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Alpine (AP):

Alpine ecosystems are high-elevation alpine (AP) and, shrub ecosystems are snow cover for large parts of the year.

Alpine Ecosystems provide the following:

- Erosion control
- Fresh water
- Climate regulation
- Nutrient cycling and maintenance of soils

Seasonally Flooded Agricultural Fields (FS):

Seasonally Flooded Agricultural Fields are wetland and other built systems, small in size.

Seasonally Flooded Agricultural Fields provide the following:

- Flood control
- Drought recovery
- Storm protection
- Damage and natural mitigation
- Fresh water

Mature Forest (MF):

Mature Forest ecosystems are dominated by mature forest forests, and mature forest ecosystems can and can also be important in...

Mature Forest Ecosystems provide the following:

- Climate regulation
- Carbon storage
- Air quality
- Erosion control
- Sediment retention
- Nutrient cycling and maintenance of soils

Non-sensitive Landscapes (NS): (Areas not...

Non-sensitive Landscapes are modified or disturbances that are dominant across broad areas with an age range between 0 and 100 years, and are not disturbed areas.

<p>services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pollination • Food production • Soil formation <p>soils:</p>	<p>and Portland ecosystems including herbaceous ecosystems dominated by forbs and grasses, shrubland ecosystems dominated by shrubs, and woodland ecosystems dominated by dwarf shrubs such as heather (NP-sh). All these ecosystems are found in the Mediterranean region, and are considered to be of high conservation value due to their sensitivity to disturbance, as the shallow soils and cold temperatures limit their ability to recover from disturbance.</p> <p>Some species are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • American Badger • Peregrine Falcon • Wolverine
	<h2>Other Important Ecosystems</h2> <p>These ecosystems are cultivated fields that flood annually, providing important migration and nesting habitat for waterfowl and other birds, and are also important for the production of wild rice. Wetlands or Riparian ecosystems if natural flood regimes and vegetation are maintained.</p> <p>Wetlands provide the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carbon storage • Maintenance of productive soils • Pollination • Food production <p>Some species are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Great Basin Goshawk • Long-billed Curlew • Peregrine Falcon • American Badger • Great Basin Goshawk • Western Tattler
	<p>temperate forest, including broadleaf (NP-bf) and coniferous (NP-cf) forests, and dry and cool broadleaf forests. Mature Forests are an important buffer to forested areas and are vital for Old Forests. Mature forest ecosystems have many important soil services.</p> <p>Old Forests provide the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flood control • Pest regulation • Pollination • Food production <p>Some species are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lyall's Marmot • Wolverine • Williamson's Sparrow • Olive-sided Flycatcher • Snow Plover • Western Tattler

occupied as sensitive or other important ecosystem (ecosystem management plan).

not occupied by sensitive ecosystems, and include urban areas, disturbed rural areas, disturbed rural areas can be interspersed with range, limited and degraded natural areas. Non-sensitive landscapes are shown in white in this figure.

has a modified natural landscape with the sensitive ecosystem, in range, and degraded natural areas.

grainland vegetation (AP/No), **parkland forests** where trees occur in distinct grove elevations in the South Okanagan (TF1, 15) where there are significant low vegetation recovery.

ated with Alpine Ecosystems are:

- Arctic heather**
Tundra with a few dwarf shrubs
Ponds by Parks Canada W.I.
- Wetlands**
Gold gulch bogs
Marine/Spoiled Coast
Ponds by Parks Canada W.I.
- Wetlands**
Gold gulch bogs
Marine/Spoiled Coast
Ponds by Parks Canada W.I.

ms

bering habitat for birds. They provide important habitat for amphibians, and floodplains that have been isolated by channelization of creeks and rivers, established.

ated with Seasonally Flooded Agricultural Fields are:

- Great Salt Bay/Spoiled**
Sea (near Victoria, British Columbia)
Ponds by Parks Canada W.I.

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mixed (MP-m) deciduous and coniferous forests; however if deciduous trees are present, they provide some of the same values associated with deciduous attributes, including some remaining large, old trees.

ated with Mature Forest Ecosystems are:

- Western Spruce Owl**
Parks Canada W.I.
- Thorned Owl**
Parks Canada W.I.

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are depicted in white)

deciduous, and young forests. Urban areas have human-influenced features and ecosystems, or cultivated crops. Young forests are conifer-dominated and have a sensitive ecosystem. In addition, many semi-deciduous forests are the sensitive ecosystems as they tend to map individually. These modified

A vertical strip of six images showing various animals: a sloth, a raccoon, a frog, a bear, a owl, and a bird.

Non-sensitive Landscapes (NS): (Areas not mapped as sensitive or other important ecosystems are depicted in white)