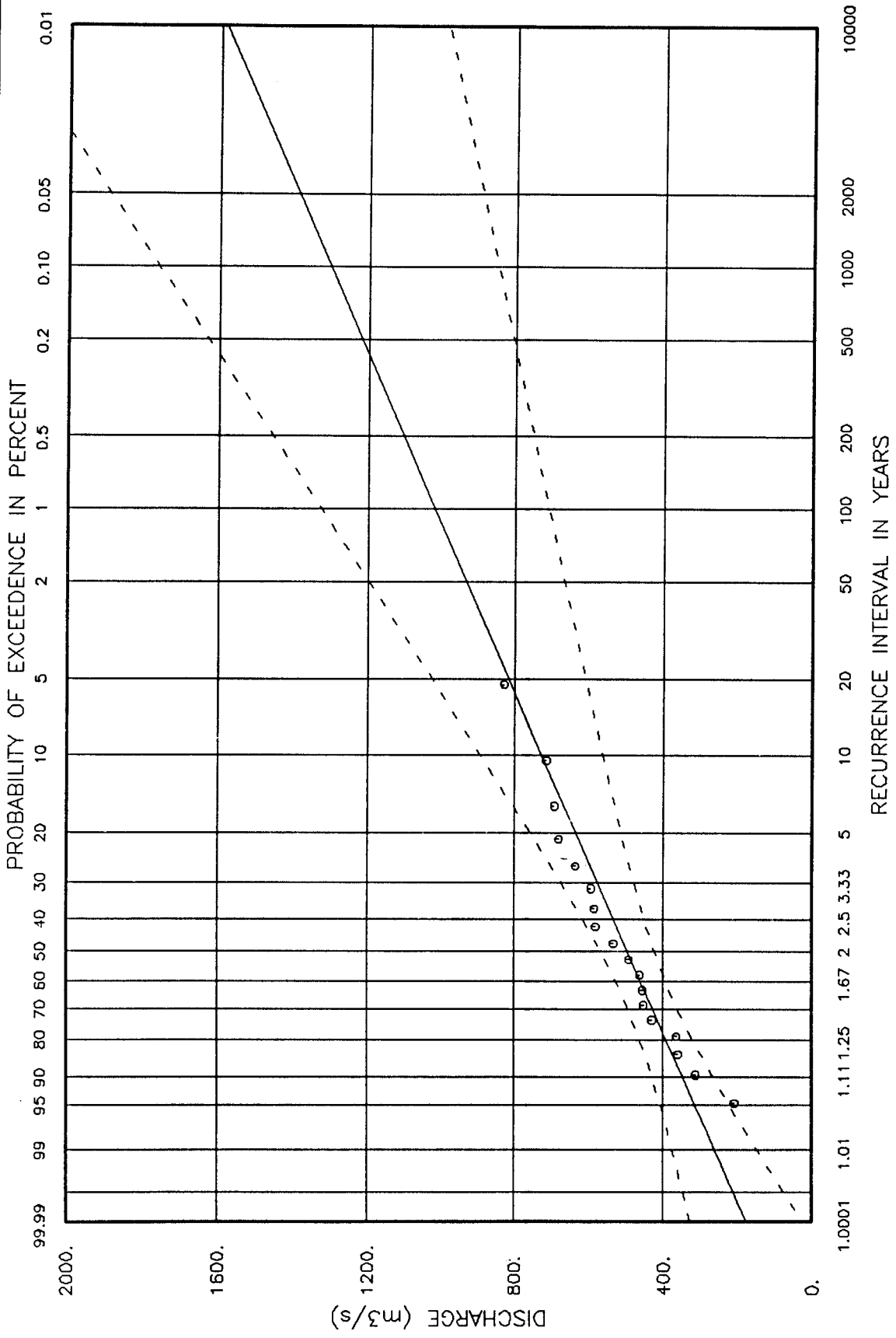
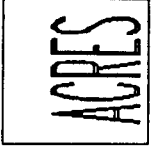
LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS





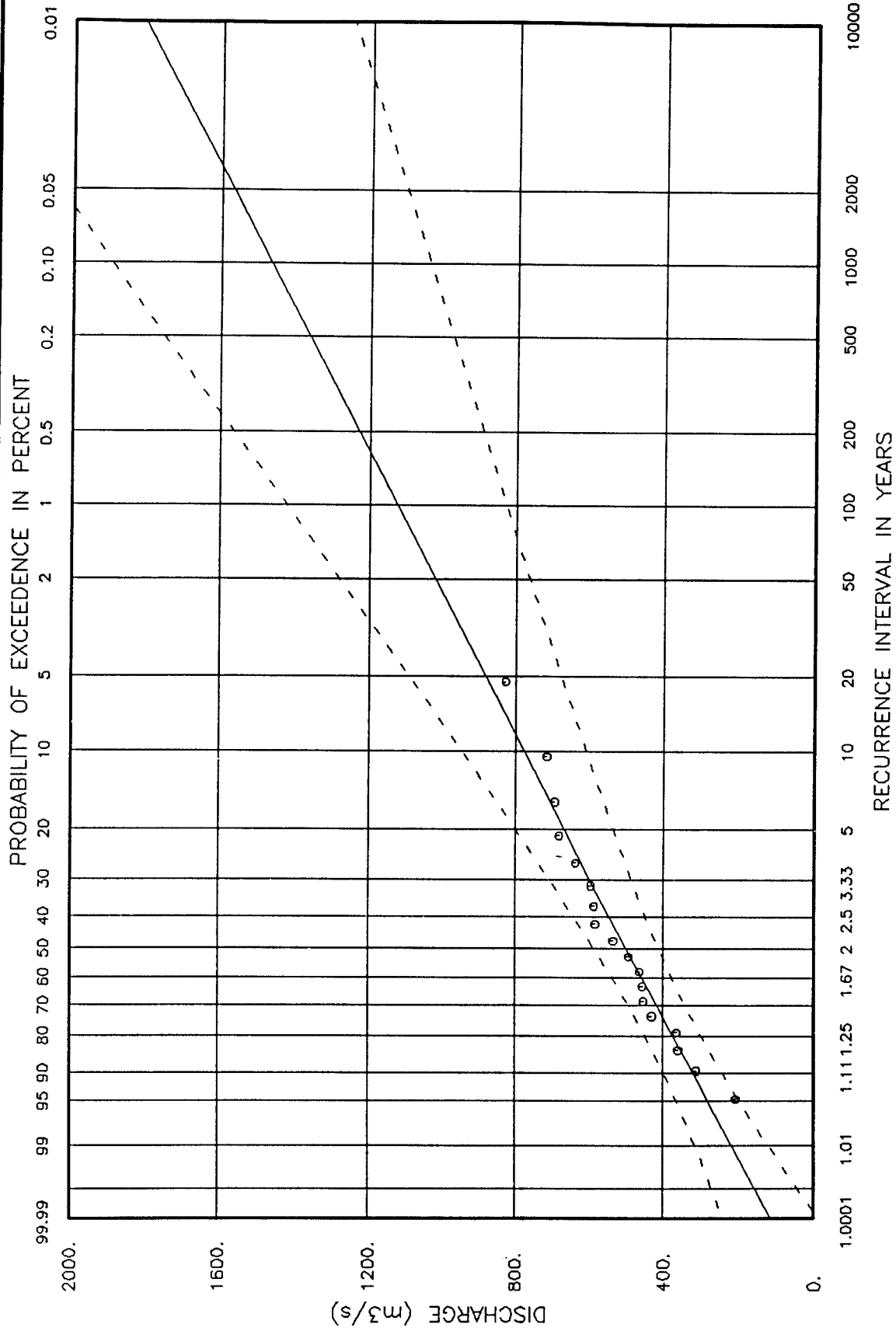
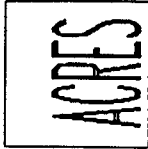
KETTLE RIVER AT CASCADE MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE
 LOG PEARSON TYPE III DISTRIBUTION
 PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD





KETTLE RIVER AT CASCADE MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION
PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MOMENTS



KETTLE RIVER AT CASCADE MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE

GUMBEL TYPE I DISTRIBUTION

PARAMETERS ESTIMATED BY MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

Appendix B
Calculated Flood Levels
(including freeboard)

| KETTLE RIVER - EAST | | |
|---------------------|-------|--------|
| SEC NO | 20-YR | 200-YR |
| | m | m |
| 1 | 444.1 | 444.5 |
| 2 | 444.3 | 444.6 |
| 3 | 444.5 | 444.9 |
| 4 | 444.7 | 445.1 |
| 5 | 445.2 | 445.6 |
| 6 | 445.5 | 445.9 |
| 7 | 445.6 | 445.9 |
| 8 | 446.0 | 446.4 |
| 9 | 446.1 | 446.5 |
| 10 | 446.1 | 446.5 |
| 11 | 446.5 | 446.9 |
| 12 | 446.7 | 447.1 |
| 13 | 446.9 | 447.3 |
| 14 | 447.1 | 447.5 |
| 15 | 447.5 | 447.9 |
| 16 | 447.9 | 448.2 |

KETTLE RIVER - WEST
 SEC NO 20-YR 200-YR

| SEC NO | 20-YR m | 200-YR m |
|--------|------------|-------------|
| 2 | 490.5 | 491.0 |
| 3 | 491.6 | 492.1 |
| 4 | 492.2 | 492.8 |
| 5 | 493.9 | 494.3 |
| 7 | 498.1 | 498.5 |
| 8 | 499.2 | 499.7 |
| 10 | 499.7 | 500.2 |
| 11 | 500.9 | 501.4 |
| 12 | 501.7 | 502.2 |
| 13 | 502.2 | 502.7 |
| 14 | 502.5 | 503.1 |
| 15 | 503.2 | 503.8 |
| 16 | 503.9 | 504.4 |
| 17 | 504.5 | 504.9 |
| 19 | 505.1 | 505.5 |
| 20 | 505.6 | 506.0 |
| 21 | 506.1 | 506.4 |
| 22 | 506.7 | 507.1 |
| 23 | 507.1 | 507.3 |
| 24 | 507.5 | 507.8 |
| 25 | 507.9 | 508.2 |
| 26 | 508.8 | 508.9 |
| 27 | 509.9 | 509.3 |
| 28 | 509.9 | 509.9 |
| 30 | 510.5 | 510.4 |
| 31 | 510.8 | 510.9 |
| 32 | 511.1 | 511.2 |
| 33 | 511.6 | 511.9 |
| 34 | 511.9 | 512.2 |
| 35 | 512.2 | 512.3 |
| 36 | 512.7 | 512.6 |
| 37 | 513.2 | 513.1 |
| 38 | 513.2 | 513.5 |
| 39 | 513.3 | 513.7 |
| 40 | 513.3 | 513.7 |
| 41 | 513.7 | 514.2 |
| 42 | 513.8 | 514.3 |
| 43 | 513.8 | 514.3 |
| 44 | 514.0 | 514.5 |
| 45 | 514.7 | 515.1 |
| 46 | 514.9 | 515.3 |
| 47 | 515.0 | 515.4 |
| 48 | 515.3 | 515.7 |
| 49 | 515.7 | 516.1 |
| 50 | 516.2 | 516.5 |
| 51 | 517.2 | 517.5 |
| 52 | 517.8 | 518.1 |
| 53 | 518.8 | 518.4 |
| 54 | 518.8 | 519.1 |
| 55 | 519.7 | 519.4 |
| 56 | 520.3 | 520.0 |
| 57 | 521.7 | 522.0 |
| 58 | 521.7 | 522.1 |
| 59 | 521.7 | 522.1 |
| 60 | 522.7 | 523.1 |
| 61 | 523.8 | 524.1 |
| 62 | 524.5 | 524.8 |
| 63 | 524.9 | 525.2 |
| 64 | 525.4 | 525.7 |
| 65 | 526.1 | 526.5 |
| 66 | 527.0 | 527.4 |

| GRANBY RIVER | | |
|--------------|--------|--------|
| SEC NO | 20-YR | 200-YR |
| 1 | 513.7 | 514.2 |
| 2 | 513.8 | 514.3 |
| 3 | 513.88 | 514.33 |
| 4 | 513.99 | 514.33 |
| 5 | 514.0 | 514.5 |
| 6 | 514.1 | 514.6 |
| 7 | 514.3 | 514.7 |
| 8 | 514.6 | 515.0 |
| 9 | 514.9 | 515.2 |
| 10 | 515.3 | 515.6 |
| 11 | 515.7 | 516.0 |
| 12 | 516.4 | 516.9 |
| 13 | 517.0 | 517.6 |
| 14 | 517.8 | 518.4 |
| 15 | 518.7 | 519.0 |
| 16 | 519.6 | 519.7 |
| 17 | 520.4 | 520.5 |
| 18 | 521.4 | 521.0 |
| 19 | 522.6 | 522.6 |
| 20 | 523.7 | 523.7 |
| 21 | 524.4 | 524.4 |
| 22 | 525.4 | 525.4 |
| 23 | 526.7 | 526.7 |
| 24 | 528.4 | 528.4 |
| 25 | 530.7 | 530.7 |
| 26 | 533.9 | 533.9 |
| 27 | 537.5 | 537.5 |